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THE CAROLINAS.

MORE RUMORS ABOUT SHERMAN.

The Whereabouts of His Army Still Involved in Mystery.

His Advance said to have Entered North Carolina Two Weeks Ago.

Further Details of the Capture of Georgetown, S. C.

ADMIRAL DAHLGREN'S OFFICIAL REPORT

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. SCHOFIELD.

His Advance from Wilmington Harassed by Guerrillas.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, March 7.

The *Bulletin* has the following special dispatch:

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 7.

A letter just received here from Wilmington, N. C., announces the reception of reliable advices there that Gen. SHERMAN'S advance entered North Carolina over two weeks ago. He, himself, was at Camden S. C., on the 28th of February.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Further Particulars of the Capture of Georgetown—Official Report of Admiral Dahlgren—A Rumor about Sherman.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 7.

The Navy Department has received an official report from Admiral DAHLGREN of our possession of Georgetown, S. C. The report is dated Georgetown, S. C., Feb. 28, flag-steamer *Harvest Moon*, in which he says:

"Under date of the 26th, I apprised the department that the naval forces under my command had taken possession of Georgetown. As soon as the occupation of Charleston left my thoughts and means at liberty, I gave my attention to this point as likely to be the preferable communication for Gen. SHERMAN, in case such became desirable before entering North Carolina.

Accordingly I soon began to collect a suitable force from this station.

The *McDonough*, *Geranium* and two launches were ordered into the Santee River, being the only vessels of the class of vessels which can pass the bar of the river.

On the 22d the *Pawnee* was ordered to Georgetown, and all the marines we could collect were embodied in a battalion, the object being to pass up the Santee with this body of men, taking the road to Georgetown that traverses the rear of the rebel works, and assault it while the vessels attacked the front. The infantry was to be under the command of Commander STANLY, assisted by Lieut.-Commander WILLIAMS.

On the 23d of February the *Pawnee* crossed the bar and joined the *Mingoe* and *Nipsic* within, upon which the rebels abandoned the battery. The *Waite* and *Mingoe* steamed up the bay and took possession.

The marines were landed, and the municipal authorities tendered their submission to the Government of the Union.

The battery mounted fifteen guns."

Admiral DAHLGREN calls the special attention of the department to Lieut. STODDARD, of the marines, who acquitted himself with credit, and now has command of the largest force of marines that has been collected together for some time. He did great service in the field with the marines of the fleet brigade at Bird's Neck, Tullifinney.

Commander STELLWAGEN, of the sloop *Pawnee*, in his report says he has sent a detachment of marines, under Lieut. BREESE, of the U. S. Marine Corps, to occupy the fort. He also says: "I have directed Commander CREIGHTON to proceed carefully up Black River, and have dispatched the tug *Catalpa*, with Lieut.-Commander HENRY and Ensign GLASS, prepared to open communication by the army code of signals with Gen. SHERMAN, who is said to be some twelve miles off."

Admiral DAHLGREN has issued an order for the maintenance of the authority of the United States in Georgetown. He first says: "Conformably to the laws of the United States, slavery no longer exists within the limits of the Union. Persons residing there, who thus become freemen, will, in future, enjoy the fruits of their own labor."

The department has received information of the capture of blockade-runners *Deerprize*, *Monadnock*, and others, in Charleston harbor, on Feb. 18.

FROM WILMINGTON.

The Reported Junction of Sherman's and Schofield's Forces not yet Confirmed—Schofield's Movements—Annoyance from Guerrillas.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., Saturday, March 4.

The steamer *Cumberland* arrived here this morning, from Wilmington, N. C., which place she left on the 23d ult., with about four hundred of our released prisoners, taken by our forces at the capture of Wilmington.

It appears by the advices brought by the *Cumberland* that there is no truth in the reported arrival of a portion of Gen. SHERMAN'S forces at Wilmington, or even that a junction has been effected with Gen. SCHOFIELD'S army.

Gen. SCHOFIELD, with a part of his army, had advanced about ten miles out from Wilmington, and met with frequent resistance from prowling bands of guerrillas and small detachments of the enemy, who appeared to be ever on the alert to pick up stragglers belonging to his command. The rebels were also actively endeavoring to cut off the supplies which left Wilmington under a strong guard, for the use of his troops.

Nothing of the movements of Gen. SHERMAN was known in Wilmington, though it was anticipated that Gen. TERRY would soon resume active movements in aid of the campaign in North Carolina.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, March 7.

A fire in Grass Valley yesterday destroyed $25,000 worth of property.

There is considerable prospecting for petroleum going on in several portions of the State, with results not yet ascertained.

A large trade is growing up on the Colorado River, where five steamers and a number of barges are running, from the mouth of the stream to Fort Yuma, Lapuse and Fort Mohave. Salt Lake trade by that route is augmenting.

Work on the California end of the Pacific Railroad is progressing favorably, and will be pushed more vigorously since the favorable action of Congress.

Owing to the long drought the stock of wheat in California is very light. There is scarcely enough for seed purposes. Flour is $14 a barrel.

More than the average amount of grain has already fallen this season. The prospect of large crops this year are good.

THE INAUGURATION BALL.

Magnificent Finale of the Season—Full and Graphic Description of the Ceremonies and Festivities—Splendid and Magnificent Toilettes of the Ladies—Terrific Crush at the Supper Table.

Special Correspondence of the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 7.

The Washington "season" is past, and there certainly could not have been a more magnificent nor graceful *finale*; not alone to the Winter's gaities, but to the ceremonies which have made ABRAHAM LINCOLN our President again for the next four years, than the time-honored National Inauguration Ball which came off last night; and it is entirely appropriate that not alone with firing of cannon and waving of banners, in which men alone participate, but with music and dancing should we meet and celebrate this signal occasion, when the gentlemen are expected to be as gallant, and the ladies as lovely as possible.

The marble halls of the Patent-office were selected as the most commodious and best adaped in the city. The hall appropriated to dancing is two hundred and eighty feet long, by about sixty feet in width; and the floor is laid in large blocks of blue and white marble. Its decorations were really beautiful—emblems, banners and devices being tastefully disposed on the walls, while the elaborately frescoed ceiling imparted an air of decided grandeur. Among the decorations the American flag was most prominent, while the various flags of the different army corps formed an appropriate accompaniment. A gallery at the east end was occupied by a fine brass band, which gave music for the promenade, while in the centre, on the south side, a splendid string band furnished music for the dance.

Beside this spacious hall, a wing, three hundred feet in length, was appropriated for the promenade, and a corresponding one on the opposite side for the supper-room. The music was excellent, and had the several halls and the entire building been thoroughly lighted, which they were not, the effect would have been much finer. But gas is certainly not good in Washington, though said to be very abundant. On a *dais*, at the northern side, were sofas and chairs in blue and gold for the President and family.

All the arrangements seemed to be under the management of capability and distinction. The tickets for the ladies were very elaborate and prettily designed, six by ten inches in size, and ornamented with portraits of the President and Vice-President, beside two very good likenesses of the American eagle.

As early as 9 o'clock the carriages began to arrive, and soon the ball-room was thronged. The excellent bands of music soon set the lovers of Terpsichore into the graceful mazes of the dance. At about 10:30 o'clock an *avant courier* cleared the way from the main entrance, when His Excellency, accompanied by Speaker COLFAX, entered the hall. Following was Mrs. LINCOLN upon the arm of Senator SUMNER. They walked down the centre of the long hall, and turning at the upper end returned midway to the dais, when they became seated. Mr. LINCOLN was evidently trying to throw off care for the time; but with rather ill success, and looked very old; yet he seemed pleased and gratified, as he was greeted by the people. He wore a plain black suit and white gloves.

Mrs. LINCOLN looked extremely well, and was attired in the most elegant manner; her dress was made of white satin, very ample and rich, but almost entirely covered by a tunic or rather skirt of the finest *point applique*. Her corsage, which was low, and the short sleeves, were ornamented richly by a berthe made of the same material, and the shawl, also of the same rich lace, was most exquisite. *Passementerie* of narrow fluted satin ribbon and *neuds* completed the dress. Her jewels were of the rarest pearls, necklace, ear-rings, brooch and bracelets. Her hair, which was put plainly back from her face, was ornamented with trailing jessamine and clustering violets most gracefully. She looked exceedingly well with her soft, white complexion, and her toilet was faultless. Her manners are very easy and affable.

Mr. ROBERT LINCOLN, a fine-looking young man, wearing the uniform of a Captain in the regular army, was also present.

About 11 o'clock Secretaries SEWARD, WELLES, Attorney-General SPEED and a large number of diplomats, accompanied by their wives and daughters, made their appearance. Mrs. Secretary WELLES, a lady of rather petite figure, was dressed in a mode-colored silk, with black lace shawl. Mrs. Secretary USHER, of about the same stature, wore a rich dress of garnet satin, very plainly but richly made. Mrs. Postmaster-General DENNISON, who is a very fine-looking lady, wore a most becoming dress of heavy black velvet, brilliant jewels and hair plainly dressed. Her daughter was in white muslin, embroidered with black. Mrs. FRED. SEWARD, wife of the Assistant Secretary of State, was attired in a pretty rose-colored silk, handsomely trimmed. Mrs. Senator HARRIS, who has the appearance of a a well-preserved English lady, wore a most elegant dress of corn-colored silk, trimmed with *point applique*. Mrs. Senator MCDOUGALL was also richly attired. The wife of our artist CARPENTER was dressed in light silk, with a fuchu of tulle. One of the most elaborate and rich dresses in the room was worn by Mrs. GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN; it was a very finely plaided blue silk, trimmed with a flounce of thread lace, almost as deep as her skirt, and other laces to match. Her hair was powdered with gold. Mr. TRAIN was also present.

The multitude of recherché dresses worn by ladies of distinction, it would be impossible to enumerate. There was a preponderance of sensible, high-necked dresses; but a few, and some not American, wore corsages shockingly *decolettee*. Many ladies who wore velvets, moires and heavier silks, dispensed with hoops altogether, thereby displaying their good taste as well as their regard for the appreciation of some approximation to the female form which still inheres or lingers in the mind of man; one, a matron and evidently a Spanish lady, wore a dress of cloth of gold, with raised crimson velvet flowers, such an one as is seldom seen in this country, or afforded in any other. In her hair she wore a cluster of five or six enormous diamond rings, strung on a bandeau of velvet. Her laces were also of the finest quality. In her hand she carried a large fan of the gayest and most brilliant workmanship, which seemed to give a breeze of a more ardent clime than ours. A moire antique dress, high-necked and ample-skirted, of the most delicate shade of green imaginable, and worn by a young lady, was indeed exquisite; and also a very light lavender moire antique, trimmed heavily upon the skirt and waist with long silver fringe, was superb. Silks predominated over the more airy textures. Diamonds and other precious jewels were worn in great abundance, and rich laces were plentiful. Some ladies displayed the bad taste of wearing their rings over their gloves. Every lady makes the most of her—" or somebody's else"—hair, which is frizzed and puffed and curled in the most extensive manner, and is powdered frequently with diamond and gold dust. One dress of mauve velvet, trimmed with deep point lace, we must not omit to mention. It was royal.

Doubtless the shoddy and petrolia family were represented, to a limited degree; but "oil" will tell very soon, as it spreads so rapidly, and cloth not unfrequently makes the man. Tehre were not, however, any colored persons present, as the Washington Secessionists insisted would be the case.

THE SUPPER.

It had been rumored—and the foundation) for the report was only rumor—that the supper was to be something extraordinary. We were surprised at this, because we knew good taste and modern custom, in small places like New-York, have, of late years, literally eschewed the practice of immense suppers at public balls; and this reform had been necessitated by the fact that such attempts had generally ended in catastrophes to the toilets and tempers of all participants. It was, therefore, with misgivings that we saw it announced that a grand supper would be served in one of the corridors of the extensive building. The American people, in general, we are ashamed to say, have not yet learned how to behave at table; and that species of etiquette, not too prevalent in private, is certainly always absent at public suppers. So it was not strange that we should have had warning visions of a grand rush, then a crush, and a demolition in the twinkling of an eye of all the confectioner's handiwork, the frantic snatching of viands from the tables, the brandishing aloft of wine cup, and plate, and cutlery, laden with articles alike dangerous to toilet and stomach; of munching and crunching *sans ceremonie*; of defilement and ruin to precious apparel, the result perhaps of weeks of the dressmaker's effort; of the loss of temper, and loud cries of complaint. And indeed we harbored a fear as a consequence that a graceful assemblage of dignified ladies and gentlemen might be transformed, as if by the wand of some evil spirit, into a social rafle, where he who was rudest should be most successful in appeasing the cravings of the appetite, and in pocketing the delicate ornamentations of the table.

The name of the *cuisinier* has escaped us, and it is not worth while to hunt it up now. Suffice it to say it was *not Delmonico*, therefore we did not expect perfection. The hall set apart for supper was the grand corridor in the west wing. The table was set in the centre, and it gave standing-room for about three hundred persons at one time. The cabinets of the works of genius and invention, placed at intervals, served to form alcoves on each side of the supper-table. On one side, some of these were provided with seats; on the other, they were reserved for depositing the extraordinary quantity of material necessary for such a host, and for the operations of the waiters.

The ornamentation of the table, though limited in extent, was in excellent taste, and perhaps quite as profuse as the unfortunately small space devoted to the supper would permit. There were three leading and conspicuous pieces from the confectioner's hands, placed at appropriate points in the centre and at each end of the table; in the centre, our imposing Capitol, perfect in miniature; at one end an exquisite representation of the heroic deeds of the gallant army; at the other, a similar device of the proud achievements of the navy. The representation of the Capitol was admirably executed; no detail seemed to be too minute for imitation. Even the lamps at the entrance seemed to give forth light. The columns, pedestals, cornices, frieze entablatures, windows, statuary, and the majestic dome, and towering above all else, the Goddess of Liberty, were all there as perfect as the mould and model could make them. In addition, there were several allegorical representations of the progress of civilization, the genius, the arts, the sciences and literature of the day. The piece on the right, was in honor of the army; and the glory and fame of the defenders of our liberty were illustrated by a pyramid, around which were clustered in tasteful profusion all the insignia of war, the paraphernalia of battle, and the emblems of victory. The navy was honored in the same manner, the representation being surmounted with Admiral FARRAGUT'S old flagship *Hartford*, gallantly riding the white crested waves, while aloft might be seen the Admiral himself lashed to the rigging, emblematical of the old hero's achievements in the Bay of Mobile; then battered Fort Sumter, the sad epitome of secession; then Neptune with chariot and trident, and the Goddess of Liberty, inspiring the brave sailor to greater glory and higher fame.

There were other ornamentations, principally pyramids of which the detail is unimportant, for *nougate*, *croquant*, and chocolate are the same here as elsewhere.

The bill of fare provided a select and tasteful variety, and no better idea of it can be obtained than by inserting it right here *verbatim*.

BILL OF FARE.

Oyster stews, terrapin stews, oysters pickled; beef—roast beef, fillet de beef, beef a la mode, beef a l'anglais; veal—leg of veal, fricandeau, veal Malakoff; poultry—roast turkey, boned turkey, roast chicken; grouse—boned and roast; game—pheasant, quail, venison, patetes, patete of duck en gelee, patete de foie gras; smoked ham, tongue en gelee, tongue plain; salades, chicken, lobsters; ornamental pyramids—nougate, orange, caramel with fancy cream candy, cocoanut, macaroon, croquant, chocolate; tree cakes—cakes and tarts, almond sponge, belle alliance, dame blanche, macaroon tart, tart a la Nelson, tarte a l'Orleans, tarte a la Portuguese, tarte a la Vienne, pound cake, sponge cake, lady cake, fancy small cakes; jellies and creams—calfs foot and wine jelly, Charlotte a la Russe, Charlotte a la vanilla, blanc mange, creme Neapolitane, creme a la Nelson, creme Chateaubriand, creme a la Smyrna, creme a la Nesselrode, bombe a la vanilla, ice cream, vanilla, lemon, white coffee, chocolate, burnt almonds, maraschino, fruit ices, strawberry, orange, lemon; dessert—grapes, almonds, raisins, &c., coffee and chocolate.

A TERRIFIC CRUSH.

This was the programme for the feast. The only thing which did not seem promising was the fact that but three hundred could be comfortably accommodated at one time, while there were five thousand persons to be accommodated, and a large majority of them ladies.

About the hour of 12, the Presidential party were escorted by a private entrance to privileged places. Soon afterward the doors were opened, and a throng of more than a thousand, who had collected at that end of the hall, poured into the supper-room. Of course, when three persons occupy the space barely sufficient for one, a "crush" is the result; and the crush which followed can better be imagined than depicted.

But this was not the worst feature. With that indecency of conduct and want of politeness and etiquette which characterizes many American people at table, and which is the certain accompaniment of a large crowd at a public supper, many gentlemen, and even some of our own sex who delight to be esteemed ladies, seized upon the most ornamental and least nutritious part of the table decorations, demolished them, carried the pieces off in handkerchiefs or crushed them under foot. Then the more substantial viands were served likewise. Large dishes of choice meats, *pattetes*, *salades* and jellies were carried off *vi et armis* into the alcoves, or elsewhere. One gentleman presented a very ludicrous attitude with a large plate of smoked tongue, requiring both hands to hold it, no place to sit down, and no way to eat it! He looked the picture of despair.

In less than an hour the table was a wreck; a few ornaments not destroyed were removed, and the array of empty dishes and the debris of the feast were positively frightful to behold.

The doors were now wide open, and hundreds of ladies in elegant silks, satins and velvets, and gentlemen in dainty broadcloth, surged and struggled back and forth. A few obtained something to eat, others very little, and many more only succeded in ruining their toilets. As much was wasted as was eaten, and however much may have been provided more than half the guests went supperless. But it was a public supper; we were not much disappointed, and though the gentlemen who managed it may have been to blame for the want of room, the fact remains that the supper was a disaster, and detracted from the otherwise pleasant aspect of the occasion.

Up to midnight, there was little opportunity for dancing, owing to the immense number present; but after the departure of the President and party, which occurred soon after 12 o'clock, the assemblage became sensibly smaller, promenading easier, and dancing quite comfortable. Those who love to "thread the mazes of the dance" then indulged themselves to their entire satisfaction, and the ball went on almost until the dawn of day.

Conspicuous upon the floor were the military and naval officers, who seemed to prefer dancing to any other amusement. One set in the Lancers, in which were Admiral FARRAGUT and Gen. BANKS, attracted much attention. Among other military and naval officers of distinction on the floor during the evening were Major-Gens. HALLECK and HOOKER, and Brevet Major-Gens. WEBB and ROBINSON, Brig.-Gen. HARDEE, and others whose names are forgotten in the recollection of that brilliant throng. Young and graceful Lieut. CUSHING was also there, and we learned that he soon expects to unfurl his flag on foreign shores.

The leading men of politics were also there. Secretary Seward, active, agile and graceful, a marked man anywhere. Senators Morgan and Harris, of New-York; Sumner and Wilson, of Massachusetts; Lane, of Indiana; Yates, of Illinois; Chandler, of Michigan; Wilkeson, of Minnesota; McDougal, of California; Nye, of Nevada; Williams, of Oregon; and others. The House was also well represented by Speaker Colfax, and also by numerous members whose names and utterances have so often been printed in the TIMES as to render it unnecessary here.

The arrangement of the ladies' retiring-rooms and the gentlemen's cloak and hat-rooms were among the very best we have ever seen. Everything was safely and deftly checked, and there were plenty of attendants. The carriage arrangements were also good; and, take it all in all, the whole affair, save the calamity of the supper, was as successful as such a thing can ever be in Washington.

Such an assembly of American ladies, dressed so magnificently, cannot fail to be surpassingly lovely. In no foreign court could such a number of beautiful, graceful and intelligent women be gathered. Well may they shine and rejoice upon such an occasion as this; for well have they done their duty during this terrible war. They have sent their first and latest born, their lovers, husbands and fathers, giving their lives to the sacrifice of liberty and nationality, and as we stood and glanced over that happy, sparkling throng, we thought how many of those smiling lips had grown tremulous as they bade the loved one good-bye and God-speed; how many of these happy hearts had ached through the long absence; how many fair fingers had ministered at home, scraping lint, knitting stockings, or writing to the absent one; or in the hospital with the living and the dying; and it is but meet that now when the voice of peace is being heard in the land, and justice and liberty restored, that they should meet to rejoice and congratulate upon this befitting occasion. The great, warm heart of the nation has little sympathy with that neuralgic nerve which forbids the expression of exuberant feeling at this most auspicious moment. Then let the eyes which have wept be dried and sparkle, and let music fill the air, and joy be unconfined, and, more than all else, let the nation rejoice in her beautiful, virtuous, Christian women.

E. J. M.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

SENATE—EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 7.

PRESIDENT PRO TEM.

Mr. FOOT, having been informed that the Vice President would not be present this morning, moved that the Senate proceed to the appointment of a President *pro tem*.

Mr. CLARK then offered a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, that Senator FOSTER preside as such officer.

ARKANSAS SENATOR.

Mr. LANE, of Kansas, rose to present the credentials of Mr. SNOW as a Senator from Arkansas.

Mr. HOWARD objected to their reception.

The CHAIR—What action does the Senator from Kansas propose?

Mr. LANE—I ask a vote.

Mr. HOWARD said: Arkansas is in a state of insurrection—so declared by the President's Proclamation, which has not been revoked, and so far as is known, the state of war which existed in Arkansas still exists, and Arkansas, as a separate community, is unjustly and criminally engaged in a war with the United States. Her people, therefore, are enemies of the United States, and seeking to overthrow this Government, and using all their faculties to put an end to it, so as to base upon the ruins the so-called Confederate Government. While this state of things endures in Arkansas, and while she is recognized as a community hostile to the United States, and waging actual hostilities against the United States, it is not the right of the people in any form to send either Senators or Representatives to the Congress of the United States. Such persons have no right here, because their constituents are enemies of the United States, and a constituency hostile to the United States have no right to be represented. It is an insult to the loyal States of the Union to seek to have such Senators and Representatives admitted to participate in the enactment of laws, to participate with those whose constituents are not disloyal. He could see no greater absurdity than to foist upon the United States Senators from the so-called Confederate States at war with the United States. The claimants for seats as Senators may be honest and competent to discharge the high duties pertaining to the position, but this question does not now arise. The question to be decided is this: Whether a State, whose people as an organization are enemies of the United States, and seeking to overthrow the Government, have any right to ask that their representative be inducted in office. It was vain to tell him that people had this right while in insurrection against the Government; or that the President had the right to impart to a rebel community the right to be represented in either House. It would be as unreasonable as for a foreign nation, in war against the United States, to ask to be represented, as for the rebel States to make such application. The proper time and occasion to meet the question, is on the presentation of the credentials themselves. We have no business to accept them. They have no business on our tables. This question was now introduced unexpectedly to him. But he should not cease to object to the admission of Senators from States which had no right to representation.

Mr. LANE, of Kansas, replied, that the Senate had already received the credentials of Senators elected in Louisiana and Arkansas. It was to him a most singular announcement of the Senator from Michigan, that it was an insult to the Senate for loyal men in insurrectionary districts to petition in a respectful manner to this body. It sounded harsh to his ear, that loyal men in insurrectionary districts are to be denied the right of petition.

Mr. HOWARD remarked that he never intimated that petitions of loyal men are not to be received. What he did say was, it was an insult to faithful and loyal States to claim that States in rebellion against the United States should be here represented. He said nothing about petitions.

Mr. LANE said he did not misunderstand the Senator, who asserted it would be an insult to the loyal States to receive these credentials. He will not deny it, and if he does he will deny what he knows to be true. These credentials emanate from people as loyal as the Senator is. The organizations of Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee are those of loyal men, who have suffered more for the cause of the Union than the Senator from Michigan and his constituents. It is a prayer partaking of the character of petition from loyal, faithful, suffering, devoted men, and the Senator can rise in his place and undertake to deny the reception of a petition from loyal men. It is an insult to the memory of our fathers, who framed the Constitution which we claim to be the palladium of our liberty, for the protection of just such men as make these petitions. The credentials of the Senators from Louisiana and Arkansas had heretofore been received, and shall we now insult them by refusing to receive similar petitions? Shall we say we despise and hate you, because you have been placed in such a position by the acts of the rebel minority in power, and not because of any act of your own, we deny you the Constitutional right of petition? The Senator certainly does not mean that their petition should be insultingly refused and rejected.

Mr. CONNESS had no objection to referring the credentials. It appeared that the Senator from Kansas was more persistent than was compatible with propriety or regard for the oft-repeated opinion of the Senate on the question involved. He (Mr. CONNESS) would not say how his vote would have been cast on the Louisiana question had it been brought to an issue before Congress adjourned. But it was clear to the Senate and the country that there was great impropriety in pressing forward this application in the manner it had been for the admission of Senators from those States. During the late session the Senator had seated by his side, and under his patronage, a gentleman named FISHBACK, whose credentials were presented as Senator from Arkansas. Subsequently, on investigation, there were read here the proceedings of the so-called Secession Convention held in 1860, under the patronage of a man named JEFFERSON DAVIS, in which the said FISHBACK, who was willing to come forward and take our oath that he had neither aided or counseled rebellion against the United States. These proceedings show that FISHBACK was a prominent member of that secession convention, and offered some of the most offensive resolutions against the United States, and telegraphed JEFFERSON DAVIS when the convention carried Arkansas out of the Union for new orders what to do next, and helped to organize a military force against the United States. And this is the man the Senator from Kansas, who is patriotic, wants to be admitted to this body. It is a delicate matter to admit Senators. The question is to be deliberately considered and not pressed, and Senators are not to be told because they object to these credentials that they are against the right of petition. He hoped the Senator from Michigan would not continue to object to their presentation. Let them go to the table, and when Congress again meet, and when both Houses and the Executive have additional light, take up the whole subject, and act intelligently.

Mr. LANE—I deny the right of the Senator from California to lecture me. I utterly deny his right. The Senator says I have been persistent in presenting credentials from Senators from insurrectionary States. The State of Arkansas adjoins my State. I presented the credentials of Messrs. FISHBACK and BAXTER at the last session, and now I offer the credentials of Mr. SNOW, he having been elected to this Congress. But the Senator from California objects that Mr. FISHBACK is unworthy of his seat. For that I am not responsible. He was elected by the loyal men of Arkansas. I deny the truth of the averments against Mr. FISHBACK. It is true he did vote for the ordinance of secession; but it was shown here that he did so to save his life, there being no other means.

Mr. CONNESS said: Not worth it, Sir.

Mr. LANE, resuming, said it was shown that Mr. FISHBACK was radical anti-slavery man from the time he entered Arkansas until he made his appearance here. Why did not the Senator from California lecture the Senate instead of lecturing the Senator from Kansas? The Senate, by a formal vote, paid Mr. FISHBACK'S mileage from and to Arkansas. After all that was said against Mr. FISHBACK, the Senate thus endorsed the action of Arkansas. He had one word to say about the Senator's remark about his being persistent. Nine years ago he was placed in a position similar to that of Messrs. FISHBACK, BAXTER and SNOW, when he appeared here as a Senator from Kansas, which, as a free State, had organized against the slave oligarchy, backed by the Administration. He then heard from Messrs. BAYARD, HUNTER, MASON, and BUTLER, and other traitors against that organization, just such arguments as fell from the Senator from California against Mr. FISHBACK. He would say to the Senators from Massachusetts, Ohio and Michigan, (SUMNER, WADE and HOWARD,) that they could find exact copies of their speeches against Arkansas and Louisiana in the *Congressional Globe*, as they were made against the Free State organization of Topeka, which organization saved Kansas to freedom. The gentlemen from Ohio and Massachusetts repeated the speeches which were made against Kansas. Take the speech of BUTLER against LANE from that State and leave out the word "forger," for which he was denounced by the secessionists in this body. You, he said, indulge in every other word but "traitor," but use the word "forger" against your humble servant. All my sympathies are for the men who undertake to make State organizations. I have traveled the same road they are travelling, and so with the people. The Senator from California must find some other Senator than myself to lecture. I am his peer. I hurl it back into his teeth.

Mr. CONNESS suggested that the Senator keep cool.

Mr. POMEROY said it had been the custom to receive and refer credentials. He would ask the Senator from Michigan how they should know when the rebellion was suppressed unless they made inquiry upon the subject? What better way was there than to refer the credentials to a committee? They want the committee to say whether the time has come to admit Senators from States heretofore declared in insurrection. If the committee find that the rebellion has been suppressed and a regular and loyal Government organized embodying the sentiments of the people, and the system is in successful operation, the facts can then be reported back by the Judiciary Committee. He believed the present State Government of Arkansas was no more in rebellion than Michigan, for some persons living on the borders of Michigan are rebels in sentiment. From personal observation he was led to the conclusion that the State Government of Arkansas was as loyal as that of Michigan.

Mr. HOWARD conceded the probability that the present Government of Arkansas was loyal so far as concerned the members of its Legislature, the Governor and other Executive officers, and its Judiciary. His objection was to the disloyalty of the mass of its people.

Mr. POMEROY asked whether the Senator was not willing that the question should be inquired into.

Mr. HOWARD did not think that ought to be settled in the committee. According to his information, but a comparatively small part of the people of Arkansas are loyal, and if that Government was left to itself, it could not exist forty-eight hours, owing to the traitorous majority living within the borders of that State. It was the proper duty of the Executive—first, to certify that a state of war has ceased in Arkansas, and that it is sufficiently loyal to be taken out of what his proclamation declares to be insurrectionary States. Until then, he objected to the reception of credentials authorizing A, B, or C. to participate in the deliberations and vote in this body. I will not, he said, let my enemies come here, their hands red with the blood of treason, and legislate as to my State Government and constituents. The attempt to foist upon us Senators from rebel States is an insult to the loyal States. I am for meeting my enemies hilt to hilt. If they overcome me it is their good luck; if I overcome them they must look to my generosity.

Mr. FESSENDEN, at this point in the discussion, suggested a short executive session.

This was agreed to, and soon thereafter, when the doors were reopened, the Senate adjourned.

FROM THE RIO GRANDE.

The Fraternization of Gen. Mejia with the Rebel Commander at Brownsville.

ST. LOUIS, Sunday, March, 5.

The New Orleans *Bee*, of the 26th ult., publishes a private letter from Matamoras, dated Jan. 30, stating that up to that time the Mexican Confederate authorities have been simply polite and friendly. Gens. MEJIA and SLAUGHTER having crossed the river in civil dress and dined with each other but yesterday. Gen. MEJIA and Staff, in full uniform, entered Brownsville, where Gen. SLAUGHTER awaited their visit with his whole command under arms, and gave the visitors an artillery salute of twenty-one guns. After dinner the Confederate flag was raised and the Mexican generals and Staff removed their caps and saluted it—the Mexican General making a speech, in which he said the Confederacy would soon be *recognized* and concluded by inviting the Confederates to a grand banquet at Matamoras, and promising to also salute their flag with twenty-one guns.

The importance of this affair consists mainly in the fact that Gen. MEJIA is the Commander-in-Chief of the Mexican armies, and is, therefore, the next personage to the Emperor.

A PHILADELPHIA BULLETIN STORY

Rumored Plot to Assassinate President Lincoln.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, March 7.

The *Bulletin*, of this city, has the following startling special dispatch:

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 7.

A man named CLEMENTS has been turned over to the civil authorities, by the military authorities, against whom the evidence is positive that he had all his plans arranged for the assassination of President LINCOLN on inauguration day. He is now in jail here.

Great Excitement at Porto Cabello—The American Minister Charged with Smuggling—Rebellion in Caracas.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, March 7.

A Porto Cabello letter, of Feb. 20, says that great excitement has been caused there by facts which have come to light in regard to the conduct of the American Minister at Caracas, he having attempted to smuggle goods into that port.

FALCON is still at the head of the Government of Caracas.

A rebellious party, headed by an Englishman, has possession of Maracaibo, and have been importing munitions of war from France to oppose FALCON.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Saturday, March 4.

Rear-Admiral PORTER arrived here yesterday afternoon in a United States gunboat and proceeded to Washington.

The schooner *Spray*, loaded with coal and bound to Moorehead City, N. C., was wrecked a few days since on Cape Lookout shoals. The Captain and crew took to the small boat and were picked up by the United States gunboat *Rhode Island* in a nearly famished condition, having remained sixty hours in the boat without anything to eat.

A salute was fired here to-day in honor of the inauguration of President LINCOLN.

Death of W. H. Paul.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, March 7.

W. H. PAUL, Treasurer of the Walnut-street Theatre, died this morning. He was well known in the theatrical profession over the whole country. Formerly he was agent of BANVARD'S Panorama and lessee of Egyptian Hall, London.

The Seven-Thirty Loan.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, March 7.

The subscriptions received by JAY COOKE to 7-30 loan to-day, amounted to $3,165,250, including $300,000 from Cincinnati, $250,000 from New-York, and 2,213 individual subscriptions of $50 and $100 each.

Hugh McCulloch Confirmed as Secretary of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 7.

The Senate has confirmed the nomination of HUGH MCCULLOCH as Secretary of the Treasury.

Drift Ice in the Susquehannah River.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, March 7.

No trains leave for the South to-day, in consequence of the drift ice in the Susquehannah River blocking up its channel.

GOV. BROWN'S MESSAGE.

He Defends Georgia Against the Charge of Cowardice.

Scathing Expose of the Richmond Tyranny.

State and Individual Rights Trampled Down.

Mismanagement of the Confederate Finances.

Davis and His Cabinet Grasping at Absolute Power.

Gov. Brown wants a Convention to Amend the Constitution.

We have already given an abstract of the message of Gov. BROWN, of Georgia. From the complete copy, just received, we quote further. The Governor begins by complaining that Georgia was stripped of her troops by the Confederate Government, and had only a few boys and old men left to oppose SHERMAN'S veteran army. The destruction of SHERMAN'S army, he says, "would have reinspired our people with hope, depressed the spirits of our enemies, and might have prepared the way speedily for the negotiation of an honorable peace. It could have been done by the Georgia troops if permitted. It should have been done at the expense, if necessary, of the evacuation of Richmond, and the use of Gen. LEE'S whole army thrown rapidly into Georgia for that purpose. No one would regret more than I do to see that city, which has been so long and so nobly defended, surrender to the enemy; but it must be admitted, since the devastation of the country beyond, that it is now only a strong outpost of little military importance, compared with the great interior. It must also be admitted that Richmond is rendered insecure by the successes of Gen. SHERMAN in the interior, and the position he has gained in the rear of that and other strongholds, which were relied on for defence. If his unobstructed movement through Georgia must result in the loss of Richmond, how much better it would have been if we had given the evacuation of Richmond for the destruction of this army."

The Governor reviews and recommends alterations in the militia; he says SHERMAN has burned the penitentiary, and recommends that the institution be abolished, and hanging, whipping, branding, &c. be substituted for present forms of punishment. He favors the adoption of the South Carolina code, with the addition of death as a punishment for robbery, burglary and horse-stealing, and the whipping of whites who traffic illegally with slaves.

Gov. BROWN devotes a column to "arming of slaves," but his opinions on that subject are too well known to need reproduction here—he opposes the entire scheme with great vehemence.

More than half his message is devoted to the condition of the Confederacy and its prospects, and this we copy in full:

As I feel that I should act the part of an unfaithful sentinel upon the watch tower if I should flatter the country with delusive hopes, candor compels me to say that all is not well. That the people may be aroused to the necessary effort to avert calamity, it is important that they should know and appreciate their condition. I tell them, therefore, that the whole body politic is diseased, and unless active remedies are administered speedily, that dissolution and death must be the inevitable result.

Our constitution has been violated and trampled under foot; and the rights and sovereignty of the States, which had been disregarded by the Government of the United States, which formed with slavery the very foundation of the movement that brought into being the Confederate Government, have been prostrated and almost destroyed by Confederate Congressional encroachment and executive usurpation.

The resolutions of the General Assembly of this State, protesting against these usurpations and abuses, have been unheeded and laid aside, without even the courtesy of a reply.

Direct taxes of enormous burden have been levied by Congress, without the census or enumeration imperatively required by the Constitution, which operate upon the people of this and other States, but have no operation upon the people of Missouri or Kentucky, who are represented equally with Georgia in the Congress by which they are imposed.

Much of our most objectionable legislation is fastened upon us by the votes of representatives who, however patriotic and true to our cause, act without responsibility to any constituency, out of the army, who can be affected thereby, and who can neither visit with safety, nor show themselves publicly among the people whom they profess to represent, a majority of whom have given the strongest evidences of sympathy and support to the Government of the United States, and have been constantly represented in the Congress of those States.

Impressments of private property for public use, which are often necessary and proper, have been carried to an extent which is tyrannical and oppressive in the extreme. Instead of purchase as the rule and impressment the exception, the whole property of our people is placed under the control of impressment agents, who refuse to pay "just compensation," as required by the constitution, or even half the market value, and who pay in certificates which the Government refuses to receive in payment of public dues.

By a pretended conscription, not authorized by the Constitution, the Government has placed our agriculturists under heavy bonds to sell to it at the impressment prices fixed by its agents, and denies to them the privilege to sell the fruits of their labor in open market, or to exchange them for other commodities which are necessary to the support of themselves and their families.

The Government disregards that provision of the Constitution which prohibits Congress from making any appropriation of money for a longer term than two years for the support of the armies of the Confederacy, and as a means of perpetuating the war beyond the period of the existence of the present Congress, without the assent of the people at the next elections, it proposes to pledge the tithe of the more valuable annual productions of the agricultural class of our people, who are selected for the burden, for years to come for that purpose, and to continue the pledge of the incomes of this particular class after the termination of the war, for the payment of the Treasury notes issued for the support of its armies during its existence. Few of this class made more than a tithe as net profits. In the estimate of the Secretary of the Treasury, in which he sets down the incomes of this class at about 50 per cent., he fails to allow any credit for the vast expense of production. He estimates gross and not net incomes, and in this way shows the incomes of the planters to be much greater than those of the banker and money-holder, whose interest and dividends cost none of the labor and production incurred by the planter.

Citizens who belong neither to the land nor naval forces of the Government, or to the militia in actual service, are arrested by Provost guards and Government detectives, under charges of treason or other indictable offences, or disloyalty, without warrant or other process from the courts, and imprisoned at the pleasure of the Government, in open disregard of the Constitution, which declares that no such person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law; and that no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, particularly describing the persons or things to be seized.

Good and loyal citizens, who travel on railroads or steamboats, or through towns or cities, upon lawful business, are arrested if they fail to carry passes, while Federal spies procure or forge passes, and travel over our thoroughfares at their pleasure.

In many parts of the Confederacy, not in possession of the enemy, the Government has ceased to protect either life or property, and its own soldiers, who have left the front without discipline or control, often, united with others professing to be in service and wearing the dress of the soldier, are passing over the country in numerous bands, robbing our citizens and destroying their property.

While the old men and boys of this State, leaving important home-interests to suffer, have been obliged

(*Continued on Eighth Page.*)

FROM ANNAPOLIS.

Arrival of Four Government Steamers.

Several Thousand Union Prisoners Arrived and on Their Way.

Six Hundred Released Union Officers.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Monday, March 6, 1865.

The steamers *Fairbanks*, *Utopia*, *Thames* and *Cumberland* arrived here yesterday from Wilmington, N. C., loaded with released Union prisoners, recently exchanged. Others are hourly expected.

These prisoners tell the same sad tale of privation, exposure, filth and wretchedness of the Southern prisons. But they are generally in much better condition than those who have come before them, and after a thorough wash and renovation of clothing, present quite a lively and cheerful appearance. Their fresh blue uniforms and overcoats give to the camps and hospital grounds quite an animated aspect.

We publish below a list of their names, as far as received:

OFFICERS.

Lieut Thomas Myers, 107th Indiana.
Lieut Jeremiah Mooney, 107th Indiana.
Adjt Wm B Phillips, 2d Penn Heavy Artillery.
Lieut Robert K Stewart, 2d New-York Artillery.
Adjt Edward E Kendrick, Jr. 10th New-Jersey.
Lieut James A Coffin, 151st New-York.
Lieut John Dugan, 35th Ind.
Lieut Chas W Wilcox, 9th New-Hampshire.
Capt G Law, 6th West Virginia Cavalry.
Lieut J L Carter, 76th N Y.
Lieut W H Carter, 5th Pa.
Lieut Frank H Kempton, 58th Massachusetts.
Lieut L E Hayward, 58th
Capt John D Johnson, 10th N J.
Lt Geo W Grant, 88th Pa.
Capt W H Mooney, 16th N Y Cav.
Capt H J Smith, 53d Pa.
Lieut John McLaughlin, 53d Pa.
Lieut George L. Brown, 101st Pa.
Lieut Wm F Campbell, 51st Pa.
Lieut D M Niswander, 2d Pa H Art.
Lieut H Moulton, 1st U S Cav.
Adjt John A Garies, 1st Md Cav.
Capt J M Dushane, 142d Pa.
Lieut C L Irvin, 78th Ill.
Lieut C. Morse, 78th Ill.
Lieut Hardie Hovey, 78th Ill.
Lieut Robert Henderson, 1st Mass Heavy Artillery.
Lieut Cas P Stroman, 87th Penn.
Lieut Samuel Leith, 133d N Y.
Lieut Albert W Locklin, 94th N Y.
Lieut Clarance H Cutter, 95th N Y.
Capt John Burch, 42d Ind.
Lieut W F Baker, 87th Pa.
Lieut Geo Weddell, 144th Ohio.
Capt Jos May, 15th Mass.
Lieut W J Coulter, 15th Mass.
Capt John McHugh, 69th Pa.
Lieut Charles Cosslett, 116th Penn.
Capt A Heffley, 142d Pa.
Lieut A Jones, 5th U S Cav.
Capt John Crary, 1st W Va.
Lieut James H Pitt, 118th N Y.
Capt John B Brown, 17th Iowa.
Lieut A P. Day, 15th Conn.
Capt. H G Chapin, 4th Vt.
Lieut J S Mahoney, 21st Ohio.
Lieut Adam Dixon, 104th N Y.
Lieut J W Drake, 136th NY.
Capt G M Van Buren, 6th N Y Cav.
Capt Riley Johnson, 6th N Y Cav.
Lieut J S Manning, 116th Ohio.
Lieut J C Luther, 1st Rifles, Pa Res.
Capt A P Cooke, A A Gen.
Maj D Vickers, 4th N J.
Capt B E Thonssen, 9th Ohio.
Capt Geo W Beir, 107th N Y.
Capt Jno C Shroad, 77th Penn.
Lt Gustav Hallenberg, 1st O.
Lt Geo E Blaire, 17th Ohio.
Lt Frank Spencer, 17th Ohio.
Lt A G Nyman, 19th Mich.
Lt W H Conover, 22d N Y C.
Lt Jos R Silter, 2d Penn C.
Lt Peter Bischoff, 6th U S H A, colored.
Lt George W Fleeger, 11th Penn Res.
Lt Chas B Sanders, 30th U S C T.
Capt David C Young, 81st Ill.
Capt Jas B Gillespie, 120th Ill.
Lieut J D Kennedy, 8th Ohio Cavalry.
Lieut W H Brown, 93d Ohio.
Lieut A A Scudder, 6th Penn Reserve.
Lieut S C Kerr, 126th Ohio.
Lieut S B Petree, 124th Ohio.
Capt W H Davis, 4th Md.
Lieut James S Miller, 5th Indiana.
Lieut George W Binetling, 5th Indiana.
Lieut W E Hodge, 5th Ind.
Lieut A B White, 4th Penn Cavalry.
Capt Peter McIntyre, 18th Wisconsin.
Lieut W McNelterville, 12th U S Infantry.
Lieut A K Wolbach, 3d Ohio
Capt J D Clyde, 76th N Y.
Capt J P Parr, 93d Indiana.
Maj Thomas J Halsey, 11th New-Jersey.
Lieut Peter A Hagan, 7th Md.
Adjt D L Case, Jr, 102d New-York.
Lieut Geo W Knox, 109th Pennsylvania.
Capt James H West, 4th Ky Mounted Infantry.
Lieut Samuel Roach, 100th Illinois.
Capt A J Bigelow, 79th Ill.
Lieut James Cunningham, 7th Penn Reserves.
Lieut Wm Neher, 7th Pennsylvania Reserves.
Lieut D W Buckholder, 7th Penn Reserves.
Lieut John Snyder, 14th New-York.
Lieut J R Kelly, 1st Penn Cavalry.
Capt R J McNitt, 1st Penn Cavalry.
Lieut W R Laird, 16th Iowa.
Lieut D C Edwards, 2d Md.
Lieut D P Pettijohn, 2d U S S S.
Capt John R Land, 66th Ind.
Lieut Joel L Cox, 21st Ill.
Lieut C H Casdorph, 7th W Va Cav.
Lieut Myron P Pierson, 100th N Y
Capt B A Jobe, 11th Penn Res.
Capt H D Baker, 120th Ill.
Lieut S G Porter, 81st Ill.
Capt D M Porter, 120th Ill.
Lieut Charles McDonald, 2d Ill.
Lieut G W Hawkins, 7th Penn Res.
Lieut L H Riley, 7th Penn Res.
Lieut Geo C Kidder, 113th Ill.
Lieut James W Goss, 1st Mass Heavy Art.
Lieut James E Rose, 120th Ill.
Lieut Thos G Cochran, 7th Penn.
Capt E A Burpee, 19th Me.
Lieut C A Gordon, 1st Me Cav.
Lieut Geo L Hall, 32d Me.
Capt A G Mudget, 11th Me.
Lieut Bearce, 32d Me.
Lieut W H Larahn, 7th Me.
Lieut Chas P Cramer, 21st N Y Cav.
Lieut James McCormick, 21st N Y Cav.
Capt James Vaughan, 1st Me Cav.
Capt. H. R. Sargent, 32d Me.
Capt J P Fall, 32d Me.
Capt Fredk Zarracher, 18th Penn Cav.
Lieut Alfred Jones, 5th Pa.
Capt A P Willis, 8th Me.
Capt L L Clark, 63d N Y.
Lieut Jas P Smith, 49th Pa.
Capt W J Reynolds, 4th Rhode Island.
Capt Hiram L Marvin, 37th U S C T.
Lieut Sherman P Hand, 43d U S C T.
Capt L S Payne, 100th N Y.
Capt J C Whiteside, 94th New-York.
Lieut R A Moore, 6th Mich Cavalry.
Lieut J C Watson, 126th Ohio.
Lieut W H Harvey, 51st Indiana.
Lieut H H Ebenhart, 120th Ohio.
Lieut Joseph O'Kane, 7th Illinois Cavalry.
Lieut Joseph Mallison, 94th New-York.
Lieut Amos L Gates, 10th Wisconsin.
Capt W M Wilson, 122d Ohio.
Lieut A A Taylor, 122d Ohio.
Lieut James W Bella, 2d Pa H Art.
Lieut Freeman C Gay, 11th Pa.
Adjt Joseph Keims, 6th U S Cav.
Lieut Andrew M Nuce, 73d Pa.
Lieut Chas F Weston, 23d Wis.
Lieut John Mitchell, 79th Ill.
Lieut M W Stribling, 61st Ohio.
Lieut George M Parker, 48th Ill.
Lieut Francis Murphy, 97th N Y.
Lieut J A Duren, 5th N H.
Lieut W N Culbertson, 30th Ind.
Lieut T E Evans, 52d Penn.
Lieut R Bascombe, 38th U S C T.
Lieut J W Kirkpatrick, 15th Iowa.
Lieut E A Green, 81st Ill.
Lieut Samuel Brunn, 81st Ill.
Lieut Ernst H A Snowwhite, 7th Penn Res.
Lieut Michael H Stover, 184th Penn.
Adjt Theo Griffin, 55th U S C T.
Lieut A J Henry, 120th Ill.
Lieut James Donovan, 2d N J.
Lieut Jas W Day, 17th Mass.
Lieut David Turner, 118th Ill.
Lieut Wm Vyce, 2d N Y Cav.
Lieut J A Richardson, 2d N Y Cav.
Lieut Henry Temple, 2d N Y Cav.
Lieut H Crocker, 1st N J Cav.
Lieut G Purcell, 1st N J Cav.
Col Warren Shedd, 30th Ill.
Lieut H B Seely, 86th N Y.
Capt H W Strang, 30th Ill.
Lieut S D Phelps, 9th Pa Cav.
Lieut Job Norwood, 76th N Y.
Capt L W Clarke, 11th Iowa.
Lieut W A Barnard, 20th Mich.
Lieut H N Downing, 31st U S C T.
Lieut F G Munge, 37th Wis.
Capt E C Dicey, 1st Mich S S.
Lt Harvey Fairchild, 10th Wis.
Lt Adrian Lee, 152d N Y.
Capt John Parker, 1st N J.
Lt W A Adair, 51st Ind.
Lt Jas H York, 63d Ind.
Lt C D Dillon, 7th Iowa.
Lt Daniel Driscoll, 24th Me.
Capt Jno S McDowell, 77th Penn.
Capt Dennis Stone, 118th NY.
Lt Wm H Raymond, 8th N Y Arty.
Lt John D Kantz, 1st Ky.
Lt Carlos W Carr, 4th Vt.
Lt John King, 15th Ill Cav.
Capt W B Pease, 17th US Infy.
Capt Lansing B Paine, 121st N Y.
Lieut Charles C Conn, 1st Michigan S S.
Lieut C W Greene, 44th Ind.
Maj L B Speed, 7th P R V C.
Lieut John T Parker, 13th Iowa.
Lieut John S Rice, 13th Iowa.
Lieut James L Stevens, 52d Penn.
Lieut Thomas A Worthen, 118th Illinois.
Adjt H H Lyman, 147th NY.
Capt A W H Gill, 14th N Y S M.
Lieut John S Caldwell, 11th Ill Cavalry.
Lieut Stephen D Carpenter, 3d Ohio.
Capt L Moore, 72d Ohio.
Maj D McKercher, 10th Wis.
Lieut L Dicke, 82d Ohio.
Lieut Wesley A Gore, 3d Mass Cavalry.
Capt Geo A Bayard, 148th Pennsylvania.
Lieut C H Drake, 142d Pa.
Lieut Geo Peters, 9th N J
Lieut Robert Wilson, 113th Illinois.
Capt Norman H Moore, 7th N Y Artillery.
Lieut Chas H Cornell, 95th New-York.
Capt J Galloway, A D C.
Capt John Fahs, 87th Penn.
Lieut C L Anderson, 3d Iowa.
Lieut A H Makimson, 10th Wisconsin.
Lieut O R Bahl, 15th Wis.
Lieut W B Ellinwood, 10th Wisconsin.
Lieut Edgar E Strong, 16th Connecticut.
Lieut A G Case, 16th Conn
Lieut D Garber, 77th Penn
Lieut Irenus McGowan, 29th Indiana.
Lieut J W Woodrow, 17th Iowa.
Lieut Joseph Chatburn, 115th Penn.
Lieut Oliver P Barnes, 3d Ohio.
Lieut Geo M Curtis, 140th N Y.
Lieut David S Bartram, 19th Conn.
Lieut Jas B Needham, 4th Vt.
Capt Chas W Boutin, 4th Vt.
Capt H L McDonald, 11th Conn.
Lieut J W Mundy, 73d Ind.
Lieut Rob. Allen, 7th N J.
Lieut H Aushutz, 12th W Va.
Lieut James D Fox, 16th Ill Cav.
Lieut G H Drew, 9th N H
Lieut T W McClure, 6th U S Heavy Art. (C T.)
Capt Oscar Templeton, 107th Pa.
Lieut Geo Harris, 73d Ind
Lieut J L Barton, 49th Pa.
Lieut H S Albin, 79th Ill.
Lieut R M Hughes, 14th Ill Cav.
Lieut W H Powell, 2d Ill Light Infantry.
Lieut Edwin Swift, 74th Ill.
Lieut Dwight B Pendleton, 5th Mich Cav.
Lieut Oscar Todd, 18th Wis.
Lieut P Cannon, 16th N Y Cav.
Lieut Wm Landon, 1st Wis Cav.
Lieut Wilbur F Matthews, 1st P H B Md Vols.
Lieut Lewis A Campbell, 152d N Y.
Lieut W H Myers, 76th N Y.
Lieut Isaac G Peetrey, 95th Ohio.
Lieut Allen C Stover, 95th Ohio.
Lieut Joseph W Wilshue, 45th Ohio.
Lieut Chas A Fagan, 11th Penn Reserves.
Lieut A P Hahns, 37th Wis.
Lieut Alfred L Fluke, 193d Penn.
Capt Andrew Nuhfer, 72d Ohio.
Lieut J W Eyestine, 13th Iowa.
Lieut James Post, 149th Pa.
Lieut J Heffelfinger, 7th Pa Reserves.
Lieut John Kim, 7th Penn Reserves.
Lieut Aaron Zugler, 7th Penn Reserves.
Lieut Chas H Lang, 59th Mass.
Lieut John Sailor, 13th Penn Cavalry.
Lieut J C Watson, 126th Ohio.
Capt H A Haines, 184th Penn.
Lieut Z Perin, 72d Ohio.
Lieut J Fairbanks, 72d Ohio.
Lieut N J McCafferty, 4th U S Cavalry.
Capt Chas A Hobbie, 17th Conn.
Lieut J F Schuyler, 123d Ohio.
Lieut F A Breckinridge, 123d Ohio.
Lieut C Moore, 3d Md Cav.
Capt Allright, 87th Penn.
Lieut James Warner, 32d N J.
Capt A C Rosencrans, 4th Ind Cavalry.
Capt Oprus W Medcalf, 42d Ind.
Lieut Jacob W Messick, 42d Ind.
Capt James A Hayden, 11th Penn Reserves.
Lieut Thos J Hastings, 15th Mass.
Lieut Chas H Bigley, 82d N Y.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MARCH 7, 1865.

$1,000 U. S. 6s, '67.....	130¾	1200 Erie Railway....	67⅞
1,000 U. S. 6s, '81..C.	110¾	1500 do.........s10	67⅝
21,000 do..........	110⅞	1500 do.........s10	67⅝
7,500 U. S. 6s,5-20s..R.	109½	300 do.........s30	67⅝
1,300 U.S. 6s, 5-20s.C.		1600 do..........	68
Small	111	700 do..........	68⅛
250,000 do.........	111¼	25 do..........	68⅜
20,000 do.........	111⅜	400 do..........	68¼
50,000 do.........	111¼	1000 do........b60	68½
90,000 do.........	111½	1200 do..........	67⅞
185,000 do...new iss.	110¼	300 do.........s10	67¾
59,000 do...new iss.	110⅜	100 do.........b30	67⅝
100,000 U.S.5s,10-40s.C.	97¾	10 Erie R. Pref......	90
10,000 Mo. State 6s....	66	400 Hudson R. R......	113
1,000 M.6s iss. to Pa-		400 do..........	112¾
cific R.........	71	300 do..........	112½
30,000 Ohio & M. C.	28⅝	100 do..........	112⅝
30,000 do........b30	29	500 do..........	112
20,000 do........s30	28¾	500 do..........	111¾
40,000 do..........	28⅝	100 do..........	111⅞
1,000 N. Y. Cen. 6s...	100	500 Reading R......	112
500 do..........	99	2000 do..........	111
5,000 B.,N.Y.&E.1st.	100	500 do.........b5	110⅞
3,000 Mil.&St.P.1stM.	81	500 do..........	110⅝
100 Canton Co......	34¾	1000 do..........	110⅞
100 do..........	35	500 do.........b5	111¼
100 Cen. Coal Co......	56	200 do..........	111⅜
100 Mar. Min. Co.....	17½	5 Mich. Cen. R......	109⅜
300 do..........	17¼	200 M. S. & N. I. R...	64½
200 do..........	17	600 do..........	64¼
200 Cum. Coal Pr.....	69½	200 do..........	64⅜
500 do..........	69⅝	200 Ill. Cen. R......	117
800 do..........	69¼	300 do..........	117¼
500 do..........	69½	200 do..........	117⅜
200 do..........	69¾	400 do..........	117¼
100 Am. Coal Co.....	79	100 do.........s20	117
500 Wyom.V. Coal....	55	25 Clev. & Pitts......	79
100 Ashburton Coal...	15	600 do..........	78
100 Consolidation Coal		500 do.........s30	77⅞
Co. of Md......	48	300 Chic.&N.W.Pr....	62⅝
1500 N. Y. Cen......	107	200 do..........	62¼
1000 do..........	107⅜	100 Clev. & Tol......	110
1200 do..........	107¼	300 Chic. & R. I......	93
400 do..........	107¼	400 do..........	93½
300 do..........	107¼	700 do..........	94
400 P., Ft. W.& C.....	92½	100 do.........s60	93⅝
700 do..........	92¼	500 do.........s10	93⅞
600 do..........	92	100 Chic. & Alt. Pref..	93
1800 do..........	91¾		

SECOND BOARD.

$50,000 U. S. 6s, '81 C.	111	100 Hud. Riv. R....s15	110½
30,000 U. S. 6s,5-20s C.	111⅛	300 do..........	110⅜
19,000 do..........	111⅝	200 do..........	110⅞
260,000 do...new iss.	110¼	400 do..........	111
10,000 U.S. 5s,10-40s.C.	97⅝	400 do..........	111¼
2,000 Tenn. 6s, '90....	57½	300 do.........b30	111½
2,000 Mo. State 6s.....	66	200 do.........b30	111¼
40,000 O. & M. Cer....	28⅝	200 P., Ft. W. & C....	92½
100 Cum Coal Pref.....	70	100 do.........s10	92
100 do..........	70¼	200 Reading R......	110⅝
250 Quick. M. Co.....	81½	400 do.........s30	110¾
100 Ill. Cen. R......	117⅜	500 do..........	110⅝
100 do.........s10	117¼	100 Mich. Cen. R.....	109¼
100 do..........	117¾	100 do.........s10	109½
1000 Mar. Min. Co....	16	400 M. S. & N.I. R....	64⅝
100 do..........	15⅞	200 do..........	64⅞
300 N. Y. Cen.......	106⅞	500 Clev. & Pitts.....	77⅝
1500 do..........	106⅜	500 do..........	77⅞
300 Erie Railway.....	67⅛	400 Chi. & N. W.....	33⅝
200 do.........b30	67⅜	600 do..........	33
600 do..........	67⅛	100 Chic. & R. I.....	94¾
100 do.........s10	67	100 do.........s30	94¼
100 do.........b10	67¼	200 do..........	94⅝
100 Clev. & Tol......	109	200 do..........	94⅜

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

$30,000 O. & Miss. C...	28	100 M. S. & N. I...x-d	64⅝
10,000 do.........s3	28	200 do.........s3	64⅜
100 N. Y. Cen......	106⅜	200 do..........	64⅜
500 do..........	106¼	100 do..........	64⅜
100 do.........s10	106⅜	100 do.........b3	64⅝
400 do..........	106⅜	200 do.........b3	64⅜
100 do..........c	106⅞	100 do.........b10	64⅜
300 do.........s5	106⅜	500 do.........s30	64⅛
200 do..........	106⅜	200 do.........s3	64⅜
100 do.........b3	106½	1000 Cleve. & Pitts...	78
100 do.........s3	106⅜	300 do..........	77¾
500 do..........	106⅜	200 do..........	77⅞
700 Erie Railway.....	67⅛	200 do.........b3	77⅞
600 do..........c	67⅛	100 Chi. & N. W.....	33⅝
200 do.........s5	67	100 do..........	33⅜
200 do.........s15	67⅛	600 do.........b3	33⅜
200 do.........s3	67⅛	100 do..........	33⅜
900 do..........	67	400 C. & N. W. Pr....	62⅜
600 do.........s3	67	300 do..........c	62⅛
400 Reading R....b30	111	100 do.........s10	62⅝
100 do..........	110½	300 Pitts.,F.W.&C....	91⅝
300 do.........b3	110⅝	100 do.........s10	91¼
200 Ill. Cen. R.....s5	117	100 do.........s3	91⅜
600 do..........	117	50 do.........s3	92
100 do.........s3	117	100 do..........	91¾
100 Hudson R. R....s3	110¾	100 Canton Co......	34¾
100 do..........	111	200 Cum. Coal Co.....	70⅝
200 do..........	110⅜	200 do..........c	70⅝
100 do..........	110⅜	100 do..........	70⅜
200 do..........	110⅜	100 do..........	70⅝
300 do..........	110	300 do.........b10	70⅜
50 do..........c	111	600 do..........	70⅝
100 do.........s3	110	100 do.........s3	70⅜
100 Chi. & R.I.R....b3	93⅞	200 do.........s10	70½
100 do..........	93¾	100 do.........s10	70
100 do.........s3	93⅞	100 do.........b30	70⅝
500 do.........s15	93⅝	300 Quick. Min. Co...	81
500 do.........s15	93⅝	200 Mar. Min. Co....	15⅞
100 do.........b3	94	100 do.........b3	16

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$10,000 O. & M. Cer...	28⅝	100 Reading R......s3	111⅜
100 N. Y. Cen. R.....	107⅜	200 do..........	111⅝
100 do..........	108⅛	200 do..........	111⅝
100 do.........s3	108⅜	500 do..........	112
100 do..........	108⅝	400 M. S. & N.I..x-d.s3	65⅜
200 do.........s10	108⅝	200 do.........b3	65⅜
200 Erie Railway.....	67⅝	100 do.........b10	65⅜
400 do.........s10	67⅝	100 Mich. Cen. R....s3	110
1000 do..........	67⅝	300 Clev. & Pitts....	78
200 do.........s10	68	100 Chic. & R. I. R...	95
600 do..........	68	200 do.........b3	95
200 do.........s3	68	200 P., Ft. W. & C....	93
100 do.........s5	67⅝	200 Cumb. Coal......	71¼
100 do.........b3	68	200 Mariposa Min....	16⅜
200 Hud. Riv. R.....	114	300 do..........	16⅜
200 do..........	114¼		

TUESDAY, March 7—P. M.

The subscriptions to the Popular 7.30 ℘ cent. Loan, since the 1st of February, under the Banking Agency of Mr. JAY COOKE, amount to the 6th inst. to $95,152,600. This, for only 29 working days, is a wonderful mark of success, reflecting equal credit upon the good people of the country, who have responded so promptly to the appeal of the Treasury, and upon the skill and industry of the Government Banker and his auxiliary agents. The remainder of the Loan, not yet subscribed for, is about $72,000,000, which, from present appearances, will be taken up before the close of this month. From August last to the 1st of February the sales were..$133,000,000

From 1st of February......	95,000,000
Subject to subscription......	72,000,000
Total of the 7.30 Loan, 1864-67........	$300,000,000

Fresh orders from Europe for United States 5-20 Bonds were received this morning by the *City of Baltimore*, and a very large trade ensued in the original issue, on Wall-street and at the Stock Board. The transactions for Foreign account to be advised out by the Cunarder, sailing to-morrow, are computed at a million and a half or two millions of dollars. The price at one time this forenoon reached 111⅞ ℘ cent. After the orders were made up, the quotation receded to 111⅝ ℘ cent. The other Gold Stocks improved on yesterday's prices, and large purchases were made of 10-40s, ex-dividend, at 97½@⅝ ℘ cent.

The Gold Room has fallen off 1 ℘ cent. since yesterday, partly under the heavy arrival from California, this morning. There is no export demand, and the only wants for Customs are less, thus far, than last week. Bills on London are in good supply at 108½ ℘ cent. for Gold, sixty days' sight. Some of the United States Stocks transmitted are drawn against at three days' sight.

There was a great pressure to sell the Railway Shares, chiefly the New-York Roads and Reading, this morning, and it was renewed at the Second Board. But late in the day there was a sharp rally, particularly on Hudson River, which restored quotations at 4 o'clock, to about Monday's figures. Gold, 197⅛@197¼.

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
U. S. 10-40s......	97¾	97¾	Pittsburgh......	78¾	78
U. S. 5-20's......	111	111⅛	Northwest......	33⅝	33⅝
T. Certificates....	98⅝	98⅝	N. West Pref.....	62⅝	63
N. Y. Central.....	108⅝	108⅝	Rock Island......	94⅝	95
Erie............	69	67⅞	Fort Wayne......	93⅝	92¾
Hudson.........	112¾	114	Cum'land Coal....	69½	71¼
Reading........	112⅝	111⅝	Quicksilver.....	82	81¾
Mich. Southern...	65⅝	65⅝	Mariposa.......	17¾	16¾
Illinois Cen.....	118	117⅜	Ohio & M. Certifs	[illegible]	[illegible]

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York..........	113	Corn Exchange.....	110
Mechanics'........	110	St. Nicholas......	101
Union............	115	Commonwealth......	105
America..........	135	Import'rs' & Traders'.	107
Merchants' Exchange	98	Park............	145
Mechs' Bkg. Asso...	101	Central National....	104
Bank of N. Amer....	110	First National.....	205
Market...........	106	Ninth National.....	110
Shoe and Leather...	105		

The Central National Bank (H. A. SMYTH, President,) is about to remove to the large premises on the other corner of Pearl-street and Broadway, and to double their capital, making it $4,000,000. The business of this Bank has become very large, their deposits now exceeding $15,000,000.

The following bids were made for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s........	100	Chi. & N. W. S. F.....	99
Erie 1st mort, '68.....	101	Del., L. & W. 1sts.....	100
Erie 7s, '79..........	103	Del. L. & W. 2ds......	103
Erie 7s, 4th mort., '80...	98	Tol. & Wab. 2ds......	79½
Buf. N. Y. & E. 1st, '77.	100	Mil. & P. du Ch. 1sts..	100
Hud. R. 7s, 1st m., '69..	101	Clev. & Tol. S. F......	100
Hud. R. 7s, 3d M. '75...	104	N. J. Cen. 2ds........	109
Hud. R. 7s, bonds, '67...	95	Pitts., F. W. & C. 2ds..	98
Harlem 1st. mort' 69-72.	100	Clev. & Pitts. 3ds, con.	85
Chi., B. & Q., 8 ℘ c. 1st	110	Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1st m.	45
Mich. S. 7 ℘ c. 2d mort.	90	Chi. & Alt. S. F. 1st m.	100
M. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ℘ c.	102½	At. & G. W. 1sts......	87
Ill. Central 7 ℘ c. '75..	112	Mil. & St. Paul 1sts...	81
Alt. & T. H. 2ds, Pref..	80		

The new Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. HUGH MCCULLOCH, before leaving the Bureau of Currency, directed that no further new organizations for National Banking be authorized for the present, or until it is known how far the transfers of the old State Banks to the new system is to affect the distribution of capital and circulation among the States, as provided for in the original Bank Act.

The subscriptions at the First National Bank to the 7-30 Loan, to-day, amount to $300,000. This bank sold in February $10,200,000 of this loan.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $1,131,974 25; including for Customs, $174,000; payments, $1,263,846 36; on account Loan, $286,500; balance, $28,806,644 90.

The Third National Bank will receive subscriptions for 7.30 notes, allowing the usual brokerage to banks and bankers. Notes of all denominations always on hand, for sale. To Banks and Bankers throughout the country, this Bank advertises to allow four per cent. on current daily balances, and collect on the most favorable terms.

Attention is invited to the very satisfactory annual (fourteenth) exhibit of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, which appears elsewhere in this paper.

The week's exports of domestic produce and miscellaneous goods, have been to the value of $3,657,542, against $3,333,153 same week last year.

The subscriptions received at the Ninth National Bank, this day, for the 7-30 Loan, amounted to $250,000.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ HOWES & MACY,
Bankers, No. 30 Wall-street, New-York,
(Formerly officers of the Park Bank.)

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Persons opening accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balance at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues o Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

☞ CLARK, DODGE & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS
FOR THE U. S. 7-30 LOAN,
NO. 51 WALL-ST.,
have all denominations of 7-30 notes on hand for immediate delivery.

J. F. D. LANIER, President. C. V. CULVER, Vice-President. C. N. JORDAN, Cashier.

☞ THIRD NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
U. S. Designated Depository, No. 5 Nassau-st.,
AGENT FOR 7-30 NOTES.

This Bank will receive subscriptions for 7-30 Notes, allowing the usual brokerage to Banks and Bankers. Notes of all denominations always on hand, for sale. To Banks and Bankers throughout the country, this Bank will allow four per cent. on current daily balances, and collect on the most favorable terms.

C. N. JORDAN, Cashier.

☞ UNITED STATES
7-30
TREASURY NOTES
for immediate delivery at
HOWES & MACY'S, Bankers.
No. 30 Wall-st., New-York.

☞ TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 BROADWAY.
Seven-Thirty Treasury Notes on hand for sale.
D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, March 7, 1865.

Receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last, 47 bbls. Ashes, 12,799 bbls. Flour, 771 bbls. and 3,000 bags Corn Meal, 600 bushels Wheat, 12,369 bushels Corn, 8,700 bushels Oats, 783 bushels Rye, 500 bushels Barley, 750 bushels Malt, 4,613 packages Provisions, and 315 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are very quiet at $11@$11 25 for Pots, and $12@$12 25 for Pearls, ℘ 100 ℔s.

CANDLES—Are inactive, but held with much firmness.

COFFEE—Is in limited request at irregular prices. We quote net cash, in gold, Java at 22½c.@23c.; Rio, 18c.@21½c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 20c.@21½c., and St. Domingo at 18½c. ℘ ℔. Stock, 116,146 pkgs. The week's business in Rio, Messrs. WM. SCOTT & SON notice thus: "Sales of Rio during the past week amount to 16,662 bags, and embrace 2,100 per *Eagle*, 602 per *Hermina*, 2,200 per *Hibernica*, and 850 per *Mercury*, to the trade; 4,425 per *Etha*, 4,531 per *Campenero*, and 1,831 per *Hermina*, P. N. T., to Government."

COTTON—Is quiet and depressed. Middlings, 81c.@82c. ℘ ℔.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been very quiet to-day, yet low grades have been quoted firmer. Sales since our last amount to 6,100 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $9 75@$10 10; poor to choice Extra State at $10 05@$10 50, chiefly at $10 10@$10 25; Round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $10 90@$11 10 ℘ bbl.

Superfine State and Western........	$9 75	@10 10
Extra State..................	10 05	@10 50
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 15	@12 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shp'g brands	10 90	@11 10
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	11 15	@12 50
Extra Genesee................	10 50	@12 25
Poor to Choice Extra Missouri......	10 50	@14 25

Southern Flour continues inactive, at irregular prices. Sales since our last 500 bbls., at $10 70@$11 80 for poor to good, and $11 80@$14 25 for good to choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is in limited demand. Sales 350 bbls. Extra, at $10 10@$12 ℘ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive, including fine and superfine at $7 65@$8 65 ℘ bbl. Corn Meal is in moderate demand, at $7 50@$7 60 for Jersey, and $8 40 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl. Sales 550 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been dull and heavy. Sales have been confined to 6,600 bushels choice White Western at $2 75; and 7,100 bushels choice Red Western (Winter) at $2 38, in store ℘ bushel. Corn is in more request, at $1 88@$1 89 for Mixed Western, and $1 75@$1 77 for new Yellow Jersey, and $1 79 for do. Southern, ℘ bushel. Sales 24,000 bushels. Oats continue dull and heavy. We quote Western at $1 13@$1 14; Jersey and Pennsylvania at $1 10@$1 11 ℘ bushel. Rye and Barley continue quiet. Barley Malt is dull; 1,200 bushels were sold at $2 25 ℘ bushel. The movements in Breadstuffs, during the past fortnight, Mr. EDWARD BILL reviews thus: "The peculiar feature of the market for Breadstuffs during the fortnight past has been that of dullness and inactivity—the buoyancy of the preceding week has in a measure been lost, and prices of Flour has gradually receded, the quotations of Extra State being about 50c. ℘ bbl. below the highest rates then current. The receipts (although more liberal of late) are yet light, and the stock in store considerably diminished, yet there is but little disposition among buyers (with the declining rates for Gold and lateness of the season) to operate except for daily wants. For Wheat the market is irregular and fluctuating—holders do not force sales, but are now showing more disposition to meet buyers, as yet the city millers are almost the only purchasers, and principally for Winter Red. Our prices being much above the views of foreign shippers, that branch of the trade is extremely quiet. Rye is in limited demand. Oats have been in better request, both for speculative and home use, but closed quiet. Indian Corn is in moderate demand, and the old held with firmness. The Export Clearances from this port for the fortnight foot up: To Great Britain and Ireland, 3,159 bbls. Flour, 10,002 bus. Wheat; to Mexico, 13,397 bbls. Flour, 18,152 bus. Corn, 5,131 bus. Oats, 80 bus. Peas; to Brazil, 4,970 bbls. Flour; to all other ports, 29,167 bbls. Flour, 90 bbls. Rye Flour, 4,047 bbls. Corn Meal, 10,538 bus. Wheat, 5,200 bus. Corn, 638 bus. Oats, 941 bus. Peas. Making a total to all ports of 43,713 bbls. Flour, 90 bbls. Rye Flour, 4,074 bbls. Corn Meal, 20,540 bus. Wheat, 23,442 bus. Corn, 5,769 bus. Oats, and 1,021 bus. Peas."

Export of Breadstuffs to Great Britain and Ireland from Sept. 1, 1864.

From	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.
New-York, March 3, 1865..	44,171	1,418,646	47,126
New-Orleans	—	—	—
Philadelphia, Feb. 28, 1865.	14,234	58,390	26,233
Baltimore, Feb. 28, 1865....	14	—	—
Boston, Feb. 28, 1865......	3,534	—	—
Ot. other p'ts Feb. 28, 1865	20,082	21,630	—
Total............	82,035	1,498,666	73,359
To about same period, 1864	831,697	8,425,633	240,229
To about same period, 1863	778,835	15,510,199	4,547,102
To about same period, 1862	1,422,264	12,364,097	7,554,726

To the Continent.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Rye, bush.
From New-York to March 3, 1865....	11,003	68,521	1,767	—
From o'er pts to latest dates	1,647	—	—	—
Total............	12,650	68,521	1,767	—
To about same period, 1864.	26,069	135,188	6,343	13,965
To about same period, 1863.	80,054	951,827	42,197	118,073
To about same period, 1862	548,652	6,881,506	257,663	891,290

HAY—North River is in moderate request at $1 55@$1 65 for shipping, and $1 65@$1 80 for small lots for city use, ℘ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—New are in limited demand and steady, at 17½c.@50c. for very inferior to very choice, the latter an extreme rate, according to quality, ℘ ℔.

LATHS—Are quiet at about previous (nominal) quotations.

LIME—Is dull and unsettled.

MOLASSES—Is in limited request at declining prices.

NAVAL STORES—Continue quiet, including Spirits Turpentine, at $1 70@$1 80 ℘ gallon; Resin at $17 50@$30, ℘ 280 ℔s.; Tar, domestic and foreign, at $5@$7 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Have been in limited demand, at somewhat unsettled prices, including Crude Whale at $1 35; Crude Sperm at $2 45@$2 50; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 75; Unbleached Sperm at $2 25@$2 60; Linseed at $1 55@$1 61, for large and small lots; No. 1 Lard at $2 18@$2 25 ℘ gallon.

New-Bedford Oil Market, week ending March 6.

The market is very quiet, but firm. There is nothing doing in sperm. In whale we notice a sale of 500 bbls. at a price not transpired.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. bone.
From Jan. 1 to March 6, 1865...	3,146	2,062	20,200
Same time last year...........	3,415	3,109	130,100

[*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PRINTING CLOTHS—Sales in Providence, last week, 47,000 pieces, including, according to the *Journal*, 3,500 pieces 56x60, 17c., early in the week; 2,000 do. 56x60, 16c.; 18,500 do. 64x64, 19c., early in the week; 3,000 do. 64x64, 18½c.; 9,000 do. 64x64, 18¼c.; 6,000 do. 64x64, 17½c.; 5000 do. 64x64, 17¼c., ℘ yard.

PETROLEUM—Has been in limited request, including 43c.@43½c.; Refined in bond, 67c.@68c.; and free, at 87c.@88c. ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been quiet to-day, at irregular prices. Sales since Friday 3,850 bbls., in lots, at $36@$36 25, closing at $36 12½ cash, for New Mess; $33 75@$34 25, closing at $34 cash, for 1863-64 Mess; $35@$35 50 for New Prime Mess; $30@$30 25 for New Prime, ℘ bbl. Sales also of 1,750 bbls. New Mess, April and May delivery, buyer's options, at $37 25@$37 50. Cut Meats are in moderate demand, at 17c.@18c. for Shoulders; 18½c.@21c. for Hams; sales equal to 400 pkgs. Bacon is inactive; sales have been made of 670 bxs., including Cumberland Cut for immediate delivery, at 19½c.@20c.; long rib at 20½c.@21c., and short rib at 21c.@21½c. Dressed Hogs continue dull and nominal. Lard is declining; sales 1,400 tcs. and bbls., for immediate and forward delivery, at 19½c.@23½c., and small lots at 23½c.@23¾c. for very choice, ℘ ℔. Beef continues quiet at $21@$24 for Extra Mess; $18@$22 for New Plain Mess; sales 400 bbls. Tierce Beef is in moderate demand; 450 tcs. were sold, including Prime Mess, at $35. Beef Hams are in less demand; sales 300 bbls., in lots, at $27@$27 50 ℘ bbl. Butter is dull to-day; 28c.@42c. for poor to choice State, and 22c.@34c. for Western, ℘ ℔. Cheese is in request at 15c.@25c. for poor to very choice, the latter price for fine factory ℘ ℔.

RICE—Is quiet at irregular prices. Rangoon, $12 50@$13 ℘ 100 ℔s.

SEEDS—Are in very moderate demand at about previous quotations.

SKINS—Are dull and prices are somewhat nominal.

SUGARS—Continue quiet and heavy. Sales since our last, comprise 430 hhds. Cuba, &c., at 15c.@18½c. ℘ ℔. Refined Sugars are in limited demand, and down to 18c.@24½c. ℘ ℔. Messrs. STUART quote their refined Sugars thus: Loaf, 24½c.; best Crushed, 24½c.; Granulated, 24½c.; Ground, 24½c.; White, A, 23½c.; Yellow, C, 22½c., cash ℘ ℔.

STEARINE—Sales, 21,000 ℔s., at 22½c.@23c. ℘ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales, 185,000 ℔s., at 15¼c.@15½c. ℘ ℔.

TEAS—Are quiet and depressed, buyers having every existing advantage.

WHISKY—Sales, 550 bbls., in lots, chiefly at $2 28 ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 300 boxes Bacon at 4s.; 30 hhds. Oil at 15s.; also, by steamer, 300 boxes Bacon at 15s., and 500 pkgs. Butter at 20s. For London, 150 tcs. Beef at 2s. 6d. For Hamburgh, 30 tons Measurement Goods at 20s. For Antwerp, 30 hhds. Tobacco at 30s. For Cadiz, a Norwegian bark, with staves, at $28.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; understands cutting and fitting children's clothes, also the use of the sewing-machine; would assist with chamberwork if required; no objection to the country; good city reference. Call at No. 128 7th-av., corner of 19th-st., first floor over the bakery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman; is fully competent to take charge of a baby or grown up children, and sewing; has no objection to travel; has lived nine years in her last place; can give the best city reference. Can be seen for three days at No. 677 46th-st., 3d-av., in the fancy-store.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN LADY, a situation as housekeeper for a widower with a small family, or would take charge and attend to the household duties for an old gentleman and lady. Address HOUSEKEEPER, Hoboken, N. J.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG WOMEN, SITUATIONS, one as chambermaid and to do fine washing and French fluting, and the other as waitress; has the best of city reference from their last place. Call at No. 55 West 18th-st., in front.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation in a first-class private family, as taking care of children and doing chamberwork; is capable of doing both; best of city reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 111 West 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED.—A LADY IS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING a situation for a girl whom she can recommend as nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth; is willing to do light chamberwork or plain sewing; no objection to the country. Call or address, for two days, 38 East 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, washing of a family, or of ladies or gentlemen, or would go out by the day to work; is a good laundress; good city reference. Call or address No. 220 East 23d-st., second floor, front room, Mrs. DONNELLY.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as seamstress on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objections to assist in up-stairs' work; the best of city reference. Can be seen at No. 19 West 44th-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS a situation as lady's maid; can cut and fit dresses, and is an excellent operator on the sewing-machine; can be highly recommended. Call, for two days, at No. 311 East 10th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, LATELY landed, a situation as nurse and seamstress, who fully understands the care of children. Call, or address S. C., No. 75 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY TWO RESPECTable Welsh girls; one as cook, the other as chambermaid; best of city references. Call, for two days, at No. 344 East 16th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, BY GOOD SERVANTS, in every capacity, in city or country. Call at the Private Servants' Institute, No. 103 West 36th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway. J. E. WEIR, Proprietor.

WANTED—BY A FRENCH GIRL, A PLACE TO take charge of children over five years of age; she can commence their education, and sews neatly. Call before 2 P. M., at her present employers, No. 86 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE COUNTRY by a Protestant woman in the capacity of chambermaid and waitress, or as family seamstress. Address COUNTRY, Station D, Astor-place, stating where an interview may be had.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as cook, who understands her business well; makes excellent soups and jellies; would assist with the washing, if required; has good city reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 108 West 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE French woman, speaks a little English, as nurse and seamstress; no objection to go to the country; has best references. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as thorough lady's maid; good hair-dresser, dressmaker, and nurse; good city reference. Call at BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT girl, to do housework or chamberwork; has best reference from her last place. Call, for two days, at No. 190 West 41st-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as laundress; understands French fluting; has excellent city reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at the Protestant Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN, with excellent city reference, a situation as first-class cook in a private family or boarding-house; a good baker; makes pastry; wages $12. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands soups, meats, game, and pastry; is a good baker; city reference. Call at No. 10 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as good plain cook; first-rate washer and ironer; has no objection to the country. Call till suited at No. 436 4th-av., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid, or to take care of children, or to assist in washing and ironing; has good reference from her last place. Call at No. 281 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT ENGLISH WOman a situation as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has excellent city reference. Can be seen at the Protestant Agency, 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS, with the best of city reference, a situation, no objections to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 287 East 9th-st., near Avenue A, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS waitress and chambermaid, or would do sewing and chamberwork. City reference. Call at No. 10 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as first-class laundress; does French fluting; has lived in the best of families. Can be seen at No. 37 West 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A TAILORESS, WORK BY THE day, to cut and make boys' clothes, ladies' cloaks, sacques, in the latest style. Mrs. WISE, No. 151 58th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A NEAT GIRL OF 18, WITH excellent city reference, a situation as chambermaid and assist with the washing, or children's nurse and wait on a lady; wages $7. Call at 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook, who understands her business in all its branches, and has the best of references. Call at No. 37 West 13th-st., for two days.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS MAID, BY A COMpetent person. Address C. B., No. 121 Pearl-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUation as cook, washer and ironer. Call at No. 2,006 Myrtle-av., first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl a situation as general houseworker. Can be seen for two days at No. 235 West 17th-st., up stairs.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUAtion as chambermaid. Apply at her present employer's, No. 46 West 19th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, A SITUATION AS COOK, washer and ironer; the best of city references given. Call at No. 120 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL to do housework; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 8 Vandewater-st., Room No. 3.

CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to economize by employing good faithful women and girls at moderate wages, can be nicely suited at E. CARROLL'S Agency, No. 69 6th-av.

A FOREWOMAN AND EXPERIENCED cutter is desirous of a situation in a first-class house; is capable of taking entire charge, and can give the best reference. Address E. S. B., Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

A ROOMKEEPER, OF GOOD CHARACTER, wants a baby to wet nurse; can give good reference. Call, for one week, at Mrs. HUGHES, No. 39 Park-st., Room No. 2, rear house.

MALES.

WANTED—A RENUMERATIVE AND RESPONsible business position, by a person who has the highest reference at his disposal, as to his business qualifications and moral character; has had great experience in buying cattle; is accustomed to having the oversight of others; could take charge of a pork-packing, hamcuring or provision establishment; is also a good penman and accountant. Address P. O., Box No. 107 Auburn, Cay. County, N. Y.

WANTED—THE ADVERTISER, A SCOTCHMAN, 35 years of age, married, one child, wants a situation as gardener; is perfectly competent in all departments of the business, in which he has had ten years' extensive experience in this country. Address A. M., care of Henderson & Fleming, seedsmen, No. 67 Nassau-st., to whom, as well as to his late employers, he with pleasure refers.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A first-rate gardener, who has filled the best places, and has obtained a great number of prizes for the finest grapes from hot and cold houses, green-house plants, flowers and vegetables; his testimonials are extra fine. Address P. R., GARDENER, Thorburn's Seeds Stores, No. 15 John-st., New-York. No incumbrance.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN SOME MANUFACturing or mercantile business, by a young man who has been employed in a large manufacturing establishment for ten years; five years as book-keeper; would prefer a situation requiring more exercise than book-keeping; best of reference given. Address EDWARD HENRY, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER; CAN take the charge of plain gardening; also driving, if required; is married, with one child; wife understands the care of milk and butter; can be recommended by a gentleman in this city. Call for or address M. B., No. 9 John-st., in the seed-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a married man, who fully understands the business in all its various departments; has held his present situation for the last eight years, and can give the best of references as to character and ability. Address A. D., gardener, at Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY MAN AND WIFE, without any family; the man as gardener and coachman; understands his business in all its branches; the wife as nurse and seamstress; she is a good hand with the needle, and kind to children; good references will be given. Address GARDENER, Box No. 195, *Times*.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED man, Protestant, without incumbrance, as farmer and gardener; would take full charge of a gentleman's place; understands the raising of stock, driving, and taking care of horses; best of reference. Address M. C. B., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A MARRIED MAN WITHOUT FAMIly, who understands his business, wants a situation as gardener; understands the care of greenhouses, hot and cold graperies; also, understands the laying out of a gentleman's place. Address W. E. T., Station M, Washington Heights Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER BY A married man; no incumbrance; is stout, active and obliging; understands his business in all its branches; has good reference from his last employer. Address J. D., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a married man; no family; is thoroughly competent in the management of graperies, lawns, vegetables and greenhouses; references from his employers. Address T. K., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, practical on grapes and greenhouse culture; willing to assist in every useful department; reliable references given. Can be seen for three days, at No. 251 East 13th-st., or apply by note to JACOB, on Sunday, said number, New-York City.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as farmer, who has had several years experience, to take charge of farm and vegetable garden if necessary; refers to his last employer for honesty, capability, &c. Apply to R. K. MORRIS, No. 21 East 41st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a steady, single man, who thoroughly understands his business; is a good, plain gardener; good city reference; up Hudson River preferred. Address MARTIN, Box No. 198 *Times* Office, until suited.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A married man, English, small family; understands greenhouses, hot and cold graperies, vegetables, flowers, and the laying out of new grounds; good city reference. Apply to J. G., at seed-store No. 67 Nassau-st.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN TO FIND A good place for his gardener, married, without family; whom he has known for many years; a first-class man in all respects and entirely reliable. Apply at No. 29 East 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a man lately married; knows his business thoroughly, and has the best of city reference. Address M. M., Box No. 194 *Times* Office; or at Mr. Stilling's harness-store, in Broadway, between 27th and 28th sts., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDNER, BY A man of long experience, who understands the care of hot and cold vineries, greenhouses, fruit-trees, and general gardening; has the best of reference. Address C. N., Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st., for two days.

WANTED—A FARMERS' SITUATION, BY AN American man who is thoroughly experienced in the management of farm stock or dairy; or would take a farm on shares; family small. Inquire for FARMER, at Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man, who has had many years' experience in the business; he is entirely competent to take the entire charge of a gentleman's place; can give the best of references. Address W. G., No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a married man, who thoroughly understands the business; the wife would go as cook; has no family; has the best of reference; country preferred. Address P. B., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST RESPECtable young man, as waiter in a private family, who has the very best of city references. Can be seen at his present employer's, No. 77 5th-av., between 15th and 16th sts., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a French man; is a married man; understands his business in all its branches, and can come well recommended. Address J. F., Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman or porter; understands the care and management of horses; best of city reference. Address No. 67 West 15th-st., for two days.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family, with the best of reference. Call for two days. Address M. N., at No. 862 Broadway, confectionery.

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a steady single man, who thoroughly understands his business; would have no objection to make himself useful; good city reference. Address M. F., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS GARDENER, German, single, well acquainted with all branches of gardening, a situation requiring a man to take care of greenhouse, hothouse, graperies, laying out garden, &c. Address A., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER OR coachman, if required; is a good farmer; can take full charge of a gentleman's place; is a married man, Scotch, no incumbrance. Address V. M., Box No. 175 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN AND HIS WIFE, situations in the one house as waiter and cook; has best of city reference; will be willing and obliging; city or country. Address D. R., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man; has the best of city reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 50 4th-av., Campbell's saddlery establishment.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE single man, as coachman, who has long experience in this city; can procure the best of city reference. Call at or address, 568 Broadway, Dunscomb, harnessmaker.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a married man; understands gardening in all its branches; has the best of reference from his last place. Address J. S., Box 209, *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTable Protestant man, as coachman and gardener; willing to make himself useful; good references; city or country. Call at BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND gardener, by a married man, (English,) who understands his business, and can come well recommended. Address J. R. Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE American man and his wife, as foreman on a farm; is willing to work hard; is an excellent farmer, good gardener; also coachman and groom. Call at 378 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A PLACE TO assist in farming and stock; first-rate teamster, and can come with good recommendations. Address J. B., Box No. 191 *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family, by a competent young man, whose character will bear the strictest investigation. Call or address W. C., No. 75 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a steady, single Protestant man; English; city reference. Address WILLIAM, Protestant Office, No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SINGLE MAN a situation as coachman; has long experience in city. Can be seen at WOOD BROTHERS, No. 888 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, MARRIED, a situation as coachman; understands the care and management of horses; best of city references. Address C. B., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, BY A young man who thoroughly understands his business; the best of city reference give. Address J. M., box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a married man; understands gardening in all its branches; has the best of city reference. Address T. B., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY A PROTESTANT single man, as coachman; he fully understands his business in every respect; country preferred; has good reference. Inquire at No. 125 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a single man, who perfectly understands the business; has the best city reference. Address, for two days, M. C., Box No. 218 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS VEGETABLE gardener, by a German, a single man; will make himself generally useful. Address H. D., seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a single man. Can be seen at his present employer's for two days, No. 39 5th-av., or a note addressed ADVERTISER will be attended to.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and gardener to a private family; the best of reference to be given. Address, O., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man; can give good reference. Address F. D., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, EMPLOYMENT as watchman; has the best of reference. Address M., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A single man; has the best reference. Address M. L., Box No. 193 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE PROTESTANT MAN a situation as coachman and gardener; good reference. Call or address No. 11 6th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN to work on a small farm; has good reference. Address J. M., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

TO WHOLESALE HOUSES.—ANY HOUSE wishing to secure the services of a general business man, of middle age, will do well to address T. F., Box No. 131 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT buyer in a notions and fancy-goods stock, and capable of taking entire charge of the stock; must spend his time between New-York and a Western city, and must have some knowledge of selling goods. A liberal arrangement will be made with a young man of unexceptionable character, who can produce satisfactory references. Address, with references, NOTIONS, New-Haven, Conn.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN, AS COACHMAN one who thoroughly understands the business, and has had some experience in farm work and gardening, and is willing to make himself useful on a place in the country when not engaged with his duties as coachman; to such a man steady employment and fair wages will be paid. Address EDWARD O. EATON, Troy, N. Y.

WANTED—A WOMAN AS NURSE FOR SMALL children and seamstress; must be a good sewer, kind to children, intelligent, read well; a Protestant preferred; good references required. Apply to Mrs. BATES, No. 10 West 39th-st., from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO TRAVEL IN New-York and Ohio, as agent for a hoop-skirt and corset manufactory. Any one having an acquaintance in these States, and who can produce satisfactory references, may address Box No. 426 Post-office, Birmingham, Conn.

WANTED—A FRENCH OR GERMAN NURSE, to take charge of two little girls of eight and two years old; she must be a capable seamstress and have reference in this country. Apply before 10 A. M., at No. 86 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A BOY IN A BROKER'S OFFICE IN Wall-st., to do the errands, assist in the writing, and to make himself generally useful. Address, in the handwriting of the applicant, N. R. & Co., Box. No. 3,148 Post-office, with references.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT NURSE AND seamstress; liberal wages will be paid to one thoroughly competent, who is in all respects highly recommended. Apply to No. 299 5th-av., for three days, from 9 A. M. until 12.

WANTED—A FIRST-RATE GROOM AND DRIver, a Protestant and single preferred, with good references in this city. Address, stating name, age, from what country, and references, Box No. 4,675 Post-office.

WANTED—SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED FIRST-class men, accustomed to Broadway trade; none others need apply. Wages liberal. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway and 10th-st.

WANTED—AN ENTRY CLERK, IN A DRY goods commission house; one who writes a good hand and has had some experience. Address Box No. 4,960 Post-office.

WANTED—A COACH-PAINTER; ONE THAT understands coach-painting and varnishing, can have steady work by calling at Mr. BIGELOW'S, No. 150 Chatham-st. Call from 11 until 3.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS WAITtress in a small family; city references required. Apply from 9 to 12 o'clock, at No. 137 East 15th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT CHAMBERMAID and seamstress. Apply, with city reference, at No. 118 Waverley-place, between 12 and 2 o'clock.

BOY WANTED—FROM 14 TO 18 YEARS OLD, to attend a bookstore; must be a good writer and well recommended. Apply at No. 237 Bleecker-st.

WOOL-SORTERS WANTED—AT CATSkill Woolen Mill, Leeds, N. Y. Apply at mill, or to SAMUEL HANNA, No. 143 Chambers-st., New-York.

BOY WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE BOOT and shoe store; an intelligent lad, who can write well, and living with his parents. Address Box No. 3,990 Post-office, giving reference.

THE SCIENCE OF MEDICINE SHOULD stand simple, pure, majestic, having fact for its basis, induction for its pillar, truth alone for its capital. So stand HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS, established over 16 years.

OFFICE BOY WANTED—WHO WRITES A plain neat hand, resides with his parents, and can give references, stating salary required, and age. Address X. Y. W., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

DENTISTRY.

N. B. GRIFFIN BROTHERS, DENTISTS, Having disposed of their Brooklyn establishment, may be consulted only at No. 258 Grand-st., New-York, where they continue to insert full sets of teeth on gold or platina, $35; silver or rubber, $10; partial sets gold, $3 per tooth; silver, $1. Extracting, 25 cents.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGinated and make a specialty of Nitrous Oxide for extracting. "Experience makes perfect." Come to headquarters, Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

AUCTION SALES.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF 32 LOTS ON EAST 76TH AND 77TH STS.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 9, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

77TH-ST.—8 lots on north side, between 1st and 2d avs. 4 lots south side, between 1st and 2d avs.

76TH-ST.—5 lots north side, between 1st and 2d avs. 4 lots and 7 gores on south side, between 1st and 2d avs. 2 lots and gores north side, between 1st and Avenue A.

All the above lots are 25 by 102 feet 2 inches, with the exception of the gores, which vary in depth from 40 to 70 feet.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, on THURSDAY, March 9, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., a large and general assortment of household furniture, consisting of rosewood and black walnut parlor and library suites, richly carved; velvet, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets, lounges, bedsteads, cottage suites, rosewood and black walnut etageres, extension tables, French plate mirrors, wardrobes, oil cloths, mattresses, bedding, crockery and glassware, &c., &c.

Also, an invoice of cigars, a part of which are unsurpassed in this market.

Also, three rosewood piano-fortes, one an elegant instrument, made by Firth, Pond & Co. of this city.

Also, balance of Irish linen goods, for account of whom it may concern, left from last sale.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer—Office No. 8 Pine-st.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF DWELLING HOUSE AND VACANT LOTS AT AUCTION, on THURSDAY, March 9,

At 12 o'clock M., at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

Vacant lots in the following streets:

44th, 58th, 59th, Avenue A, near 59th-st., and 73d-st. House in 53d-st., between 2d and 3d avs., three-story, high-stoop, brick, about 21x40. Lot 21x100.4.

Terms at sale, which will be liberal.

Maps, with further particulars, at the office of the auctioneer, No. 8 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSES ON CANTON-ST., OPPOSITE CITY PARK, AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, March 9, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:

CANTON-ST.—Three brick houses and lots on the easterly side of Canton-st., opposite City Park, between Flushing and Park avs., and known as Nos. 4, 5 and 9. The houses are each 18 feet 3 inches by 34 feet, two stories in front and three stories in the rear, and have an extension of 12 feet. Lots 80 feet deep.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REYNOLDS TURBINE

WATER WHEELS

TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

WATER POWER WANTED.

Parties having water power for sale or to rent will please furnish description of same to TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

WATER-POWERS FOR SALE.

TO CAPITALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS.

We have lists of a great number of water-powers of both large and small capacity, some of them near this city. Persons in want of such property will find it to their interest to call.

Engineers skilled in making plans and estimates for buildings and machinery will be furnished when required. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, 170 Broadway.

TURKISH BATHS,

At No. 13 Laight-st., New-York. Hours for Gentlemen from 6 to 8 A. M., and from 3 to 9 P. M.; for Ladies, from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. Closed on Sundays.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A large stock always on hand at

LOWER PRICES

than any other establishment in the city.

A. KLABER'S MANTEL WORKS,

No. 169 East 18th-st., near 3d-av. Cut this out.

VACCINATION.

Those who desire can have virus used direct from the kine, thus escaping the danger of introducing Scrofula Siphelitic and other poisons into the system. Apply to Dr. MILLER, No. 15 Laight-st., between 9 and 12 A. M.

A GENTLEMAN OF 27 YEARS, JUST entered on a professional practice in the city, with unexceptional character and standing, good prospects, and a present income of about $2,000, desires the acquaintance of a young lady of suitable character, quality and standing, with a view to a delightful and permanent friendship. A lady willing to accept such an acquaintance, with every assurance of sincerity, every credential of character, who will have the politeness to inclose her address to LOYALTY, Box No. 106 *Times* Office, may secure a pleasant acquaintance, without the slightest apprehension that her confidence will be shared by any but the writer.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS
FOR NATIONAL CELEBRATION OF UNION VICTORIES,
March 4, 1865,
NEW-YORK, March 7, 1865.

ALL BILLS OF EXPENSES INCURRED in the celebration must be rendered to the committee before 4 P. M. TO-MORROW, at their Room, No. 18 Astor-house.

When audited will be immediately paid by the Treasurer.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements.

WILLIAM T. BLODGETT, Chairman.

FRANK E. HOWE, Secretary.

WOOL TWINE.—40,000 LBS. SINGLE AND two-ply American hemp Twine in skeins, for tying wool. Also, a large stock of Jute

WOOL TWINE IN BALL.

CARPET WARP, colored and uncolored, first, second and third qualities.

H. A. HARVEY, No. 84 Maiden-lane, New-York.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties and immediate in its action.

ALLEVIATOR FOR CORNS, BUNIONS, tender feet, &c., sample sheet by mail for ten cents. Briggs' Alleviator and Curative, sold by all druggists. All diseases of the feet successfully treated by DR. J. BRIGGS, Chiropodist, No. 212 Broadway, over Knox's, and No. 920 Broadway, corner 21st-st.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Wardwell's National Writing Fluid," and "Keys' American Union Ink." No sendiment, flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by C. W. WARDWELL & CO., successors to J. G. KEYS. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ACT OF THE Legislature, entitled "An act to enable the Trustee for the stockholders and creditors of 'the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Albany,' and the Receiver of the Bank of Albany, to apply and dispose of the property and funds yet remaining under such trust, and to close up such trust," passed Feb. 27, 1865, all persons having circulating notes or bills of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Albany, are hereby notified and required to present the same for redemption to JACOB H. TEN EYCK, sole acting Trustee, or to ADAM VAN ALLEN, Receiver of the Bank of Albany, at the First National Bank, in the City of Albany, on or before the eleventh (11th) day of September, 1865. J. H. TEN EYCK, Trustee.

ALBANY, March 3, 1865.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF PETER DORLAND, Surrogate of Dutchess County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William Henry Grant, late of the town of Amenia, in said county, deceased, are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, Jane A. Grant, executrix of said estate, at her residence in the town of Amenia, on or before the 25th day of May next, or, in default thereof, their claims will be debarred and precluded from payment by said executrix out of said estate. Dated Nov. 18, 1864.

JANE A. GRANT, Executrix.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW MUSIC—"CHARLESTON IS OURS." A soul-stiring song with chorus; sung with immense applause by Mrs. Meitzke and the Amateur Musical Society, of North Granville Ladies Seminary, at the celebration of Washington's Birth Day, dedicated to Sherman's heroic army. Music by Prof. Meitzke; price 30 cents; will be issued Saturday. "A Home on the Mountain," a spirited ballad, by Mrs. E. A. Parkhurst. This is one of the best productions of this eminent composer. Price 35 cents, mailed free. Publisher, HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

A BOOK CONTAINING AN ACCOUNT OF piles, fistula, stricture, and thirty other important diseases, will be sent on receipt of twenty-five cents, or can be obtained on application to HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., operating and consulting surgeon, No. 12 Union-square, New-York.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.

TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N.Y.

PORTABLE ENGINES FOR SALE, OF 8, 10, 12 and 15 horse power, in store. BAYLEY & HILL, No. 58 John-st.

ENGINE FOR SALE.—A MODERN HORIZONTAL steam engine, 30-horse power. Can be seen at No. 450 West-st., corner Bank.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY.

NO. 212 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST. N. Y.

NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.

Classes for gentlemen on TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, in Brooklyn—WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in N. Y., at 8 o'clock. Call for a circular.

A READY AND CONCLUSIVE TEST OF the properties of HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU will be a comparison with those set forth in the United States Dispensary.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

TO LET—A COMMODIOUS PRIVATE STABLE in University-place, between 13th and 14th sts. Inquire of C. H. MARSHALL, No. 38 East 14th-st.

FOR SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—A pair of bay carriage-horses, 15½ hands high, together with carriage, sleigh, and harness. Apply at the stable, No. 111 West 18th-st.

AUCTION SALES.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 15th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Storehouse of Messrs. Bailey & Steel, No. 40 Commercial Wharf, Brooklyn.

THE CARGO OF THE PRIZE STEAMER BLENHEIM, consisting of
BLANKETS,
ARMY CLOTHS,
SAL SODA,
SODA ASH,
BEEF AND PORK,
GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS, &c., &c.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE PRIVATE RESIDENCE ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 8, 1865, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York—

WILLOW-ST.—The desirable three-story frame house (filled in with brick) and lot, No. 89 Willow-st., between Clark and Pierrepont sts., Brooklyn Heights. The house is 26 ft. 8 in. by about 38 ft., with two story extension of about 10 ft.; has all the improvements, gas, hot and cold water, heaters, range, &c., and is in first-rate order. Lot 100 ft. deep. The above is one of the finest locations for residence in Brooklyn. Terms at sale. Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE

OF DESIRABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY

On East Broadway. E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 8, 1865, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) N. Y., by order of Walter and J. L. Underhill, Executors of Estate of the late J. S. Underhill, deceased:

EAST BROADWAY.—The 3-story and basement brick house and lot, No. 181 East Broadway, south side, between Rutgers and Jefferson sts. House 26 feet 1 inch by 46 feet, lot 26 feet 1 inch by 100 feet. Terms at sale.

Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., N. Y.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 15th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., on board thereof the prize steamer *Blenheim*, her tackle, apparel, furniture, &c., as she now lies.

N. B.—The above vessel now lies at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE, BY T. R. MINTURN.

By virtue of an order of the United States District Court, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, at the warehouse of Messrs. Bailey & Steele, No. 40 Commercial-wharf, Atlantic-dock, Brooklyn, the cargo of the prize steamer *Charlotte*, consisting of Hardware, Groceries, Paper, Shoes, Hats, Army Cloth, Army Blankets, Solid Shot, Cartridges, Enfield Rifles, Army Buttons, Machinery, &c., &c., &c. The catalogues will be ready three days previous to sale. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal, Southern District of New York.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE,

BY T. R. MINTURN.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 13th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, on board thereof:

The prize steamer *Charlotte*, her tackle, apparel and furniture, as she now lies.

The above-named vessel now lies at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.

R. MURRAY,
United States Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

DATED MARCH 1, 1865.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

By BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 9th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock at noon, on board thereof, the prize steamer *Stag*, her tackle, apparel, furniture, engines, &c., as she now lies.

N. B.—The above-named vessel now lies at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.

R. MURRAY,
U. S. Marshal.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

NINETY-NINE LOTS AND GORES ON Avenue A, 1st-av., 77th, 78th and 79th sts. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at public auction on FRIDAY, March 10, 1865, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. (By order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of John A. Weeks, Esq., referee in the matter of the petition of the trustees of the New-York Protestant Episcopal School.)

AVENUE A—8 lots, being the whole front on the west side of Avenue A, between 77th and 78th sts., corners each 27,2 by 94 feet; inside lots each 25 by 94 feet.

ALSO.—8 lots, being the whole front on the west side of Avenue A, between 78th and 79th sts., dimensions same as above.

1ST-AV.—7 lots on the east side of 1st-av., commencing at the southeast corner of 79th-st.

77TH-ST.—17 lots on the north side of 77th-st., whole front between Avenue A and 1st-av., each 25x102.2.

78TH-ST.—17 lots on the south side of 78th-st., in rear of above, each 25 by 102.2.

ALSO—17 lots on the north side of 78th-st., whole front between Avenue A and 1st-av., each 25 by 102.2; 8 gore lots near 1st-av., lying between 77th and 78th sts.

79TH-ST.—17 lots on the south side of 79th-st., whole front between Avenue A and 1st-av., each 25 by 102.2.

Maps may be had at the Auctioneer's Office, No. 3 Pine-st. CHARLES E. STRONG, Attorney.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CARPETS, CHINA, GLASS, &C.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, March 9, 1865, at 11 o'clock, at the residence No. 41 West 9th-st., near 6th-av., all the furniture, &c., contained in said house, consisting in part of richly carved rosewood parlor suite in crimson satin, sofas and easy chairs in damask, rosewood and mahogany centre tables, fine French plate pier and mantel mirrors, carved walnut and oak French bedsteads, wardrobes, marble-top dressing bureaus, washstands, spring beds, pailasses, hair and straw mattresses, bolsters and pillows, solid oak extension table, marble-top buffets, dining chairs, etageres, library tables and chairs, fine engravings and photographs, reps and lace curtains, mantel ornaments, French china and cut glass, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, together with the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Also, all the elegant bronze and gilt chandeliers, gas fixtures, &c.

Catalogues at the office, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY CORNER fourth and Charles sts. E. H. LUDLOW & Co., will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY March 8, 1865, at twelve o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:

FOURTH AND CHARLES STS.—The two valuable lots, with the six brick and frame dwellings and brick stables thereon, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Charles sts, being 52 feet 6 inches front and rear by 90 feet 8 inches on each side.

CHARLES-ST.—Four lots, with the frame dwellings thereon, known as Nos. 43, 45, 47 and 49 Charles-st., near Fourth-st., and adjoining above.

A large portion of the purchase money may remain on mortgage at 6 per cent., if desired.

Maps, &c., may be had at the Auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

DWELLING HOUSES AND LOTS ON SUFFOLK-ST., AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO.
Will sell at auction,
WEDNESDAY, March 8, 1865, at 12 o'clock,
at the Exchange Salesroom,
No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) N. Y.,

SUFFOLK-ST.—The 7 two-story and attic brick-front houses and lots, Nos. 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146 and 148 Suffolk-st., east side, between Rivington and Stanton sts. Houses 30 feet 2 inches deep. Lots 100 feet deep, with frame stables on the rear.

Terms at sale.

Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

PROPOSALS.

No. 2.]
OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 27, 1865.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until FRIDAY, March 10, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this department with

SKY BLUE KERSEY—Army Standard.

D. B. UNIFORM CLOTH—Army Standard.

To be delivered free of charge at the United States Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good, new packages.

Parties offering goods, should make separate proposals for each article offered, and must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price (*which should be written both in words and figures*) and conform to the terms of this advertisement, a copy of which should accompany each proposal.

Standard samples of the articles required may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

Samples when submitted must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposals will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Friday, March 10, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Saturday, March 11, 1865.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts, and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for [here insert the name of the article offered]," and address

C. W. MOULTON,
Depot Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

Proposals for furnishing the Medical Purveying Department in this city, with stationery are respectfully invited.

Manufacturers and dealers are requested to send samples, with price list, to this office, as early as practicable.

C. SUTHERLAND,
Surgeon U. S. A., Medical Purveyor.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 28, 1865.

ASSISTANT Q. M. OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT,
No. 66 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, Jan. 27, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED daily at this office, for the furnishing of this department with

CORN,
OATS,
HAY AND STRAW.

Parties will specify in their propositions how the Hay and Straw is baled, and whether the Grain is sacked or in bulk.

E. D. CHAPMAN, Captain and Q. M.

FOR SALE.

FARMS AND COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE.

20 on the North River, $3,000 to $20,000.
6 at Kensico and White Plains, $3,000 to $12,000.
5 at Mamaroneck, $5,000 to $15,000.
20 at Rye and Portchester, $1,500 to $30,000.
15 at Greenwich and Stamford, $2,000 to $25,000.
20 at Plainfield and Rahway, $2,500 to $20,000.
10 at Bloomfield and Irvington, $2,000 to $30,000.
15 in Rockland County, $3,000 to $15,000.

And others in all parts of New-York and New-Jersey at prices from $1,500 to $40,000. Apply to S. J. IRELAND, No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 12.

CHAMBER-STREET STORES

FOR SALE.

Messrs. MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., have for sale two valuable stores, Nos. 157 and 159 Chambers-st. Maps can be seen at their office, where all information can be obtained.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, WITH FARM, on the New-Jersey Central Railroad, sixty miles from New-York, situated in the Musconetcong Valley, which for fertile soil and splendid mountain scenery is unsurpassed in the United States. The farm contains 100 acres of land, 90 being rich limestone-soil under thorough cultivation. Buildings modern, and are models in style, strength and convenient arrangement, being built three years since for the present owner's use, by day's work; house gothic, well broken up, contains 14 rooms and 25 closets, finished throughout with woodwork oiled and varnished, and inside blinds below; stands upon a knoll commanding from every window a magnificent view for 20 miles up and down the valley. Attached are woodhouse, ice-house, filled, and good tenant-house; very large barn, wagon-house and hen-house of complete finish; fine lawn with abundance of young evergreen and shade-trees, graveled road; seven acres of apple, peach and pear-orchard and vineyard; house five minutes' walk from station, with 12 passenger trains per day; price, cost in specie times. Apply at Room No. 3 (third floor,) No. 170 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—Two four-story, brown-stone-front, high-stoop houses, in 35th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.; houses 20 and 25 feet by 50 feet; lots 100 feet; price $11,000. Three Philadelphia brick houses in Brooklyn, east side of Hamilton-st., next street to Clinton-av.; houses 18 9-12 x39 and 45 feet; lots 100 feet deep; water and gas; price $3,250 and $3,750; terms liberal; excellent neighborhood; possession on or before May 1. Apply at No. 54 William-st., Room No. 19, from 10 to 2 o'clock.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT brown-stone front houses, Nos. 131, 135, and 151 West 36th-st., near Broadway; single houses 20x50; lots half the block; have the modern improvements; will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply, before 10 and after 4, at No. 35 West 36th-st., or between 12 and 3 o'clock to JAMES HURRY, No. 84 Beaver-st.

$8,500.—A BEAUTIFUL FARM OF 92 acres, near Paterson; new house, 13 rooms, farm-house, barns, &c.; stock and crops included; 26 acres on the Passaic; brick house, $6,000; 20 acres, $4,000; 23 acres, $3,500; 104 acres, $5,500; elegant residence and 56 acres, $6,500; 67 acres, $4,000.

WELLING & DRURY, No. 14 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—WITH OR WITHOUT FURNITURE, a four-story, high-stoop, brown-stone-front house and lot, on 34th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., in perfect order; independent walls; house painted and frescoed throughout; full lot. For particulars and permits, apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 358 WEST 23d-st.; lot 25 by half the block; house first-class, brick, 25 by 50, three stories, high stoop, basement and sub-cellar; contains all modern improvements, neatly frescoed, gas fixtures, &c. Permits of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or C. COLES, 161 West Broadway.

A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE HOUSE, four-story, high-stoop, 21x55, on 43d-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway, (fine location,) for sale low. Also, on 47th, 46th, 42d, 39th, 38th, 37th, 36th, 35th, 32d, 30th, 27th, 23d, 19th, 16th and 14th sts., near 5th-av.

W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

$7,000.—A FINE MODERN RESIDENCE, 11 rooms, ¾ acre of choice garden, fruit, shade, &c., beautifully located, 11 miles from City Hall; Westchester Co.; convenient to churches, schools, depot, &c. A bargain.

W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

GLEN COVE.—FOR SALE, A COUNTRY SEAT, 22 acres; house 45 by 40 feet, with wing; piazza on three sides; all modern improvements; barns, stables, &c.; one mile from steamboat landing and two and a half miles from Railroad Depot. Apply to WM. UNDERHILL, No. 183 Water-st.

FOR SALE AT MAMARONECK.—A FINE country seat with eight acres of land, bounded by and fronting on Long Island Sound; house 42 by 50 feet, finished in the best style; all necessary outbuildings; price, $20,000. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE IN BERGEN CO., N. J., situate at Teaneck, one mile from Northern Railroad, Fort Lee Station, containing 40 acres, with a new house and barn, good orchard, &c. Apply to J. J. TALLMAN, No. 192 Broadway.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE BOUNTY LOAN.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
ALBANY, March 1, 1865.

In pursuance of an act of the Legislature of this State, being chapter 56 of the laws of 1865, passed Feb. 27, 1865, authorizing a loan of $30,000,000 for the payment of bounties, levying a tax for that amount or so much thereof as may be necessary, and authorizing the Comptroller to issue revenue bonds in anticipation of such tax, notice is hereby given that investments in said loan to the extent of $5,000,000, and as much more as may be required, can be made immediately by depositing the money in the Manhattan Bank, in the City of New-York, to the credit of the State Treasury, in sums not less than $1,000. Certificates of such deposits will be given, and the bonds will be delivered as soon as they can be prepared. They will bear interest at the rate of SEVEN PER CENT. per annum from the date of the deposit, payable quarterly on the 1st days of January, April, July and October, at the Manhattan Bank, the first payment of interest to be made on the 1st day of July next. The principal will be redeemable July 1, 1866, or will, at the option of the State, be converted into a seven per cent. stock, to be issued in pursuance of the act, chapter 29 of the Laws of 1865.

L. ROBINSON, Comptroller.

FERRY FRANCHISES AT AUCTION,

AT THE CITY HALL.

On THURSDAY, April 6, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder with adequate security, for a term of ten years from the first day of May, 1865:

The lease of the ferry as now established from the foot of Whitehall-street to Staten Island.

The lease of the franchise of the ferry as now established from the foot of Barclay-street to Hoboken, New-Jersey.

The lease of the franchise of the ferry as now established from the foot of Tenth-street, East River, to Greenpoint, Long Island.

The said several ferry leases will be sold, with all the rights, privileges and advantages thereof, belonging to the Corporation of the City of New-York.

Terms and conditions of sale may be had on application at the Comptroller's Office.

By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

DOCKS AND SLIPS, HOUSES, MARKET CELLARS, AND OTHER PROPERTY BELONGING TO THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, TO BE LEASED AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller will on THURSDAY, the 6th April, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the City Hall, lease on bids at public auction, docks and slips, houses, market cellars, and other Corporation property, for a term of years from the first day of May, 1865.

Catalogues containing the description, location and terms of sale, may be had upon application to the Collector of City Revenue, at this office.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 6, 1865.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE, March 6, 1865.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 16th day of March, 1865, I shall proceed to draw for the following courts, to be held in and for the City and County of New-York, on the 3d day of April, 1865:

A panel of 100 petit jurors for a Supreme Court—Circuit, and Oyer and Terminer, Part 1.

Two panels of 100 petit jurors each, for a Supreme Court—Circuit, Parts 1 and 2.

Two panels of 104 jurors each, for a Supreme Court, Parts 1 and 2.

Two panels of 104 petit jurors each, for a Court of Common Pleas, Parts 1 and 2.

A panel of 36 grand jurors for Oyer and Terminer, and a panel of 150 petit jurors, for a Court of General Sessions. WM. C. CONNER, Clerk.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm name of BOWLEND, CAPEN & CO., for the transaction of a General Commission business at No. 4 Cedar-st., New York, and No. 6 Custom-House-st., Boston.

GEO. BOWLEND.
EDWARD N. CAPEN.
WARREN SHERMAN.

NEW-YORK, March 2, 1865.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of CLARK & STORMS, at Rochester, Buffalo and Geneva, New-York, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The liabilities, &c., of the firm are assumed by GEO. N. STORMS, under whose name the business will hereafter be continued.

(Signed,) AMOS CLARK.
(Signed,) GEORGE N. STORMS.

NEW-YORK, March 2, 1865.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY entered into copartnership under the name of

HARDY & GUTHREY,

for the purpose of buying and selling Stocks, Bonds and Gold, exclusively on commission.

Offices, for the present, at No. 72 Beaver-st.

HENRY C. HARDY,
JNO. GARNETT GUTHREY.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

THE FIRM OF FOLGER & TURNER IS this day dissolved by mutual consent. WM. B. FOLGER having purchased the interest of his retiring partner, will continue the business, and settle all business of the old firm on demand. All persons indebted to the late firm will settle with WM. B. FOLGER, at the old establishment, No. 118 John-st.

WM. B. FOLGER,
HENRY W. TURNER.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 25, 1865.

THE UNDERSIGNED, (JOHN LEONARD, of Brooklyn, late in the employ of P. Cassidy,) has this day formed a copartnership as dealers in old and new iron, metals and machinery of all descriptions, No. 166 Water-st., Brooklyn.

JOHN LEONARD,
PETER FINNEY.

BROOKLYN, March 1, 1865.

FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE—THE MANSION AND FARM of fifty acres situated at Glenville, Connecticut. Glenville is about two and three-quarter miles from Port Chester; Port Chester is one hour and a quarter ride on the New Haven R. R., from this city. The situation is unsurpassed for health and beautiful drives and scenery, and free from mosquitoes and fever and ague. The mansion was built about ten years since, contains all the modern conveniences, water, hot and cold, throughout the house. Two-thirds of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage, at six per cent., for a term of years. If required, the furniture will be sold also, and all ready for an immediate occupant. Apply to FENTZ BROS., No. 155 South-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, BEAUTIFULLY-situated and healthy country residence, (a new house,) containing kitchen, wash-cistern and well water, range, &c., dining-room, pantries, &c., on one floor; arched parlors, marble mantels, library-room, reception-room, &c., eight more rooms and pantries not mentioned in the above; carriage-house, stable, cow-barn, with five to six acres of land, with a great quantity of fruit of all kinds, at Newtown, Long Island, five miles from New-York City; time, 15 minutes by railroad, every hour. One-half can remain on bond and mortgage for five or ten years. No agent need apply. N. B.—Parlor furniture will be sold, if required, at a fair price. BENJ. ALBRO, corner of 17th-st. and 3d-av.

FOR SALE AT CORNWALL—A VALUABLE country seat, containing about 50 acres, four miles from Newburgh, one from Canterbury, two from Cornwall Landing, commanding a fine view of the Hudson River and surrounding country, under good improvements, a choice variety of fruit, a neat cottage house and suitable outbuildings. The location is desirable for building sites. Can be conveniently divided into ten-acre lots, with desirable views from each. Payments accommodating. Apply to JAMES M. BARRETT, No. 30 Murray-st., or on the premises to WM. V. DUSINBERRE.

FOR SALE IN UTICA.—THE ELEGANT house and lot No. 53 Broad-st., lot about 50x243 feet, extending from Broad to Catharine-st., in the rear; the house has on the first floor, a large drawingroom, library, bed room, dining-room, winter and summer kitchens and wood sheds. On the second floor are seven chambers and a large bath room; it has gas, water, bells, furnaces, water closet &c.; the garden is well stocked with choice fruits; a portion of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for a term of years if desired. Address No. 270 Genesee-st., Utica.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICKHOUSE and grounds No. 108 Orange-st., Newark, N. J.; house 25 by 46 and alley-way; lot 31 by about 200; rear fronting on Morris-av.; the grounds are well laid out, containing 85 fruit trees, grape vines, currant and gooseberry bushes, &c.; it is within two minutes' walk of Morris and Essex Railroad depot; the Orange horse cars pass in front every few minutes. For further particulars inquire of DAVID R. GARNISS, No. 79 Cedar-st., Room No. 10, or on the premises.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FIRST-class residence in Eastchester, Westchester Co., consisting of about 54 acres, and only one hour's ride from New-York, on the New-Haven Railroad. Fine outbuildings, comprising large barns, stables, carriage-house, ice-house full of ice, large vegetable garden. Three dwelling-houses besides the main house. The place is also well stocked with fruit trees. Apply to JOHN B. DUNHAM, No. 75 East 13th-st.

A LARGE AND COMMODIOUS SUMMER RESIDENCE FOR SALE—With 15 acres attached, finely situated, in the most delightful and healthy district of the county, a short distance from Newburgh, Orange County. If not sold before 1st May, will be open for the accommodation of a few Summer boarders. For information inquire of HENRY MILLER, No. 28 Leonard-st., on the 8th and 9th of March, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

FOR SALE—ON ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH-ST., between 3d and 4th avs., near the Central Park, several neat, well-finished cottage houses, eight rooms each, and fine yards and outbuildings; facilities good for getting down town. Price $2,500. Also, on 90th-st., near Avenue A, a brick house, two-story, basement and sub-cellar. Price $4,000; three-fourths may remain on mortgage. Inquire of D. BIDWELL, 254 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, within thirty minutes by rail of the city, commodious house, modern conveniences; grounds elegantly laid out, carriage house, stable, &c.; this is one of the most desirable residences in the vicinity of New-York; price $30,000. Apply to J. S. CLOUGH, No. 290 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—AT GREENWICH, CONN., A COTTAGE house with half an acre of ground, situated on Greenwich-av., within ten minutes' walk of the cars. The house is in perfect order, and the garden is well supplied with fruit. Inquire on the premises, or of G. W. HUNT, at the Importers' and Traders' Bank, No. 247 Broadway, New-York City.

FOR SALE—AT ORANGE, N. J., A PLACE containing about 2½ acres of land; house has 13 rooms, built in the best manner, with all modern improvements; good barn with room for 6 horses; also other outbuildings; garden stocked with the best varieties of fruit trees. For further particulars and price address Box No. 5,448 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, IN A FINE LOCATION, one of the best houses in the city. It has a brown-stone front, was built for the owner's own occupancy; four stories high; 26 by 55 feet, all in perfect order throughout; stable in rear; six lots of ground. Price $35,000. Apply to HOMER MOGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—A COTTAGE, situated at the corner of Spring and Water-sts.; contains 12 rooms, about half an acre of land, fine lawn and shrubbery; garden well stocked with fruit. Apply to BENJAMIN OGDEN, No. 221 Broad-st., Elizabeth, opposite the depot.

FOR SALE—IN THE HIGHLANDS OF THE Hudson, 1½ miles from Garrison's Station, on Hudson River Railroad, opposite West Point; 4 acres of land with new dwelling house containing six rooms. Inquire of Ticket Agent at Garrison's, or by letter to Box No. 3 Garrison's Post-office, Putnam Co., New-York.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, ON SOUTH OXFORD-ST., 175 feet north of Lafayette-av., west side, three or more of that magnificently finished block of high stoop, brown-stone front, four-story houses, 22x50x100; a most desirable location, 15 minutes' ride from ferries. Terms easy. Must be sold. Apply on the premises to THOS. FAGAN.

HOUSE NO. 28 WEST 12TH-ST., FOR sale; unless sold soon will be rented for $2,000; brown-stone, English basement, substantially built, modern style and in good order. Apply to C. PATRIDGE, No. 72 Front-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A GOTHIC COTTAGE, with 1½ acres land, good barn, &c., on main road to Yonkers, ¼ mile above Kings' Bridge. Rent, $300; price, $4,500. Apply to COOPER BROTHERS, No. 457 3d-av.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND FORTY acres for sale, 20 miles in New-Jersey, and half mile from depot; large modern built house and outbuildings, well shaded, fruited, watered and fenced. Inquire of E. A. CLARK, No. 82 Cedar-st., first floor.

A HOUSE AND FOUR LOTS FOR SALE in East New-York; house contains ten rooms, with all modern improvements; part of purchase money can remain on mortgage. Apply to JAMES R. POND, No. 586 6th-av., or No. 180 Bleecker-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, on the Hudson-Jersey shore, opposite 86th-st., New-York; house 40 feet square and 11 acres of ground; price $18,000. Apply to H. GOMEZ, No. 82 Amity-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A NICE COTTAGE HOUSE, WITH six lots of ground, handsomely laid out with fruit, trees and shrubbery, at Fairmount, near horse cars, on Broad-st., third house from plank walk. Inquire of H. W. KING, Portchester, or Rogge's Hotel, Mott Haven.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-story brick house, No. 187 Degraw, third house west of Henry-st., pleasantly situated, with water, furnace, gas, range, &c., in good order. GEO. A. JARVIS, at office of Lenox Insurance Company, No. 16 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—IN YORKVILLE, A TWO-STORY and basement brick house, 20x45 feet, containing marble mantels, Croton and gas; lot 20x102 feet. Apply on the premises, first house east of 2d-av., north side of 84th-st.

$7,000.—A BRICK HOUSE, 28x70, 14 ROOMS, about half acre of ground, two-story barn, at Rahway, N. J. For particulars, apply to No. 6 Cortlandt-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone front house and lot on 47th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. For permits and particulars, apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

WANTED TO PURCHASE — SEVERAL first-class houses and lots, on Murray Hill preferred. Also wanted, two or three double houses, with or without stables. Apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT THREE-STORY high-stoop brown-stone front house and lot on 38th-st., near Lexington-av., in perfect order. For particulars and permits, apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY brown-stone front house and lot on 42d-st., between Broadway and 6th-av., in good order; full size lot. For permits and particulars, apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone front house and lot on 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; all modern improvements. For permits and particulars, apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FARM OF ABOUT SIXTY ACRES, TEN miles from New-York City, in New-Jersey, well adapted for raising vegetables. Price $8,000.

R. FURMAN, No. 26 Cortlandt-st.

LARGE AND VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND IN WESTERN VIRGINIA FOR SALE.—Title fifty years in one family. Apply to JAMES S. MERRIAM, Attorney, No. 29 William-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT brick house and lot No. 307 West 24th-st., in complete order. Must be sold by 15th March. Apply to

J. CORBIT, No. 231 9th-av.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A HANDSOME residence, with eight acres of ground, buildings nearly new, and in good order; fine garden, fruit and shade trees, shrubbery, &c. Apply to

A. T. BROWN, No. 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIDENCE in Llewellyn Park, at Orange, N. J. For particulars apply to J. B. MERRICK & SON,

No. 70 William-st., New-York, or

L. S. HASKELL, Library Building, Orange, N. J.

FOR SALE—$5,500—NO. 87 PACIFIC-STREET, BROOKLYN.—House cost to build over $5,000; water on every floor; inside shutters; gas fixtures; terms to suit. R. C. EMBREE, No. 54 William-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE WATER-FRONT ON North River, containing nearly two blocks, with a frontage of 520 feet on the river. Apply to BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY, HIGH-STOOP, brown-stone front house No. 42 West 16th-st.; has all modern improvements.

FOR SALE.

BENEDICT & COIT'S

REAL ESTATE OFFICE, NO. 4 PINE-ST.

Houses and Stores for sale or to rent.

$500.—FOR SALE — THE FARM, STOCK, farming tools, machinery, and everything appertaining to the business of a milk dairy farm of about 70 acres, located 30 miles from New-York and three-quarters of a mile from the railroad depot. The farm is well stocked, and everything is in order for a person to go right on with the business, which will pay on the investment from the commencement. Sales of milk alone over $500 per month. This is an opportunity seldom met with by any person wishing a farm. The stock and buildings are all A No. 1, and in first-rate order. Price $12,000. Address Box No. 71 Post-office, Nanuet, Rockland County, N. Y., which will be immediately answered.

FOR SALE IN PORTCHESTER—28 MILES from New-York, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, five minutes' walk from depot, on Main-st., a two-story house, with basement; parlor 16x19, two sitting-rooms 16 by 19 and 8 by 15, dining-room 15 by 17; large kitchen, washroom and cellar; has seven bedrooms; has gas; is newly painted; papered new; marble mantels; stable 25 by 35, with two acres land; good supply of fruit and shade trees; price $6,750; two-thirds the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage; possession immediately. Apply to the owner.

B. BENT.

FOR SALE—AT RYE NECK, ONE HOUR'S RIDE from the city, a pleasantly-located cottage, containing 11 rooms, etc., with 3½ acres of land, half in lawn and half in garden, well shaded by fine old trees; plenty of fruit trees, cherries, apples, peaches, etc.; also, all the small fruits, of choice variety, barn, sheds and the usual outhouses; well and cistern water in the house; fine boating and fishing in the neighborhood; price $8,000; a part can remain on mortgage. Apply to T. S. SHEPHERD, at Conner & Sons, corner Centre and Reade sts.

DUTCHESS COUNTY FARM FOR SALE—Located at Lithgow, 4½ miles from the Harlem Railroad; there are 321 acres of land, adapted to growing grain of the first quality; the soil is a dark loam, remarkable for bearing drought without injury to crops, and not injured by excess of rain; all the various grains of Dutchess County are raised on the farm, beside an abundance of fruits; the farm is well watered; the barn is 76x72 feet; good stable for 44 head of cattle; wagon house and granary, &c.; good house, with 10 rooms, 1½ miles from churches, stores, &c.; more land adjoining could be had if desired. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT FLUSHING, LONG ISLAND—The first-class residence, 48x40 feet, two-story and French attic, with all modern improvements, three-quarter acre of land, corner Jamaica and Sandford avs., opposite St. Thomas Hall, and four minutes' walk from depot. For particulars, inquire of WILLIAMSON, GRIFFITH & CO., No. 90 Wall-st.; I. H. H. PINCKNEY, No. 78 Nassau-st., New-York, or CHARLES T. GRIFFITH, on the premises.

FOR SALE—AT MOUNT KISCO STATION, Westchester County, N. Y., on Harlem Railroad, 36 miles from the city, a very desirable residence, five minutes' walk from station. About three acres of choice land, large new house, good carriage-house, &c.; variety of choice fruit trees, just coming into good bearing; also, shade and evergreen trees; excellent water at the door. Apply to E. WRIGHT, No. 175 West-st., or to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT STAMFORD, CONN., SEVERAL desirable places. Also, at Norwalk, convenient of access, with from one to six acres of land, plenty of fruit, &c. Also, at Fairmount, Westchester. Also a splendid place on the north shore of Long Island, containing 100 acres of superior land, with stock and farming implements. Apply to J. S. MOON, No. 293½ 4th-av., near 23d-st.

SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—at Oscenta, town of Mamaroneck, twenty miles from the city by New-Haven Railroad, a splendid mansion, nearly new, 16 rooms, eight acres fine land, bounded and fronting Long Island Sound, 1½ miles from depot, fine road, finest fruit in country out budding, with cottage near to mansion. Inquire of Mr. GEO. LIENZ, Cashier Metropolitan Bank, or JOHN G. HADDEN, on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COTTAGE CONTAINING seven rooms, with cellar, barn, granary, &c., with 3 acres of land near the station, at Cranford, New-Jersey, on the Central Railroad, one hour from the city, and convenient for business men; price $3,500, or $300. Also a farm of 30 acres to let with the usual farm buildings; price, $350. Apply to N. G. FOSTER, No. 167 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—AT ASTORIA, A GOOD HOUSE, 12 rooms, large barn and stable on a 1½ acre lot. Fine lawn, shade and fruit trees, five minutes' walk from ferry and steamboat landing. If not sold soon will be let either furnished or unfurnished. Also a good house and 14 acres of land about one mile from the village. Apply to JOSIAH BLACKWELL, Astoria.

A LARGE BROWN-STONE, HIGH-STOOP house, 25x60, with a picture-gallery extension, 14x40, on Madison avenue, within three blocks of Madison-square. Will be sold for ($35,000) thirty-five thousand dollars; $11,000 cash, $4,000 in exchange, and $20,000 can remain at 6 per cent. for ten years. Address W. G. LEVISON, No. 186 Washington-st., Brooklyn, or JAMES K. POND, No. 586 Sixth-ave.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE AT MADISON, N. J.—A large modern brick mansion, with barn, carriage-house, gardener's cottage, ice-house, grapery, fruit of all sorts, and all the appointments of a first-class residence, with 25 to 160 acres of excellent land, which can be divided to suit, or the whole will be disposed of. Apply to S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st., or E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT PORT RICHMOND, STATEN Island, a cottage house, with 3½ full lots, laid out in fruit trees, grapevines, &c., stable attached, on Richmond-st., near Elizabeth-st., within five minutes' walk of the ferry; possession May 1; terms very reasonable. Apply to BRUMLEY & KELLOGG, Nos. 52 and 54 Murray-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH basement houses No. 236 West 32d-st. and Nos. 177 and 179 West 37th-st. Also, the three-story (high-stoop) brick houses No. 35 East 28th-st. and No. 306 West 43d-st. Possession 1st of May next. Apply to

T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 161 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN MOUNT Vernon, ¾ hour ride via N. H. R. R.; has 12 rooms, good cellars, garret and out-houses, also furnace, range, gas and water; grounds laid out in shrubbery and evergreens. Inquire at the Post-office, Mt. Vernon, or of E. HOOLE, No. 171 William-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—AT Brewster Station, 55 miles from New-York, by Harlem Railroad; a large, fine modern house, spacious and well arranged, with 30 acres good land, convenient outhouses in first-rate order; fruit and shade trees in abundance; location healthy and delightful; price $10,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THREE ACRES OF LAND, PLEASANTLY situated in the centre of the village of Westport, Connecticut, containing two dwelling houses, two barns, and a fine orchard, within two minutes' walk of the Post-office and three houses of worship. Price $4,000. Possession given April 1. Inquire of HORACE STAPLES, President First National Bank, Westport.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE OF 31 acres, well fruited, berries, &c.; new buildings, good river view, one mile by turnpike from steamboat landing. Price $13,000. Address Box No. 14, Post-office, Nyack, New-York. Also, 17 acres adjoining, at $100 per acre.

FOR SALE—AT HEMPSTEAD, L. I., WITHIN half a mile of the depot, furnished house, in perfect order; furniture new; with three acres well stocked with fruit and shade-trees. For particulars, apply to E. FLOYD JONES, No. 29 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 98 ACRES, WELL LOCATED at Rossville, Staten Island, with good house and out-buildings; price $22,000. Terms easy. Or 40 acres, with buildings, at $15,500. Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, No. 5½ Pine-st.

A FIRST-RATE FARM, 65 ACRES, EXCELLENT buildings, in good order; wheat, grass and woodland; running water; two and a half miles from depot; near Morristown, New-Jersey; for sale cheap.

CHAS. C. STEWART, No. 8 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE, high-stoop house, on 30th-st., near 5th-av.; also a neat four-story English basement, on Nursery Hill. Terms to suit. P. C. ANTHONY, No. 34½ Pine-st., 11 to 3 o'clock.

ELEGANT STONE-FRONT, HIGH-STOOP house, 26x78x103, opposite Stuyvesant Park. Five elegant houses, same vicinity.

JNO. H. POILLON, No. 133 Broadway.

TWO HANDSOME COTTAGE RESIDENCES for sale, at a low figure, (one furnished,) located near South Orange. Apply at drug-store, No. 363 Bowery, corner 4th-st.

HOUSE—THREE-STORY, BRICK, HIGH-STOOP, under cellar, near cars, 20 feet, full lot, in Brooklyn; only $4,000. Address HOUSE, Box No. 2,556, Post-office, New-York.

$65,000.—FOR SALE, OFFICE-PROPERTY in fee, renting for $10,000 per annum, near the Post-office and Broadway. Apply to Box No. 705 Post-office. A large portion can remain at six per cent.

FOR SALE—TWO WELL BUILT COTTAGES AT South Bergen, N. J.; will be sold together or separate; price $2,500 and $2,000; half can remain on mortgage. Apply to WHARTON BROTHERS, 132 Broadway.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY or good paying oil stocks, a desirable country seat, beautifully located on the Hudson River; also one on the Passaic. Apply to WHARTON BROTHERS, No. 132 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A SNUG FARM, AT DEERPARK, L. I., with stock, crops, &c.; price $5,500; also other farms near the city. Apply to WHARTON BROTHERS, No. 132 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS BROWN-STONE house, with all the modern improvements, No. 12 Carroll-park, Brooklyn. Inquire at the premises, or of P. F. PHELPS, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE — THE THREE-STORY BRICK house and lot No. 28 5th-st., near the Bowery, in good order, with modern improvements, good yard, &c. Apply on the premises, or at No. 228 Bowery.

FOR SALE — THREE THREE-STORY BRICK houses, in 3d-av., near 14th-st., Nos. 125, 127, 129. Price $5,000; mortgage $2,000, 3 years. Apply at 1st-av., 82d-st.

FARM FOR SALE AT LONG BRANCH, N. J.—Twenty-three acres or more of land, good choice, forthwith; a fine site for building. Apply to J. M. DENNIS, No. 85 3d-av.

A SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT AT NORTHAMPTON, Mass., at a bargain. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS—3 ON 59TH-ST., 3 on 58th-st., near 5th-av.; price $50,000. Owner's office No. 30 Broad-st., Room No. 33.

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

One on 25th-st., near 4th-av., $3,000.
One on 12th-st., near University-place, $3,500.
One on 42d-st., near Broadway, $2,800.
All brown-stone, elegantly furnished. Apply to
H. LIVINGSTON & CO., No. 71 Pine-st.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, E. D., AND FURNITURE for sale, a three-story house, brown stone front, containing all improvements, in a first-class neighborhood, five minutes' walk from ferries; will be rented for $700, provided the furniture, which was new a year since, can be disposed of 25 per cent. below present cost. Apply to A. GAUBERT, No. 96 Worth-st., New-York, between 1 and 2 P. M., and No. 70 South 7th-st., Brooklyn, E. D., between 8 and 9 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M.

HOTEL TO LET IN POTTSVILLE, PENN.—Known as the "American House," one of the best locations for a first-class hotel in the State, situated in the heart of the coal region and at the terminus of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, the depot of which joins the hotel; possession given the 1st April next, to a party that can keep a first-class hotel (none others need apply;) a long lease will be given; for further particulars address C. J. DOBBINS, Pottsville, Penn.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT, located on the banks of the Passaic River, near Boiling Springs depot, on the New-York and Erie Railroad; communication to New-York almost every hour; house contains eighteen rooms with fine, large garden, plenty of fruit of all kinds; ice house filled; a most desirable place. For particulars, apply to R. FURMAN, No. 26 Cortlandt-st., or to JOHN W. JORALEMON, on the premises.

TO LET—STORES IN THE NEW BUILDING AT the junction of Broadway, 6th-av., 35th and 36th-sts., 12 or 25 feet wide, and from 75 to 110 feet deep, fronting on both Broadway and 6th-av., with or without basement of same size, all handsomely finished and in a first rate business neighborhood. Apply to WM. D. F. MAURICE, No. 46 Pine-st., from 12 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—THE PREMISES, CORNER JAY AND Plymouth sts., Brooklyn, formerly occupied by HOWARD & FULLER as a brewery; possession immediately; also for sale a boiler, steam engine, copper coil (nine feet diameter,) 23 stillions, or brewer's troughs, and other fixtures. Apply at the New Brewery of HOWARD & FULLER, corner Bridge and Plymouth sts., Brooklyn.

TO LET—WITH STEAM-POWER, THE WELL-lighted five-story building No. 141 Elm-st., 25x75, with 15 to 25 horse steady steam-power; also rooms and steam-power in the buildings Nos. 137 and 139 Elm, and Nos. 211 and 213 Centre-st. Apply to G. F. HALL, No. 137 Elm-st.

LARGE AND WELL-FURNISHED HOUSE to rent to a good and careful tenant, for six or seven months, from the 1st of May next; also, a brick stable upon the adjoining lot, situated upon the Heights of Brooklyn and near the ferries. Address Box No. 1,032 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—IN OR NEAR THE CITY, FURNITURE complete for full-sized house. Terms, board for the owner, or an equivalent in monthly payments. Unexceptionable reference given and required. Address, for one week, J. C., Box No. 3,141 Post-office, New-York.

TO RENT—THE BRICK COTTAGE, WITH stable and garden, corner of Castleton and Bement avs., on Staten Island. Apply to E. BEMENT, on the Shore Road, or at KETCHUM, SON & CO.'s office, No. 40 Exchange-place.

TO LET—TO A PRIVATE FAMILY, FIRST-class, neatly-furnished, four-story, high-stoop, brown-stone house on 47th-st., near 5th-av.; also, on 34th and 35th sts., Murray Hill.

W. P. SEYMOUR, No 171 Broadway.

TO RENT—PART OF AN ELIGIBLE CORNER store, near the Hudson River Railroad Depot, Chambers-st.; a prominent locaton for a manufacturer's depot for the sale of goods of any description by sample. Address Box No. 3,871 Post-office.

TO LET—TO A FAMILY OF ADULTS, THE SECOND floor of a modern house; six rooms, marble mantels, hot and cold water, water-closets, bath; only one family more in house; rent $500. Apply to J. J. TALLMAN, No. 192 Broadway.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY HOUSE NO. 342 West 15th-st., with high basement, convenient for a genteel residence, having gas throughout; bath, wash tubs, extra heater, &c. Apply to

J. HOWLAND, Greenwich Bank.

STEADY STEAM POWER TO LET—One room, 75x25, well lighted; steam hoistway. Possession immediately. No. 499 Water-st., between Pike and Rutgers-slip.

TO LET—THE SECOND AND THIRD LOFTS OF the first-class store No. 78 Duane-st. For particulars, &c., apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

WANTED TO RENT—IN OR NEAR THIS city, a factory, with 8 to 15-horse engine. Also, wanted to purchase, a quantity of one-inch iron pipe. Apply to JAMES A. STOREY, No. 92 West-st.

TO LET—SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS HOUSES, furnished, for six months, or longer if desired. For particulars, apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

STEAM POWER WITH ROOMS, INCLUDING two first floors, on corner, lighted all around, suitable for stores; also, basement. Apply to J. & G. H. WALKER, No. 180 Centre-st., cor. Hester, fifth floor.

TO LET—THE UNION STORES AND PIER AT the foot of Sedgwick-st., Brooklyn, from the first of May next. Apply to C. KELSEY, No. 416 Columbia-st. Brooklyn.

TO LET.—A SUITE OF THREE OFFICES ON second floor of the Bible House, entrance on 3d-av. One office on third floor, 4th-av. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, entrance on 4th-av.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE in West 10th-st., for six months from May 1. Inquire of V. L. BUXTON, No. 96 Warren-st., Irving Savings Institute.

OFFICES.—NO. 29 BROADWAY IS BEING ARRANGED for commodious offices, which will be let, singly or in suites, on application to P. N. SPOFFORD, No. 29 Broadway.

TO LET—ROOM 40 BY 100 FEET, WITH STEAM power. Apply to BURR & CO., No. 222 Front-st., corner of Washington and Eagle sts., Greenpoint.

TO LET—THE STORE AND DWELLING ATTACHED, northeast corner 6th-av. and Waverley-place. Apply to T. M. RODMAN, No. 9 Whitehall-st.

TO LET — STEADY POWER AND LIGHT rooms, near Broadway; also, a store and basement. Inquire at the engineer's office, No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET—LARGE AND SMALL OFFICES IN house No. 113 Nassau-st., on the third and fifth floors. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, office No. 5.

NO. 78 WILLIAM-ST., CORNER OF Liberty-st., first floor and basement to lease. Apply to D. W. BISHOP, No. 1 Platt-st., next door to Pearl-st.

OFFICES TO RENT—IN TIMES BUILDING. Inquire at the TIMES office.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—FOR A genteel family of but three persons, in a good location, west of Fulton-st., and north of Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, preferred. Apply to H. A. SPAFARD, No. 159 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, or No. 18 Wall-st., New-York.

SECOND OR THIRD FLOOR WANTED—In a good neighborhood, between 17th and 30th sts. and 4th and 7th avs.

ALSO—A good stable wanted in the vicinity of 22d-st. and Broadway. J. T. ELLIS,

Sewing-machine Rooms, No. 939 Broadway.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE IN THE country, within one hour of New-York, for four to six months. Address, with terms and location, E. M. J., Box No. 2,486 Post-office.

WANTED—A THREE OR FOUR-STORY BUILDING, suitable for a manufactory, with or without steam power. Apply to HENRY SMITH, Agent, No. 94 Wall-st.

WANTED—TO RENT IN THE COUNTRY, BY A small family, a house furnished or unfurnished, ten to twenty miles from the city. Address with particulars, JAMES POLLOCK, No. 7 Pine-st., Room No. 8.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

AT SUMMIT, N. J.—ONE HOUR FROM NEW-York per Morris and Essex Railroad, desirable suites of rooms to let, in Summit House. Location unsurpassed for health and convenience, pure mountain air, picturesque scenery, fine drives, &c. The house is pleasantly situated near churches, schools, post-office, and within two minutes' walk of railroad depot. Apply at, or address Summit House, Summit, N. J.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A LADY, CHILD and nurse, above 10th-st.; two rooms wanted; a private family preferred; best of references given and required. Address, with full particulars, W. A. B., Box No. 2,146 Post-office.

PRIVATE FAMILY—TWO PLEASANT GENTLEMEN may find a pleasant home in a private family, near Lafayette and Clinton avs.; references exchanged. Address SHERIDAN, Brooklyn Post-office.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF FIVE PERSONS, the second story of house in some private family where there are no other boarders. Address A., Box No. 1,566 New-York Post-office.

BOARD—A PRIVATE FAMILY IN 43D-ST., BETWEEN 6th and 7th avs., will let two furnished rooms to gentlemen, and private breakfast. Address Box No. 1,972 General Post-office, with name and reference.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNERSHIP.—A GENTLEMAN WHO IS about proceeding to England this month, to give entertainments of a novel character and great promise, would like to connect himself with a gentleman who would be willing to advance about $1,000 and make himself serviceable. Address P. J. S., Merchants' Exchange, Pine-st., New-York.

A WELL-ESTABLISHED RETAIL BUSINESS, requiring $40,000 to conduct it, will be sold out upon accommodating terms. Location one of the best on Broadway, above Canal-st. Address Box No. 1,198 Post-office, immediately.

WANTED—BY A LADY OF CONSIDERABLE business experience, an interest in a cloak and mantilla business already established or about commencing; is fully competent to take the entire management. Address for two days, W. F., Station E.

FOR SALE—THE FIXTURES OF A MILK AND butter store. Inquire at No. 72 Mulberry-st., between 12½ and 2 o'clock P. M.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH, cures secret and delicate disorders, in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1865

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Mrs. Gen. Tom Thumb and Baby, Two Mammoth Fat Women, Giant Boy, Living Skeleton, Dwarf. Afternoon and Evening: Workmen of New-York; or The Curse of Drink—Expose of Spiritualism.

WINTER GARDEN—Hamlet.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—Day and Evening.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—Magic—The Gyges.

HIPPOTHEATRON—Harlequin Mother Goose, or The Fairy Legend of the Golden Egg.

BROADWAY THEATRE—Forty Winks—The Toodles.

WALLACK'S—The Game of Life.

NIBLO'S—The Beauforts.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—La Forza del Destino.

MILTON GALLERY—Milton's Paradise Lost.

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly Times must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

We have Savannah and Charleston papers to the 2d inst. The main feature in the news is Gov. Brown's Message to the Georgia Legislature, a brief synopsis of which we published a few days ago. The document is a vigorous and unsparing denunciation of Jeff. Davis' governmental policy. We have, also, a rebel account of the surrender of Columbia, the capital of South Carolina, and the subsequent destruction by fire of a large portion of the city. The rebel troops left on the 17th ult.; Gov. Magrath started on the 18th, and Beauregard went on the same day. The public stores were thrown open and every one helped himself. Mayor Goodwin surrendered the city to Sherman, and his troops forthwith began the destruction of all public property, such as depots, arsenals and Government shops. Several hours after this work begun, some sparks accidentally fired a lot of cotton, and from this the fire spread until the entire business portion of the city was destroyed. The Union troops were under strict discipline, and no outrages were perpetrated. The fine appearance of Sherman's army is noted by the rebel author of this account.

All the military roads in the Department of the Cumberland are now open to private freight and travel. Citizens bearing the usual Provost-Marshal's or military pass, from the department or district headquarters, will be passed, with their necessary private baggage, on payment of the established rates.

The Portland (Me.) *Advertiser* states that the mystery of the Castine raid last Fall has been solved. The whole affair was carried out by some soldiers of a battery stationed there, three of whom have just been arrested and are now confined at Eastport.

A letter from Wilmington, N. C., states that reliable information had been received at that city that Sherman's advance entered North Carolina two weeks ago, and that he himself was at Camden, in that State, on the 28th ult.

We publish this morning a partial list of the names of exchanged prisoners who arrived at Annapolis on the 6th inst.

GENERAL NEWS.

A collision occurred yesterday morning, about 2 o'clock, on the Camden and Amboy Railroad, near Bristol, Penn., by which five persons were killed—the fireman on one of the engines and four soldiers. There were about thirty others, all soldiers, considerably injured. This affair happened almost in sight of the place of the great disaster several years ago.

Brigham Young, in his message to the Legislature of Deseret, at the beginning of the present session, manifests considerable anxiety to get into the Union, and recommends that in order to smooth the way, the laws of the Territory of Utah be enacted and put in force by the Deseret Legislature. He gives a glowing picture of the moral and material prosperity of the Territory.

The Canadian Attorney-General announced in Parliament on Monday night that the Canadian Government would pass their resolutions in favor of the Confederation as soon as possible, ask for a vote of supplies and adjourn Parliament immediately, when the members of the Government would proceed to England to confer with the Imperial Government, with regard to the questions of defence and other important matters.

John J. Hicks, (Union,) was elected Mayor of Elmira yesterday, by 300 majority. The city went 50 the other way last November.

Wm. G. Brownlow, (Parson,) was elected Governor of Tennessee under the new Free State Constitution on Saturday last. There was no opposition ticket. In Memphis he received 1,186 votes, and 110 were scattering.

Work on the California end of the Pacific Railroad is progressing favorably, and will be rushed more vigorously since the favorable action of Congress.

Owing to the long drought, the stock of wheat in California is very light. There is scarcely enough for seed purposes. Flour is fourteen dollars a barrel.

The steamboat *Tycoon* has arrived at Memphis in charge of Custom-house officers. Her officers are charged with contraband dealings with parties along the river.

An extra session of the Arkansas Legislature has been called for the first Monday in April, to consider the constitutional amendment to abolish slavery.

Gov. Fenton decides that, under the State Bounty Law, any person who is drafted and shall furnish a substitute, is entitled to $250.

The nomination of Hugh McCulloch for Secretary of the Treasury was confirmed yesterday by the Senate—unanimously it is said.

LOCAL NEWS.

At a meeting of the Board of Aldermen, yesterday, the Committee on Ordinances reported an ordinance prohibiting the storage of petroleum, benzine, naptha, &c., either crude or refined, within the city limits, in quantities exceeding five barrels. The oil to be kept in cellars communicating with the public sewers. Refined petroleum to stand a fire test of 115 degrees; crude, 140 degrees. Penalty for violation of the provisions of the ordinance $500. The ordinance was laid over. An offer was received from the New-York Peoples' Gas-light Company, to light the City Hall Park lamps for $30 each, per annum. Mr. McKnight presented a resolution, directing the Comptroller to make a deduction from the Gas Companies' bills for public lamps remaining unlighted. Both papers were referred to the Committee on Lamps and Gas, and the board adjourned.

The deaths in the city during the past week numbered 475—98 men, 92 women, 171 boys and 114 girls—an increase of 79 as compared with the previous week, and of 39 as compared with the corresponding week of last year. The mortality by the principal diseases was as follows: Consumption, 72; marasmus, 25; bronchitis, 17; convulsions, 35; diphtheria, 12; scarlet fever, 18; typhus fever, 14; inflammation of lungs, 47; small-pox, 26. The deaths from small-pox during the previous week numbered 35.

Last evening, Juan Francisco Domingues and Juan Nep. Enriques Orestes, two Mexican priests who have renounced the Catholic religion, made interesting addresses at the Church of the Pilgrims, Brooklyn. It appeared from their statement that at the present time there are a hundred reformed priests in Mexico.

There was a large demand for U. S. Gold bearing Stocks yesterday—chiefly for Europe. The Railways were much depressed until late in the day, under very heavy sales. Gold fell off to 197½ per cent.

Jacob Depew, late a deputy in Provost-Marshal Dunning's office, in the Ninth District, was sent to the Old Capitol Prison yesterday, by Col. Baker, Chief of the War Department Special Agency in this city.

Two brothers—by name Elroys and Valentine Steil—were committed yesterday by Justice Connolly, to await examination on a charge of incendiarism, in setting fire to their tobacco store, in Yorkville.

Produce and merchandise were quiet and generally depressed yesterday, though the changes in prices were unimportant. The freight market was inactive.

The United States steamer *Kensington* arrived at this port yesterday morning, from Port Royal on the 3d instant. The health of the squadron is good.

Rev. Dr. Leavitt read a letter at the Church of the Puritans last evening, from Signor Mosquera, in which the latter said that he would leave for Europe to-day.

The Government contract for supplying beef cattle for the army and navy from March 15 to June 15 was awarded yesterday to Henry Westheimer at $13 49 ℔ 100 lbs., live weight; the animals to be delivered in or near New-York, as may be directed by the Commissary of Subsistence; to be of first quality and free from all blemishes or imperfections; to be not less than three years old; the live weight of each lot to average not less than 1,300 lbs. and no bullocks to weigh less than 1,250 lbs. on the scales. As bullocks of this class should dress on an average fully 56 lbs. to the 100, the awarded price is equivalent to 24c. ℔ lb., net weight. This is somewhat above the average selling price of first quality cattle during the past three months—as is proper, since the contractor will be obliged to always stand ready to supply at short notice any number called for, and to submit his animals to a rigid inspection. We are glad to know that our fighting men are to have as good beef as the market will afford.

At the Live Stock Markets the supply of animals is comparatively small this week, but enough for the demand, as the requirements of butchers are lessened during Lent, and there was a considerable surplus, especially of beef, from the heavy receipts for two weeks previous. Beef cattle advanced about 1c. ℔ lb. under the fear of very small receipts, the selling rates ranging from 12c. for poor to 25c.@27c. for extras, ℔ lb., estimated dressed weight. General selling rates of medium to first quality, 17c.@21c.. Sheep in full supply, and ½c. ℔ lb. lower. Other kinds sell about as last week. Receipts for the week 3,793 beef cattle, 106 milch cows, 488 veal calves, 11,346 sheep, and 4,118 live hogs.

Forty Days in the Wilderness.

Gen. Sherman's army has been forty days in the State of South Carolina—that is to say if he has not yet emerged from it. It was on the 27th of January that the last of the forces composing his left wing (which subsequently effected a junction with the right wing near Branchville) left the City of Savannah, and struck off boldly and baseless for the heart of the Rattlesnake State. Of his movements and operations for the first half of that time the rebels kept us pretty well informed. By the 17th of February he had worked his way through the swamps on the north side of the Savannah River, had taken Branchville and Orangeburgh; and on that day he entered the capital of the State. But since that time we may say that we know nothing whatever of Sherman's great army, except the fact that after two or three days it left Columbia and marched onward with its face to the North. It is certainly a remarkable circumstance that we should be in complete ignorance of the movements and fortunes of an army of such magnitude, and whose operations are of such supreme importance, when it cannot be at a distance of more than 400 miles due south of Washington, and when it is certainly less than a hundred miles distant from the seacoast, which is thickly covered with our naval ships. But the probability is that neither Gen. Sherman nor Lieut.-Gen. Grant is over-anxious to give the Northern public and the Southern rebels very prompt bulletins of our army's daily movements, its line of advance, or its ultimate objective. It would be no great gain to us to have Sherman do this; all the gain would be to the rebels. Were *they* to give *us* any information they may have, we should be obliged to them, even though much of it turned out inaccurate; but the rebel soul, speaking through the rebel press, has been ordered by the rebel authorities to keep from us every item of news on this subject; and hence for twenty days we have only been able to screw from them the unintelligible intelligence that Sherman was not at Charlotte, that he was not at Fayetteville, that his army was marching in directions as divergent as Chester and Cheraw, and that there was a rumor in Richmond that he had been killed and his "army routed and driven into the jungles." Now, the last item has at least the merit of being of some size; but when we recall their old story about Sherman's army "floundering through the swamps of Georgia," when, in fact, it was enjoying a charming promenade and daily dinners of turkey and chicken, we are inclined to take "driven into the jungles" with a considerable quantity of salt. As for the few rumors from our own side that have reached us during the past three weeks, time has already proven most of them to be incorrect.

The probability is that neither the rebels at Richmond nor at any other place north of the Pedee River know near as much about Sherman's movements as some of us might suppose. Sherman has an odd way of completely confounding the rebels as to what he proposes doing until it is done. They can neither tell the way he is going nor the point he is aiming at, until he is there; and even then they do not feel at all sure that he will not presently go somewhere else. It is thus that he has expelled all the rebel armies from South Carolina without their ever comprehending what he was about. Hence the rebels, in their own ignorance, have taken to tantalizing us for ours; and in their imbecility they have taken to noisy boasting. The Richmond *Whig* confounds curiously these characteristics in a recent article:

> "The Yankees have heard nothing from or of Sherman since he entered Columbia. They will not hear anything either from or of him until they get news of the great battle which he will have to fight somewhere on his route. In the meantime we may expect that their tone will change from its present boastful confidence, to a sort of timorous and inquiring curiosity. In vain they will glean the Richmond papers for news from the South. In vain they will listen for reports of continued marches, occupations and victories. Nothing will go to them from here until we send them news which very probably will much abate their appetite for information. We intend to tell them only one thing, and that is, that Sherman's army will be met and defeated, and probably destroyed, without ever setting foot on Virginia soil. They may not believe this little piece of information, but we can assure them that the Confederate mind is fully made up on that point, and that, consequently, *Sherman's doom may be looked upon as sealed.* How the thing will be done, when it will be done, and where, we have no intention of informing our inquisitive Yankee friends; all these things they will learn in good time."

Now, all this is not half as terrifying as it is entertaining to us. It is true we have a good deal of daily trouble in gleaning the Richmond papers for news about Sherman; but we console ourselves with the thought that they have none which they would like to give, and that we expect very soon to be able to offer them some which they will not like to take.

A Sequel to the Celebration.

A fitting sequel to the celebration of Monday would be the reappointment of the committee (whose labors did so much to make that celebration a success,) as an auxiliary, say for two or three weeks, of the County Volunteer Committee. Such a coöperative movement would tax the time of the gentlemen who took the leading part in the National demonstration; but it would first of all secure the funds necessary for recruiting purposes. It would next afford a convincing proof that the leading citizens of New-York take a practical view of the best way of doing honor to those who are fighting the national battles—by sending them reinforcements, to make the work short, sharp and decisive. It would save the city from the draft. And it would set an example to other communities which would be imitated far and wide.

Are results so great and so certain of attainment as these, not worth the labor which the Celebration Committee would reimpose upon themselves? Recruiting at the rate of two hundred a day, for two or three weeks, will satisfy the requirements of the War Department. What honest reason can a community like this present for failing to meet so reasonable a requirement?

Prospects of the British-American Federation.—The prospects of the British-American Federal Union are, at this moment, far from being bright. Lord de Grey, the British War Secretary, has just announced in the House of Lords that the Queen's Government do not feel justified in recommending Parliament to make appropriations for fortifications in the provinces, as advised by Col. Jervois in his report. That report proposed an expenditure of a million of dollars at Quebec, and over two millions of dollars at Montreal, besides half a million more for armaments at these two points. It proposed an expenditure of three millions more on forts and armaments for Toronto, Hamilton, and other places. All that Lord de Grey has consented to do is to seek from the House of Commons £50,000 sterling for the commencement of certain repairs at Quebec. This, we understand, to be the first of four yearly installments to be paid out of the British Exchequer, for the works recommended at the chief provincial fort. As for the rest, Lord de Grey declares that the provinces will have to bear the expense themselves.

In view of their efforts to create and maintain a volunteer force, and in view of their super-loyal scheme of federation, this parsimonious treatment at the hands of the Imperial authorities will bear with special hardship on the colonists. It will prove, moreover, a most serious *damper* upon the proposed Federal Constitution.

The discouragements, however, which the advocates of Union have begun to meet, do not come from England alone. The small, but high-spirited colony of Prince Edward Island refuses to be drawn into the Federal scheme on any grounds. And five of the largest constituencies of New Brunswick have just rejected the leading delegates to the Quebec Conference, at the Parliamentary election now going on in that Province. This renders it all but certain that the Parliament of that colony will reject federation. The Provincial Union will then resolve itself simply into a new compact between Upper and Lower Canada.

That Railroad.—The Confederate organ in this city has lately been entertaining itself, though not Lee's army, by constructing an immense line of railroad along the base of the Alleghany Mountains, from Virginia to Alabama. The object was to show up the popular mistake that Sherman had cut all the railroad connections of Richmond with the States west of the Savannah River, and stopped the flow of rebel supplies from that region. "General Orders, No. 46," dated Feb. 24, 1865, and issued from the "Adjutant and Inspector General's office, Richmond," show that this great rebel railroad line has as much of an existence as the railroad to the moon—no more; and that the supplies carried over it to Lee's army are of the same kind as the rations sent to the man of the moon—not different. Article twenty-three, of the order just mentioned, is in these words:

> "XXIII.—As the communications *south and west of the southern boundary line of North Carolina are cut off,* leaves cannot at this time be granted to soldiers who desire to go beyond that line; but when the lines of travel are reëstablished, they will not be concluded by this order."

It is not to be supposed that an unofficial confirmation from a Richmond paper, of the statement made in the above official order, would add aught to its credibility; but if it would, we would quote the following remark from a recent article in the Richmond *Enquirer*:

> *"The enemy has lately thrown his forces across the lines of every Congressional retreat to the west and south,* and since that time, Senators and Representatives have, one by one, fled the Capital, leaving the halls of the Legislature rapidly diminishing to a number below a quorum."

The question arises whether Sherman has really torn up the great moonshine railroad along the base of the Alleghanies. We confess our unwillingness to believe it.

Lord Lyons and Our Foreign Relations.—In response to an inquiry in the British Parliament on the 17th ult., Mr. Layard, the Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, made an explanation as to the absence of Lord Lyons from Washington at this time, which ought to set at rest several of the secession canards. He expressed great regret if the inquiry implied any reflection upon Lord Lyons for not being at his post—spoke of the singular zeal, tact, discretion and ability which his Lordship had displayed during a most critical and important period in America—descanted upon the vast amount of work performed by his Lordship, mentioning that his official correspondence of one year filled no less than *sixty large folio volumes*; and then added: "I think, considering this enormous amount of labor, it is not surprising that the health of Lord Lyons should have broken down, and that he has come to England on leave of absence."

Now that we comprehend exactly the cause of the temporary absence of British and French Ministers from Washington—Lord Lyons being absent because of his own ill health, and M. de Chateaurenard being detained by his wife's ill health—we do not see any need for any further dismal theories upon the subject.

Another Railroad Catastrophe.—Another railroad catastrophe, scarcely more appalling from the number of killed and wounded, than from the utter and criminal indifference which caused it, is recorded this morning. It occurred at an early hour yesterday, on the Trenton (New-Jersey) Railroad, at Bristol Station. The story is a short one. What is called the "owl" train, bound for New-York, after having waited four hours (behind its time) for southern passengers at Trenton, started on its journey about one o'clock in the morning, and shortly afterward overtook a freight train which it pushed on ahead of itself; the conductor and engineer being evidently indifferent to two facts of the most vital consequence to the ill-fated passengers. The first of these facts was the great lessening of speed caused by the double train which the engine had to propel. The second was, that the Washington night train was all but due, and was rushing after the coupled trains with lightning speed. The story need go no further. About forty persons were injured to the extent of broken spines, arms, legs and so forth. Six, perhaps more fortunate, were killed outright. And thus the wholesale slaughter goes on, from day to day—from week to week, and an innocent directory soberly shakes its head and thinks regretfully—of diminished dividends.

The New Rams of the Rebels.—Our Consul at Halifax has telegraphed to Washington a report that one of the French rebel rams has succeeded in making port in one of the West India Islands. The report is yet unauthenticated; but it will be wisdom in the Navy Department to act, and to act promptly, on an assumption of its truth. There ought to be no excuse for this new scourge getting among our shipping off the coast, or even getting clear of her present harborage.

THE CABINET.

The New Secretary of the Treasury—Confirmation of Mr. McCullough.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Hon. Hugh McCulloch was confirmed as Secretary of the Treasury by the Senate. No other confirmations were made.

[To the Associated Press.]

The unanimous confirmation of Hon. Hugh McCulloch, to-day, as Secretary of the Treasury, is another evidence of the estimation in which he is held as a financier, and as a gentleman of courteous and refined manners. It is generally believed that Hon. Freeman Clark, late member of Congress, will be his successor as Comptroller of the Currency, although the nomination has not yet been made.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

Washington, Tuesday, March 7.

AN ICE BLOCKADE.

The rains and warm weather have broken up the ice in the Susquehanna, and the river at Havre-de-Grace is filled with enormous quantities, which has resulted in a temporary suspension of communication between Washington and New-York. The steam ferry-boat, while crossing yesterday, go caught in the ice, and has remained fast there ever since, detaining all passengers for both North and South. The passengers who left here by the trains last night and to-day are still in Baltimore. The New-York train left to-night as usual, but with no certainty of getting through. Washington is thus isolated, and without the New-York mails and papers, the day has proved quite dull.

WASHINGTON THINNING OUT.

The hotels and boarding houses have suffered a vast depletion since Sunday, though a large number of sojourners are still here. They will gradually depart, however, and by the end of the present brief session of the Senate Washington will be comparatively void of social activity.

PERSONAL.

Senator Foote, of Vermont, has been chosen President protem of the Senate. Hon. Horace Greeley had an interview with President Lincoln to-day. The President is at the opera this evening.

THE COTTON BILL NOT SIGNED.

The cotton bill has not been signed by the President, and consequently fails to become a law.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

Washington, Tuesday, March 7.

THE ASSASSINATION STORY.

The report that a man named Thomas Clemens had matured his plans for the assassination of the President on inauguration day had its origin in the following facts. Clemens and another person came from Alexandria on Saturday. They were both extremely disorderly, and seemed to have been drinking freely. Clemens in particular was very abusive. He said, using gross and profane language that he came here to kill the President; that he was late by about one half hour, and that the Savior would never forgive him for failing to do so; that he would do it that night, namely, the 5th of March, and that he came expressly to do it, and he would do it before he left town. He furthermore said that the Government had robbed him of a certain sum of money. This is the substance of an affidavit. Clemens has been turned over from the military to the civil authorities, and has been committed to jail for trial by the court.

THE CASE OF CAPT. LOPER.

Two years ago a Select Committee of the Senate, charged with investigating the business of furnishing transports to the Government, reported Capt. Loper as being a defaulter to the amount of a million dollars, and his name was widely published in that discreditable connection. But recently Solicitor Whiting, of the War Department, examined into the case, and says from all the facts he was brought to the unhesitating conclusion that Capt. Loper's conduct, in his transactions with the Government, had been honest, honorable and patriotic, and he was entitled to the respect and confidence of the Government and country. Senator Grimes, who was Chairman of the Select Committee, expresses his gratification that Solicitor Whiting exonerates Capt. Loper from all fault in his transactions with the Government.

PROTECTION OF OVERLAND EMIGRANTS.

Gov. Evans, of Colorado Territory, now here, has been authorized by Major-Gen. Pope to give notice to emigrants and freighters across the plains that full and ample arrangements have been made for the protection of all overland travel. Orders have been issued designating points for trains to be assembled at for escort. A large number of troops are now on their way to the plains.

THE PRESIDENT'S OATH.

The President, on Saturday, took the oath of office with his hand on the open Bible according to custom. Mr. Middleton, the Clerk of the Supreme Court, had opened it, but without premeditation, at the fifth chapter of Isaiah.

THE SUPREME COURT.

The Supreme Court meets to-morrow to deliver opinions, and will soon adjourn the term.

FROM SAVANNAH.

Raising Union Troops in Charleston—Particulars of the Burning of the City of Columbus—Removal of the Rebel Treasury Department—Good Behavior of the Union Troops.

The steamship *Savannah*, C. C. Comstock Commander, from Hilton Head, with dates to the 4th, arrived at this port last night. She experienced strong gales from the northward. Mr. Daniel Leary is a passenger, and is the special bearer of very important dispatches from Gen. Gilmore to the War Department.

The *Savannah* brings Savannah and Charleston papers of the 1st and 2d instant, the former contains Gov. Brown's message to the rebel Legislature of Georgia.

The steamships *Fulton* and *Commander* arrived out out on the 2d instant.

The *Charleston Courier* of the 2d says: An officer of Sherman's army was in Charleston taking initiative steps towards raising a regiment of white troops there.

A number of families which had removed from beyond the city limits, had returned with their household goods.

The Savannah *Republican* also contains a rebel account of Sherman's occupation of Columbia from the Augusta *Constitutionalist*, of Feb. 27, derived from a citizen of Columbia. It appears that the rebel troops, in large numbers, left on the 17th ult. in the direction of Charlotte. Gov. Magrath left on the 18th for the upper section of the State. Beauregard left the same day for Charlotte; Mayor Goodwin went the same day to meet Sherman, and surrendered the city to him at Saluda Bridge, three miles out. On the same day the public stores were thrown open, and everybody helped themselves. No stores were burnt. Sherman's army entered Columbia in the afternoon. Soon afterward they commenced destroying public property. The depots and arsenals were blown up and the buildings in the suburbs containing the public stores were fired. Late in the afternoon a pile of of cotton in the street near the Congaree House took fire from sparks, and the flames spread to some wooden buildings, which unfortunately were in the vicinity, whence a strong wind drove them furiously down the street on both sides. The scene became terrific. Loud explosions continually filled the air; the residences and grounds were shaken as by an earthquake, and vast columns of smoke and flame rose to the heavens. Nothing of any account was saved. Goods, provisions and furniture, moved to supposed places of safety, were burned as the fire progressed. The distance burned in Main-street was about a mile and a half. Dr. Reynold's house is the only one left standing between the section known as Cotton Town and the State House. The fire also extended five or ten blocks east of Main-street, destroying everything. The entire business portion of the city is in ruins. Both hotels, the *Guardian* and *Carolian* newspaper offices, a number of churches, the Catholic Seminary and several other public buildings, all the depots, the buildings at Charlotte Junction, Evans & Cogswell's printing establishment are among the buildings burned. All cars, engines, and railroad stock, which the rebels did not succeed in removing, were also destroyed. Only three churches are left standing, the Catholic, Episcopalian and Presbyterian. The Female College was uninjured, and is now occupied by houseless women and children. The old State House was blown up, The new State House was not touched, as it contained a statue of Washington. Wade Hampton's house was saved by Federal officers. Gen. Preston's house was also saved, and given to the occupants of the Catholic Seminary, whose property was accidentally destroyed. The railroads about Columbia are all torn up. All the bridges leading to the place are destroyed. All the foundries and machine-shops are also destroyed.

The country around the place is stripped of all eatables and transportation. All the horses and carriages in city taken. The citizens are said to be in a very destitute condition. Unless some relief is soon obtained, there will be great suffering and death from starvation. Some twenty-five miles of the Greenville Railroad had been previously damaged by a freshet. Much damage was also done to the road by the enemy. The Treasury Department and banks were removed to Charlotte. Both newspapers moved a portion of their stock to the same place. Many negroes left with Sherman's army. None were taken by force. Large numbers are returning to their masters. Sherman thought he would not visit the country west of Broad River, and advised the Mayor to send the citizens there.

The Federals seemed to be much incensed against Magrath, and would use him harshly if they get him in their power. Few, if any, private residences were entered. No outrages are known to have been committed on ladies. The enemy were under strict discipline during their march through the city. Sherman's headquarters while in the city were at the residence of Mr. Duncan. It was estimated that his infantry and artillery numbered 70,000. No cavalry were with him. Their rear-guard passed through Tuesday afternoon.

The troops were in the best condition, well clothed and well shod, and marched as if they had just started on an expedition instead of having been out for weeks. Fort Mott, St. Mathew's and Union Court-houses have been destroyed. Some of Sherman's officers said his destination was Raleigh and Salisbury. The General himself appeared in good spirits and confident of success. One corps took the road to Camden and Florence; another corps to Winnesboro, and Sherman, with two corps, moved on the direct road to Charlotte.

THE REBEL RAMS.

Rumors about the French-Rebel Iron-Clads.

Mortimer M. Johnson, our Consul at Halifax, has forwarded to the Government at Washington some interesting statements in regard to one of the iron rams constructed in France, and said to have fallen into the hands of the rebels.

The Consul says he has information that this ram is now at one of the West India Islands, preparing for a cruise. He has information also to the effect that some rebel steamers have guns and supplies, and are waiting there.

The old rumors that these vessels are coming to this port are repeated.

Mr. Johnson expresses no confidence in the correctness of this information; neither does he discredit it; but gives it on authority upon which he seems to rely.

A copy of the dispatch was forwarded to the department by the Consul.

From Port Royal.

ARRIVAL OF THE UNITED STATES STEAMER KENSINGTON.

The United States steamer *Kensington*, Acting Master John E. Rockwell, Commanding, arrived at this port this morning from Port Royal, 3d inst. The health of the squadron is good. The *Kensington* left New-York Feb. 25, with passengers and 494 men for the South Atlantic squadron, arriving in Port Royal March 1, where she was detained twenty-four hours to make necessary repairs to engine.

List of Officers.—Acting Master Commanding, Jno. E. Rockwell; Acting Master and Ex-Officer, Thos. D. Babb; Acting Assistant Paymaster, John F. Wood; Acting Assistant Surgeon, John Flynn; Acting Ensigns, Isaac D. Pease, Wm. H. Williams, Joseph F. Stetson, Henry Curwen, and C. A. Babcock; Acting First Assistant Engineer-in-Charge, T. W. Connor; Acting Second Assistant Engineers, Robert Wallace and Harry Miller; Acting Third Assistant Engineers, Thos. H. Barrett, and Robert Whitehill; Captain's Clerk, Chas. Knappmann; Paymaster's Clerk, Fred. G. Kidder; Acting Master's Mates, James West and Eugene McCarty.

SERIOUS RAILROAD DISASTER.

Five Persons Killed and Thirty Seriously Injured.

Philadelphia, Tuesday, March 7.

The owl train for New-York, on the Trenton Railroad, left about one o'clock this morning, having waited nearly four hours for Southern passengers. It consisted of nine cars filled with passengers. When near Scheack's Station it came up with a disabled freight train, and pushed it on ahead. At 2:20 A. M., after reaching Bristol Station, the Washington train run into the Owl train, demolishing three cars, killing five persons and seriously wounding from twenty-five to thirty others. All the killed were soldiers, except the fireman and one civilian. The smashed-up cars caught fire, but the flames were put out by the firemen of Bristol. The locomotive of the Washington train was demolished. The track is blockaded, and four trains were detained at 7 o'clock this morning. The ladies of Bristol turned out with refreshments for the wounded. Three of the wounded are so crushed that there is no hope of saving their lives. No passengers were hurt on the Washington train.

The escaped passengers attribute the accident to the failure of the conductor of the Owl train to send a signal man back to notify the Washington train, then fully due.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

We are indebted to Frederick Sizer, Esq., editor of the New-Haven *Palladium*, for the following account of the accident on the Camden and Amboy Railroad, taken from the statements of Mr. E. L. Fox, Postal-route Agent, and his assistant, Mr. J. R. Elliott:

The accident occurred at Bristol, N. J., on the Camden and Amboy Railroad, about thirty miles from Philadelphia, at 2 o'clock this morning. Adams' Express freight cars from Washington were off the track near the station. The 1 o'clock midnight train from Philadelphia, when it came up, was detained in consequence, on the same track, a little in their rear. No signal light was seen by the engineer of the 6 P. M. train from Washington, indicating detention, therefore it proceeded regularly.

There was a curve in the road at this point, and the train ran into the rear of the 12 P. M. train from Philadelphia. The engine of the 6 P. M. train from Washington was completely encased in the rear car of the Philadelphia train, which was filled, principally, with soldiers.

As the collision occurred, the hind end of the passenger car was elevated, and the engine was incased in the forward end of the car. The passengers were shoved to this end of the car, and were buried amidst the ruins, and were only extricated by literally cutting the car to pieces with axes. One passenger was taken out dead, and two others so injured that they died in a few moments.

One of the firemen of the P. M. Washington train was killed. The engineer and another fireman escaped. Another report gives the number of killed as five. The persons killed were all reported as soldiers. Some thirty others were injured, some seriously, and one was badly scalded about the face and hands.

The wounded were taken to houses adjoining where all the attention that could be bestowed was shown by the citizens.

Two other cars of the train were demolished, one being broken in splinters.

The engine of the 6 P. M. Washington train was badly injured, and it seems almost a miracle that the cars of this train were not broken up. The force of the collision threw these cars backward some two hundred feet, tearing the bumpers, and leaving some, among them the postal-car on the Bristol bridge. The mails were detained at this point seven hours.

The only names that could be obtained were Wm. Razin, of the Second Connecticut Heavy Artillery, Company L, killed, and Sergt. W. H. Allen, belonging to the same company, wounded in the head.

A messenger was dispatched to the United States hospital, about three miles distant, and a force of Surgeons soon arrived at the scene of the disaster.

The soldiers were most of them returned prisoners, and left Washington at 4 o'clock P. M., on Monday.

No passengers were injured, and their escape from disaster seems indeed providential.

THE NAMES OF THE KILLED.

The following are the names of those killed by the railroad disaster at Bristol: Joseph Wild, fireman, Corporal Wm. Morton, Privates Moses Goddard, Peter Lody and Asa Drew—all belonging to Eastern regiments.

The number of soldiers injured was about thirty, four or five of them seriously, and twenty so slightly that they have already proceeded on their journey. Those who were too much hurt to travel have been placed in the United States Hospital, near Bristol.

The Tennessee Election.

Cairo, Tuesday, March 7.

In the election in Memphis on the 4th inst. for Governor and members of the Legislature, Parson Brownlow received 1,186 votes; scattering, 110. Mr. Smith, for State Senator, received 365 majority over Logue. Mr. Timothy was elected Representative.

The Memphis *Bulletin* says:

> "It is clear from the result of this election that there is a large majority of the people of Memphis opposed to the proceedings of the State Convention, and states had there been a candidate opposed to Parson Brownlow, having any chance of success elsewhere, he would have received 1,000 majority in Memphis."

Inauguration day was celebrated here by a salute of 100 guns and partial illuminations at night.

Charter Elections.

Elmira, N. Y., Tuesday, March 7.

John J. Nicks, (Union,) was elected Mayor to-day, by about 300 majority. Union gain 350. Every ward elects Union officers.

Lockport, N. Y., Tuesday, March 7.

At the charter election to-day the entire Union ticket was elected. Union gain 160.

Oswego, N. Y., Tuesday, March 7.

At the charter election to-day, W. H. Herrick, (Rep.,) was elected Mayor. The Democrats elected three out of the four Alderman.

Utica, N. Y., Tuesday, March 7.

John Butterfield, (Union,) is elected Mayor of Utica by 19 majority.

Poughkeepsie, Tuesday, March 7.

At the election in this city to-day, George Innis, (Union,) was unanimously reëlected Mayor.

Troy, N. Y., Tuesday, March 7.

At the charter election to-day, Uri Gilbert (Union,) was elected Mayor by 13 majority over Miles Beach, (Democrat.) There is a Union gain of three Aldermen, and a gain in the Union vote of 800 over last Spring and Fall.

Rochester, N. Y., Tuesday, March 7.

The charter election to-day resulted in the success of the Union candidates for Mayor, Police Justice and City Treasurer by majorities ranging from 175 to 390. Hon. Daniel D. T. Moore, of the *Rural New-Yorker*, is elected Mayor by about 175 majority. The Republicans elect ten of the fifteen Aldermen—a gain of three—giving them six majority in the Common Council.

Portland, Me., Monday, March 6.

At the charter election to-day, Jacob McLellan was re-elected. The vote stood: McLellan, (Rep.) 1,735; Cyrus Sturdevant, (Dem.) 674; Albert H. Waite, (Labor Reform,) 498; scattering, 10. The vote last year stood: McLellan, 1,991, Carroll, (Dem.) 805; scattering, 7. Every Republican Ward officer is elected.

The Fire Department Bill.

Albany, Tuesday, March 7.

The Paid Fire Department Bill was considered in the Committee on Cities and Villages of the Assembly this afternoon, before a large audience. John Sedgwick made an elaborate argument against it. He was followed by A. R. Lawrence in its favor, but before he closed the committee adjourned, to meet again to-morrow afternoon, when the hearing will be closed.

Extra Session of the Arkansas Legislature.

Cairo, Tuesday, March 7.

An extra session of the Arkansas Legislature has been called for the first Monday in April, to consider the Constitutional amendment to abolish slavery.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Arrival of the Costa Rica—$1,237,811 04 in Treasure.

The steamship *Costa Rica*, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH, from Aspinwall, Feb. 26, arrived yesterday, with passengers, the mails and treasure, to D. B. ALLEN. The steamer *North Star* was at Aspinwall with her shaft broken.

TREASURE LIST.

Order	$26,463 14	H. Cohen and Co.	$91,600 00
R. M. Robinson	30,067 00	Duncan, Sherman & Co	95,160 75
Wells, Fargo & Co	243,530 70	R. Patrich	60,000 00
E. Kelly & Co	165,000 00	DeWitt, Kittle & Co.	13,000 00
Lees and Walter	244,000 00	Uhfelder & Cohn	33,000 00
A. Rich & Bro	9,000 00	J. Straus & Bro.	45,000 00
W. Watson & P. Smith	116,459 15	A. Belmont & Co	50,000 00
			$1,232,281 24

FROM ASPINWALL.

Marciae & Co.	$260 00	Wells, Fargo & Co.	$2,058 00
Parsons & Pettit	600 00	S. L. Isaacs & Asch	1,300 00
Ribon & Munoz	1,071 80	Miller & Houghton	240 00
			$5,229 80
Total			$1,237,511 04

PANAMA.

The Treatment of Foreign Residents—Their Condition not Improving—Extension of the Charter of the Panama Railroad—Marine Disaster—Capture of Oaxaca by the French—Miscellaneous.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Sunday, Feb. 26, 1865.

The news from this region, save that from Peru, will be found to be of but little interest. There is nothing from Bogota.

In Panama, matters, so far as regards the treatment of foreign residents, are not improving. Several incidents have of late occurred, not calculated to increase the confidence of foreigners in the honesty of our courts or public officers. Not long since a German boy, employed on the Pacific Mail Company's steamship *Sonora*, in the harbor, robbed the safe thereof of $1,800 in gold, and the armory of a revolver, the weapon having the initials of the company on it. The boy escaped to Aspinwall, where he was followed and arrested, and the money and pistol found on him. He confessed that he stole the money, and so was put in prison, after being relieved of the *oro* by the court. Before his trial, however, two or three persons were looked up, who, on second thought, recollected that *they* had several hundreds of dollars stolen from them by the same boy, but which fact they forgot to mention to the Police at the time. The boy was taken to Panama, told that he had better withdraw his confession of guilt, and throw the onus of proof on the losers. Of course, he took this fatherly advice, and the owner of the cash was thrown. The court decided that, as the boy was employed on the steamer, he had only *borrowed* the pistol, that the money could not be identified; and so he might return the pistol "when he was done with it," and keep the $1,800! The boy must have expended the whole of the yellow boys on the spot, for in an hour after, as report has it, he hadn't a "shot in the locker."

The subject of the extension by the Colombian Government of the charter of the Panama Railroad continues to attract attention here, and to elicit discussion, but the opponents of the present company seem to be largely in the majority. A firm in your city, Messrs. MUNOZ & MURRAY, have just contributed their mite against the company, in the form of a strong paragraph in their commercial circular, advising the Government of Colombia not to sell out to the *estimabilisimo sujeto*, as they style the gentleman who is now acting for the company at Bogota. But what connection all this palaver in said circular has with the commissions of the firm on the soap and candles they purchase for their Colombian customers, is not very apparent. Perhaps the company don't use sweet oil enough in New-York.

The loss of two of the largest propellers of the Liverpool Steamship Company, the *Columbian* and *Askalon*, both bound to Aspinwall, has left the freight-house there, or will leave it, crowded with goods for Liverpool, and be of considerable inconvenience to South American shippers. Several merchants here have been large losers by the loss of the *Columbian*. Messrs. JAS. HERMANN & Co. lose $20,000, but are presumed to be insured.

The *North Star*, which steamer left New-York on the 3d inst., with passengers and freight, broke one of her shafts only twelve miles outside of Aspinwall, but was worked into port with the other. On examination the other shaft was found to be so cracked as to make it extremely dangerous to put to sea with it, and so the California passengers bound to New-York, 180 in number, have been forced to remain here ten days. They have been boarded here at the best hotels at the expense of the company, and proceed home to-day on the *Costa Rica*.

Major-Gen. SICKLES, who is probably on a special mission from the United States Government, left Aspinwall en routé for Bogota, on the evening of the 25th, on the British steamer *Tamar*, for Carthagena and Santa Marta.

Gen. SICKLES, who remained over a month at Panama, gained hosts of friends by his great affability, both among the native and foreign population. In return for the many attentions shown him, he gave an elegant entertainment, consisting of a ball and supper, at his hotel, which was attended by the President and the principal authorities, the Consuls, with the exception of the British and French, and by prominent citizens and foreigners. The company did not separate until 4 o'clock in the morning.

The people of this city enjoyed a rare treat last week. Mr. and Mrs. CHAS. KEAN favored us with some readings, in a style that we scarcely ever expect to see excelled, if equaled. The readings consisted of passages from "King John," "The Execution of Montrose," "We Are Seven," and "The Legend of Horatius Cocles." Mr. and Mrs. KEAN left Aspinwall on the 22d for Jamaica, and will go thence to the United States.

The American Hotel, in this city, so long kept by Mr. J. D. BOWLES, has been sold to Messrs. HERMAN EVERS & Co.

The *Parkersburgh*, the third steamship of the Panama Railroad Company, sailed for Central American ports on the 21st.

The Panama *Star* chronicles the death of one of the oldest and most respected foreign residents of this Isthmus, Monsieur JACQUES JOSEPH SYLVAIN DE JOLY DE BLAZON DE SABLA. M. DE SABLA was a native of France, and came to this country in 1835, since which time he has been a constant resident of Panama. He was among the first persons connected with the enterprise of opening a railroad across this Isthmus, for which purpose he originally came here, and has ever since then been engaged in active pursuits, all more or less connected with the advancement of commerce and the development of the resources of the country. M. SABLA died at the age of 69.

We have news to-day by the *Constitution* of the taking of Oaxaca by the French.

SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

The Treaty Between Peru and Spain—Excitement at Lima—Affairs in Chili, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Sunday, Feb. 26, 1865.

The British mail steamer *Callao* arrived at Panama from Valparaiso and intermediate ports on the 21st. Her dates from Valparaiso and Santiago de Chili are to the 2d, and from Lima and Callao to the 13th inst. The *Callao* brought $385,000 in specie for Europe. Her news is important.

PERU.

The treaty of peace between Peru and Spain has been signed by the agents of the two contracting parties, the Chincha Islands been given up by Gen. PAREJA, and on the 2d the flag of the Peruvian commander was saluted by the Spanish frigate *Villa de Madrid*, in return for which the frigate *Amazonas* saluted the Spanish flag. The treaty does not differ materially from the report I furnished you by last mail. The main points are:

1. Spain gives up the Chinchas.
2. Peru sends a minister to Madrid.
3. Peru shall receive a special commissary to settle the Talambo case.
4. The Peruvian Minister at Madrid shall have power to conclude a treaty of peace similar to those now existing between Spain and Chili, and other American Republics.
5. Peru is to admit and satisfy the claims for losses, confiscations, &c., proved to be now in the hands of Spaniards and arising during the war of independence.
6. These claims will be legally proved.
7. Difficulties will be arranged by a mixed commission of six, three from each of the contracting parties.
8. Peru will pay Spain three millions of dollars as expenses of the present Spanish expedition. This treaty was sent to Madrid by last steamer on 28th January, and the Peruvian Government approved the same and published it on 2d inst.

On the 3d a Peruvian man-of-war proceeded to Chincha to formally receive the islands.

This treaty, so humiliating to Peru, was received badly by the people, and particularly by the opposition to the present administration, and it would not be at all surprising if it caused the downfall of President PEZET within a month. In fact, the war against the Government has already commenced, and blood has been shed in the streets of Callao and Lima. On the 5th, the Spanish Admiral very injudiciously allowed a party of his officers and sailors to land in Callao. They were immediately attacked by a mob, and the Spaniards having their side-arms and pistols, a bloody fray was the consequence. Some say that the Spanish were the aggressors, while others say the Peruvians commenced the fight. But be this as it may, services of the police as well as the troops in the carcels had to be called into requisition, and it was not till several had been killed on both sides and many wounded, that comparative order was restored. The Spaniards finally fled to their boats and ships.

When this news reached Lima, six miles distant, several thousands of persons assembled at the railroad station, and the excitement among them soon broke out into acts of violence. They attacked the police sent to disperse them, whom they drove off and then commenced to attack and mob shops and houses. The troops were obliged to fire upon the excited multitude, killing and wounding many of them. The President and many of his principal officers were on the spot, and did all in their power to quell the riot, in which they and the soldiers were assisted by many property holders.

The Government, it is said, had positive information that a revolution was intended, and the a semi-official paper, the *Peruano*, publishes documents going to prove that the movement was to have taken place on the 10th or 11th, but was accelerated by the riot at Callao. Accordingly General-Marshal RAMON CASTILLA, Ex-President, Gen. BUSTAMENTE, Ex-Minister CORTAS, and several other persons of distinction were arrested and thrown into prison. The Senate at Lima, of which Gen. CASTILLA is a member, endeavored to procure his release from prison, but President PEZET firmly resisted their application. But CASTILLA, or "Old Boots," as he is called, is very popular among the people and soldiers, and may at any day, become the master of the situation. It is not known in what light the serious affair at Callao will be looked upon by the Spanish Admiral, but in view of the efforts of the Government to quell the row, it is not reasonable that he should make it a cause of another quarrel with Peru. Some, however, deny that the authorities showed much disposition to restrain the mob, and say that Admiral PAREJA will insist upon heavy reparation.

H. B. M's. steamers *Leander* and *Shearwater* are still in Callao bay; also the U. S. flagship *Lancaster*, with all the vessels of the Spanish squadron. Amongst the arrivals during the fortnight, are the *Tacna* and *San Luis*, from the Clyde, with part of the iron floating dock for the Callao Dock Company. The remainder of the mechanics for the fitting up of the dock, arrived by last steamer from Glasgow via Panama, so that this truly important work may now be considered as in a fair way of realization. The company beside having a grant of land for workshops, stores, &c., is in possession of an exclusive privilege from the Peruvian Government for 20 years. The dock, when completed, will be capable of taking in the largest frigate, and will be of inestimable benefit to the numerous vessels employed in the guano trade. It will afford a ready means of cleaning the daily increasing fleet of iron steam vessels now arriving and trading in the Pacific. One-half of the shares of the company is in the hands of capitalists in Peru, and the other half is held in Liverpool, principally by persons connected with the Pacific Steam Navigation Company. Beside its great advantages generally to shipping interests, the dock promises to be a very lucrative undertaking for the shareholders.

The American "Congress of the Peoples" is still in session at Lima. The Representative from Chili, ex-President MONTT, has gone home.

It is currently reported at Lima that the Spanish fleet has orders to repair to Valparaiso, and to demand explanations and satisfaction from the Government of Chili, for its refusal to allow the Spanish fleet to take coals and other supplies from her ports.

CHILI.

There is nothing of importance from this Republic. The harvest in Chili has been very plentious, and very large exports of wheat and flour will this season be shipped to all parts of the world. During the past fortnight five vessels with wheat and flour have sailed for New-Zealand, Hong Kong, California and Rio Janerio.

The movement of men-of-war in the Bay of Valparaiso, during the fortnight has been animated. Besides the French, American and Russian ships, the whole English Pacific Squadron will soon meet at Valparaiso. The frigate *Sutlej* and the corvets *Clio* and *Alert* are already there, and the frigate *Leander*, the corvets *Charybdis* and *Chameleon*, and the paddle steamer *Devastation* are momently expected. The scorching heat and the epidemics drive flocks of emigrants from Santiago to Valparaiso, to enjoy the cool sea-breezes.

The American ship *Meverick*, 688 tons register, built in Hampden in 1854, has been sold for $5,000 cash, and the American ship *J. P. Chaplin*, 417 tons register, built in Maine in 1863, for $23,000 cash.

BOLIVIA.

The Government of President ACHA, it seems, will find it hard to maintain itself against a new revolutionary movement of Gens. MELGAREJS, and PEREZ. One of the revolutionary chiefs was occupying La Paz with 800 men. Potosi sustains the Government, but a column with two pieces of artillery had marched against it.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

The Panama Railroad Company's steamer *Guatemala* arrived at Panama from Central American ports on the 15th. She brought dates from Guatemala to the 6th, Salvador to the 10th, Nicaragua to the 11th, and Costa Rica to the 13th instant. She had the following freight list:

For Southampton, 48 ceroons indigo, two packages sundries; for Liverpool, 29 ceroons cochineal, 109 ceroons indigo, 854 bags coffee, 412 bales cotton, 4 bales deer skins, 250 bales india rubber, 3 cans balsam, 2 packages sundries; for Aspinwall, 153 hides, 4 bales deer skins; for New-York, 2 ceroons cochineal, 23 ceroons indigo, 12 bags coffee, 124 bales cotton, 32 bales deer skins, 66 bags silver ores, 66 hides; for San Francisco, 17 bales tobacco; for South Pacific, 250 bags coffee; for Panama, 4 bales hats, 3 bales mats, 17 cases cigars, 90 packages sugar, 17 packages rice, 301 packages coffee, 279 pieces lumber; specie, for England, 7 pkgs, $7,930; for Panama, 5 pkgs., $1,970 80.

GUATEMALA AND HONDURAS.

President CARRERA has issued a decree of non-intercourse against Costa Rica, similar to the one issued by President DUENAS, of Salvador, and Nicaragua has followed his example. What a great fuss because the little State of Costo Rica choses to give asylum to Gen. BARRIOS!

The revolutionists, in the district of Olancho, Honduras, against the government of President MEDINA, still hold their ground, and, it is said, have the sympathies, if not the aid, of Guatemala, Salvador, and Nicaragua.

SALVADOR.

An election has been had for President of Salvador, and of course resulted in favor of the present incumbent, DUENAS. No other person is mentioned as having received any vote.

The coffee crop in Salvado will be large this season, and the grain are of superior quality. The cotton culture is not so successful, the worms having been fatal to it in many districts. In the district of San Miguel, the value of the cotton raised is set down at half a million of dollars.

NICARAGUA.

Congress was opened in Nicaragua on the 29th of January. The President's message gives a short sketch of the situation of the country, which is satisfactory, with the exception of the treasury; dwelling among other things on the transit, which is declared to have been opened with "some regularity" and to promise well for the future, so as to animate the prosperity of Nicaragua, and benefit the commerce of the universe. The enterprise of Capt. PIM, ostensibly to build a railroad 300 miles long across Nicaragua, but really to sell in London, Paris and New-York some swamp lands, covered with alligators and mosquitoes, to such fools as will purchase them, is next spoken of as "the best founded hope, not only of the people of Nicaragua, but of all Central Americans." Under the head of foreign relations, the Mexican and Peruvian questions are slightly touched upon, and the message winds up by expressing to some extent, the reasons of the Government for the attitude Nicaragua saw fit to take toward Costa Rica in the Barrios affair.

COSTA RICA.

Costa Rica will not be left alone in its unpleasant position. The representatives of the United States and of the British Governments have already answered Mr. VOLIO's circular, approving of the motives and conduct of Costa Rica; the Minister of the former Power, Mr. RIOTTE, especially, assured the Government of that Republic of his sympathies and those of his Government, for the right of their cause.

The coffee crop in Costa Rica is a good average one.

Missouri State Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, March 7.

The State Convention, yesterday, declared the seat of THOMAS B. HARRIS, of Galloway County, vacant on the ground of his disloyalty.

FROM ALBANY.

An Industrious Legislature—The Tax Bill—The Proposed Removal of the Capital—A Local Measure of General Interest.

Correspondence of the New-York Times:

ALBANY, Monday, March 6, 1865.

It must be said of the present Legislature that it is an industrious body. Notwithstanding the unprecented rush of business, occasioned by the increased amount of local legislation demanded by the diversified interests of the Empire State, I think there has been no previous session when general orders have been so closely worked up to time. Even the Senate, slow-going and loquacious as it usually is, seems to have realized the importance of work, and many a stilted speech has been strangled in its birth by a call for the previous question—that especial terror of ambitious orators, who believe in free speech in its widest significance. A great deal of work is done in committee now, and local measures are hurried through under whip and spur; others are referred back with power to report complete; yet still they come! Whenever their introduction is in order, we have a perfect avalanche of bills; a new grist is put into the legislative hopper at every opportunity, and thus the mill grinds on. The session is far spent, and it becomes somewhat doubtful whether new measures can get through both houses. Hence the lobby grows clamorous; the cloak-room wears the aspect of a ward caucus; members are called from their seats, followed to committee-rooms, dogged to their boarding-houses, and pestered everywhere. The New-York delegation increases in numbers with nearly every train. Gentlemen interested in the Health Bill, the Paid Fire Department Bill, the Tax Bill, and innumerable railroad, ferry, baggage and other bills, are here in force. The last half of the session promises to be somewhat exciting, and it shall not be the fault of your correspondent if your readers are not made acquainted with some of the incidents.

The fight on the New-York Tax Bill promises to be waged to the end of the session quite as hotly as it was last week in the Assembly Committee of Ways and Means, where the delegation headed by I. O. MILLER, Esq., secured a substantial victory. The prospect now is that a bill will pass embodying, among others, these features: Abolishing the offices of Commissioner and Receiver of Taxes and Collector of Assessments; appointing a commission of three persons, each to name one man, and the three so named to be Commissioners of Taxes, with power to appoint a clerk; remaining commissioners to name a third in case of vacancy; commissioners to hold office for five years, and their successors to be appointed in the same manner as the first appointment by the then President of the Board of Supervisors, the County Clerk and President of the Board of Aldermen. An effort will be made to change the names of the commission mentioned in the bill, which is to appoint the first Board of Tax Commissioners. ANDREAS WILLMAN, WM. C. CONNER and WM. H. GEDNEY have that power as the bill now stands, but it is possible that one or more changes may be made, before the measure is finally passed, as I think it will be substantially as above indicated.

The proposition to remove the capitol is not defunct yet, and there will be a lively time when the bill comes up in the Assembly which provides that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of State shall be a commission to erect a new capitol, "which shall be located outside of the City and County of Albany." Gentlemen from the rural districts have become highly indignant at the enormous prices they are compelled to pay here, and vow in their wrath they will go for any place besides Albany. I heard one of the Western members declare the other day that his landlord brought in a bill against him for a week, when he was absent from the city, forty dollars for "board," nineteen dollars for "extras," and two dollars for "blacking boots!" The indignant member avowed his willingness to vote for New-York City as the State Capital. Nothing but the money invested in State buildings keeps the capitol here. Were that question out of the way, the Legislature would at any moment vote to change the seat of State Government, and it would not be at all surprising, with the present state of feeling, if such a measure should get through before the end of the session. A new capitol must be built somewhere, for the old building now occupied by the Governor and Legislature, is not only inconvenient, ill-contrived and cramped, but it is wholly unbecoming to the wealth and glory of a State whose motto is "Excelsior."

While Gov. FENTON's cannon were thundering away in the capitol park, on Saturday, in honor of our recent victories by land and sea, an exciting and spirited debate occurred in the Assembly on a bill to confirm the assessment made against the shareholders of the Second National Bank of Utica. The question involved in the bill is one of great importance, not only in Utica, but throughout the State. The facts are simply these: The Assessors of the First Ward of Utica, in which ward is located the bank in question, obtained a list of the stockholders, with the amount of their stock, and levied a tax against them, demanding payment at the bank. The bank, or rather those of the stockholders who do not reside in the ward, refused to pay, and the matter is now in litigation. The bill proposes to confirm the assessment, and will, of course, not only decide the suit, but establish a precedent for other cases, if it becomes a law.

Mr. PARKER, of Cayuga, opposed the bill vehemently, on the ground that it proposed to legalize an illegality, and to step in between parties litigant, and decide a suit in advance.

Mr. WEAVER, of Oneida, who is the recognized leader of the Democrats on the floor, a courteous and pleasant debater, usually, advocated the bill at length, in a speech of much earnestness and force, in which he reviewed the history and provisions of the National Banking Law, and endeavored to demonstrate that it required shareholders to be taxed where the bank was located.

Mr. VAN BUREN, of New-York, and GLEASON, of Suffolk, spoke forcibly against the bill, mainly on the ground of its proposing to interfere with a suit in court.

Mr. WEAVER assailed GLEASON on personal grounds, charging that as Chairman of the Judiciary Committee he had voted to report the bill, and now turned against it, as usual, for he declared that gentleman had occupied both sides of nearly every question before the House.

Mr. GLEASON replied very calmly but firmly, that he voted to report the bill because he was informed that the suit had been withdrawn; as he now learned to the contrary he should oppose the measure.

Mr. WOOD, of Onondaga, who is one of the most clear-headed legislators on the floor, closed the debate by giving a plain statement of the whole question. He said the National Banking Law provided that nothing in the act should prevent stockholders from being taxed, under State authority, in the place where the bank is located, and not elsewhere. The State Assessment laws provided that every man should be taxed on personal property where he resides. The assessors who levied this tax possessed no power except such as was given them by the laws of this State; they clearly exceeded their authority in taxing non-residents. A man in New-York could not be taxed in Utica for shares in a National Bank, under the law as it stood when this assessment was made. The Legislature, however, had provided for this in the future in the Bank Enabling Act, already passed. This bill was retroactive in its nature, and proposed to interfere with a suit in court. If such an act was passed at all, it should be general, not special.

A motion to recommit the bill, with instructions to strike out the enacting clause, was lost—25 to 41,—and the subject made a special order for Thursday evening. The bill will be killed at that time, probably. It is already evident that non-resident shareholders in National Banks will escape taxation as to the past, though they will have to pay their proportion in the future.

Recent heavy rains have done much to weaken the ice, and the weather-wise prognosticate an early opening of navigation on the Hudson. Indeed, the ice is already broken up at several points, and a few warm days will do the work. PERSIMMON.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 7.

The bill amending the charter of the Manhattan Fire Insurance Company was reported favorably.

A bill relative to Saving Banks in New York was noticed.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Incorporating the Eclectic Medical Society of the State of New-York.

Incorporating the Clyde Coal and Mining Company.

BILLS PASSED.

Amending the charter of the Washington Insurance Company.

Providing for a review of the decisions of the Supreme Court by the Court of Appeals.

Relative to the Oswego and Rome Railroad.

Mr. AMES introduced a concurrent resolution, that the Legislature adjourn *sine die* on the 12th of April. Laid on the table.

BILLS ADVANCED TO A THIRD READING.

The Bank Enabling Act.

Mr. MURPHY moved to amend by adding a provision that no bank should have the benefit of the act, or be allowed to sue in the courts of this State, unless it stipulated to pay the State, county and municipal taxes upon its whole capital, whether invested in United States stocks or otherwise.

Mr. COOK argued that the object of the Senator was already attained by the existing law, which provides for taxing the stockholders individually.

The amendment was voted down.

In reply to a resolution of the Senate, Comptroller BRENNAN reports the amounts paid over by District-Attorneys in New-York, received by them on bail, bonds and forfeited recognizances, as follows: 1845, MATHER C. ROBINSON, $26 37; 1846 to 1850, inclusive, JOHN MCKEON, $265 25; 1858, PETER B. SWEENEY, $2,639 95; 1862 to 1864, inclusive, A. OAKEY HALL, $19,788 37.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The "Faust" performance last evening attracted a very brilliant audience sufficient to demonstrate that GOUNOD's great Opera has not yet lost its hold on the public. And it is right that it should not lose its hold on the public, for it is one of the few works that have brought the "many-headed multitude" to a consideration of something large, and out of the usual way. The performance last evening was excellent in all respects, and gave abundant satisfaction to the admirers of this standard work.

Mr. MARETZEK's season draws rapidly to an end. The regular nights, in fact, end with the next week. A few representations will then be given for the purpose of introducing certain artists of talent who have been recommended to Mr. MARETZEK's attention, and of whom we hear the warmest accounts. It will be seen, therefore, that there are but few more regular opportunities of hearing Italian Opera until next Fall. Even "La Forza del Destino" has to be withdrawn after the present week. There will be but two more representations of this fine composition; one to-night, and the other on Friday. Our musical public will undoubtedly avail themselves of these last opportunities of hearing one of the latest and best works of the Italian repertoire.

We are glad to hear—and our lady readers will join us in the gladness—that there is to be a Matinée on Saturday. VERDI's opera of "Ernani" is to be given. The Matinée will commence at the usual hour, and end in time for the Philharmonic concert. It might, however, be desirable for enthusiasts to remain in the Academy from Friday night inasmuch as there is a rehearsal early on Saturday morning—the last rehearsal of the Philharmonic aforesaid.

CHAMBER MUSIC.—Messrs. MASON and THOMAS will give their fourth soirée of Chamber music at Dodworth's Hall to-night. The programme is as follows: 1. Quartette, for stringed instruments, by MOZART (in D, No. 10); 2, Trio, for piano and stringed instruments, (in B, opus 97,) by BEETHOVEN; 3, Quartette for stringed instruments, (in A, op. 41, No. 3,) by SCHUMANN. The executants are Mr. WM. MASON (piano), Mr. THEODORE THOMAS (violin), Mr. MOSENTHAL (seconda), G. MATZKA (viola), and F. BERGNER (violoncello).

Every Day adds Fresh Testimony to the value of

CHEVALIER'S
LIFE FOR THE HAIR.

Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out in three days, keeps the head clean, cool and healthy, will not stain the skin, or soil the whitest fabric. The best hair-dressing in the world. Can be used freely; contains nothing injurious; strengthens and promotes the growth of the weakest hair, *is recommended and used by the first medical authority in New-York*. All are freely invited to examine this wonderful triumph of science. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, where advice as to the treatment of the hair will be freely given. Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Buchu
Is the Great Diuretic.
HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
Is the Great Blood Purifier.

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made.

Do not Waste your Money Buying any of the numerous worthless articles called GOLD PENS, which have flooded the market for the last few years, when at lower prices you can get pens which are acknowledged to be the BEST IN THE WORLD.

Avoid the shameless Upstarts, whose lack of brains compels them to attempt imitation, *even to the advertisement*. If you want the full value of your money call on A. MORTON, No. 25 Maiden-lane, or inclose stamp for circular.

Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.

Chloasma, or Mothpatch, (also called Liverspot,) and Lentigo or Freckles, are often very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, for the discolored spots show more plainly on the face of a blonde than of a brunette; but they greatly mar the beauty of either; and any preparation that will effectually remove them WITHOUT INJURING THE TEXTURE OR COLOR OF THE SKIN, is certainly a desideratum. Dr. B. C. PERRY, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered a remedy for these discolorations, which is at once prompt, infallible and harmless.

For sale in New-York by DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row; McKESSON & ROBBINS, No. 91 Fulton-st.; DUDLEY & STAFFORD, No. 69 Beekman-st., and FRAZER & LEE, No. 20 Beekman-st.

Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. Call for PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.

Dr. PERRY treats successfully all diseases of the scalp, loss of hair and premature blanching. No charge for consultation. Inclose stamp for circular.

Quantity vs. Quality.—HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA—THE DOSE IS SMALL. Those who desire a large quantity—and large doses of medicine—ERR.

I CAN SUIT ALL.

Batcheler's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Deafness, Impaired Sight,

NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
affections of the
THROAT, LUNGS AND ASTHMA
cured by
DR. VON EISENBERG,
No. 816 Broadway, near 12th-st.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Corns, Bunions, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet, cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, No. 760 Broadway.

Dyspepsia Tablets Cure Indigestion, Heartburn, &c. 50 cents per box. Prepared by S. G. WELLING, No. 571 Broadway. Sold by all druggists.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar SILVER PLATE SAFES. Highly ornamental, and warranted perfectly dry. Also a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes.

MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-Machines for sale, to rent, and operators with machines sent into families, by J. T. ELLIS, No. 939 Broadway, corner of 22d-st., up stairs.

Also, the up-town agency for Brown's celebrated PATENT BABY TENDERS.

Trusses, Supporters, &c.—"WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS" cures Rupture. No pressure on the back or chord. Light, clean, easy.

GREGORY & CO., No. 609 Broadway.

Low Pressure Steam Heating Apparatus,
BAKER, SMITH & CO., No. 182 Centre-st.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium LOCK-STITCH SEWING-MACHINES, No. 625 Broadway. See WHEELER & WILSON'S BUTTON-HOLE MACHINE.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic stitch and lock-stitch sewing-machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Rest, Health and Comfort to Mother and Child.—Mrs. WINSLOW'S Soothing Syrup, for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain, and cures wind colic. Perfectly safe in all cases. We would say to every mother who has a suffering child, do not let your prejudice, nor the prejudices of others, stand between you and your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. 35 cents a bottle.

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.—A certain cure for coughs, cold, influenza, hoarseness, difficult breathing, and all affections of the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, leading to consumption. The Honey of Horehound soothes all irritation. The Tar of Balm of Gilead penetrates, cleanses and heals all parts of the throat and lungs. There is nothing like it. Fifty cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists. CHARLES DOWNER, General Agent, No. 44 Cedar-st., New-York.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap**, in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials**, is **mild and emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented**, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption, Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT is the well-known standard remedy, at all times certain and reliable. It needs only a trial to prove its efficacy.

Words for the Wise.

The more we live, more brief appear
Our life's succeeding stages;
A day to childhood seems a year,
And years like passing ages.

But ah! when Time upon his wings
Brings slow, consuming sickness,
We wish the weary hours would glide
With twice the usual quickness.

Then let the wise such ills avoid.
Why should pain rack and twist 'em,
When to have health they only need
To fortify the system.

Wherefore endure Dyspepsia's pangs,
Or shake with nervous twitters,
When science proffers for our cure
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

Those who desire brilliancy of complexion, must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Recollect it is no patent medicine. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
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Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
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A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

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Sold by druggists generally.

Dr. Lighthill can be consulted at his residence, No. 34 St. Mark's-place, (8th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.,) from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M., on

DEAFNESS, CATARRH.

Discharges from the Ear, Noises in the Head, and all diseases of the

EAR, THROAT, AND
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Can One Prevent Gray Hair or Baldness? Yes and no, satisfactorily answered by Dr. GRANJEAN, Astor-place.

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RUN BY HOT AIR.
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Messrs. Fowler & Wells, Phrenologists, give charts of character daily, at No. 389 Broadway.

Hot-house Strawberries and Cucumbers received to-day by
WILLIAM TAYLOR, No. 555 Broadway.

A Silent Sewing Machine.
WILCOX & GIBBS, No. 508 Broadway

DIED.

BARKER.—On Monday, March 6, at the Hoffman House, ANNIE MILLER, daughter of James W. and Annie M. Barker, aged 3 years and 12 days.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, from the Norfolk-street M. E. Church, between Grand and Broome, on Wednesday, at 12 o'clock. The remains will be temporarily deposited in the Marble Cemetery, Second-st.

☞ Pittsburgh papers please copy.

BARKER.—On Sunday evening, March 5, after a short illness, ANN MARY, wife of Thomas Barker, in the 78th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, 8th inst, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 45 Lexington-av.

CHATTERTON.—CHARLES M. CHATTERTON, aged 46 years, 2 months and 12 days.

Funeral at 1 o'clock on Friday, 8th inst., at his residence, No. 265 West 15th-st.

☞ New-Haven papers please copy.

FARR.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 7, RINALDO FARR, aged 55 years and 7 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from No. 205 Schermerhorn-st., on Wednesday, at 3 o'clock P. M.

FISHER.—At White Plains, on Tuesday, March 7, FANNIE A., daughter of Myndert M. and Mary Denison Fisher, aged 1 year and 4 months.

Funeral services, to which the relatives and friends of the family are invited, will be held in Grace Church, White Plains, on Thursday morning, the 9th inst., at 11 o'clock.

HARRISON.—At Orange, N. J., on Saturday, March 4, CHARLES J. HARRISON, only son of Charles and Mary E. Harrison, aged 30 years.

The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, March 8, at St. Mark's Church, Orange, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

HEATH.—On Monday morning, March 6, CAROLINE W. HEATH, daughter of James L. and Augusta Heath, aged 18 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 825 3d-av., on Wednesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, without further invitation.

HADDEN.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 7, CROWELL HADDEN, in the 64th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, at his late residence, No. 24 Remsen-st., on Thursday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. His remains will be taken to Woodbridge, N. J., for interment.

IVES.—At Yonkers, on Monday, March 6, THOMAS IVES, aged 59 years.

KELLOGG.—On Tuesday morning, March 7, CHARLES A. KELLOGG, after a short, severe illness.

His remains will be taken to Troy for interment.

KIP.—At Yorkville, on Saturday, March 4, Mrs. ELIZA C. KIP, relict of John G. Kip, aged 67 years.

The funeral will take place from the Reformed Dutch Church in 3d-av., between 87th and 88th sts., this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

LE ROY.—At Philadelphia, on Sunday, March 5, Capt. ROBERT LE ROY, U. S. A., late of this city.

The funeral services will take place at Trinity Church, this city, on Wednesday, the 8th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

MARTENSE.—At Flatbush, on Tuesday, March 7, Mrs. DEBORAH MARTENSE, in the 85th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, on Thursday, March 9, at 2 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at the corner of 3d-av. and 24th-st., South Brooklyn.

MERRITT.—On Monday, March 6, at Bloomfield, N. J., ALBERT WARNER MERRITT, aged 3 years, 1 month and 17 days.

The relatives and friends of the afflicted parents are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, 8th inst., at 2 P. M., from the M. E. Church, Bloomfield, N. J.

MATTHEW.—On Monday, March 6, ANDREW MATTHEW, in the 37th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 75 North Moore-st., on Wednesday, March 8, at 2 o'clock P. M.

RAYNER.—Suddenly, on Sunday, March 5, J. H. RAYNER, in the 60th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from the residence of his sister in-law, M. Fink, No. 108 Chrystie-st., on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock. His remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

PENROSE.—On Monday, March 6, WILLIAM PENROSE, printer, of general debility, in the 60th year of his age.

The friends of the family, and Co. K, 12th regiment N. Y. S. M., are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 613 Washington-st., near Morton, on Thursday, March 9, at 1½ P. M.

STEWART.—On Tuesday, March 7, MARTHA, wife of Alexander Stewart, in the 76th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 378 Grand-st., on Thursday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Funeral at St. Stephen's Church, corner of Broome and Chrystie sts.

SWIFT.—At New-Brunswick, N. J., on Saturday, March 4, ROBERT HALLAM, youngest child of McRee and A. Hortense Swift, aged 1 year and 8 months.

TREDWELL.—At his residence in this city, on Tuesday, March 7, SEABURY TREDWELL, in the 85th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

VARIAN.—At Chappaqua, Westchester County, on Monday, March 6, SUSAN A., relict of the late Wm. Varian, of Westchester, in the 64th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the Reformed Dutch Church at West Farms, on Thursday, the 9th inst., at 10½ A. M. Carriages will be at the Fordham Depot to meet the 9 o'clock A. M. train from 26th-st., Harlem Railroad.

WILMOT.—On Wednesday, March 1, near Wheeling, West Virginia, of typhoid fever, WILLIAM W. WILMOT, formerly of Bridgeport, Conn., in the 28th year of his age.

CHANGE OF FIRM.
OWING TO THE RECENT DISSOLUTION AND RE-ORGANIZATION OF OUR FIRM,
WE DESIRE TO REALIZE AT ONCE
UPON OUR SUPERB STOCK OF
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING
AND FURNISHING GOODS.
WE THEREFORE OFFER THE ENTIRE STOCK OF
THE LATE FIRM,
AMOUNTING TO OVER
$400,000,
CONSISTING OF
WINTER, SPRING AND SUMMER
CLOTHING,
AT A LARGE REDUCTION
FROM PRESENT PRICES

Our fine stock of piece goods will be made to order in our best styles, at the SAME LIBERAL ABATEMENT IN PRICE.

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BROADWAY, CORNER OF GRAND-ST.,
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THE GREAT GERMAN
HEILMITTEL
WILL CURE
COUGHS AND COLDS.
THE
G. G.
HEILMITTEL
WILL CURE
CATARRH AND BRONCHITIS.
THE
G. G.
HEILMITTEL
WILL CURE
CONSUMPTION IN ITS FIRST STAGES,
And is the best remedy for
DIPHTHERIA.

For sale by all Druggists. Price per Bottle, $1.
WEEKS & POTTER,
Druggists, No. 170 Washington-st., Boston, Wholesale Agents.

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin.

FURNITURE,
AT REDUCED PRICES,
of the latest styles, consisting of
Parlor, Diningroom and Chamber Suits,
AT
F. KRUTINA'S MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
Between Bowery and 2d-av.
All goods warranted.

AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.

The Public and Profession are invited to examine Dr. LEVETT'S "PATENT" in COMBINATION with a gold web and rubber base for artificial teeth. It forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space in the mouth heretofore deemed indispensable, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 832 Broadway. Hours 9 till 3.

Can refer to patients of the highest respectability.

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Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.

Pearl Mottled Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other soaps constantly on hand.

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From the largest Manufacturing Chemist in the World.

I AM ACQUAINTED WITH MR. H. T. HELMBOLD: he occupied the drug-store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of POWERS & WEIGHTMAN,
Manufacturing Chemists,
9th and Brown sts., Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON IRON WORKS.
NEWBURGH, N. Y., March 3, 1865.

The destruction of our boiler-shop by fire, on the 1st inst., temporarily deranges our production of Portable Engines, but we are happy to be able to state that many of our boilermakers are again at work here, and that with the aid of other shops which are making boilers for us, we shall fill our orders for Portable Engines with nearly our usual promptness.

On the 12th inst. we shall have our facilities restored, and somewhat extended, so that we can meet almost any demand for engines that can be made upon us.

HOMER RAMSDELL,
President Washington Iron Works.
HOMER RAMSDELL, President,
GEO. B. CLAPP, Treasurer.
JOSEPH BELKNAP, Superintendent.

CAUTION.

I, the undersigned, am the owner of Letters Patent of the United States, originally granted as early as 1854, which secure to me the exclusive right of making, selling and using—

FIRST.—Collars, Cuffs, &c., made entirely of paper in imitation of starched linen.

SECOND.—Collars, Cuffs, &c., in which paper combined with muslin is used.

All persons who make, sell or wear the above mentioned articles without a right obtained from me infringe either one or both of said patents, and render themselves liable to me for damages.

The only parties to whom I have granted license to manufacture the above articles are the Lockwood Manufacturing Company of Nos. 255, 257 and 259 South-3d-st., Philadelphia, and their goods are duly and distinctly stamped with the dates of the patent.

WILLIAM E. LOCKWOOD.
Sole Assignee.

CABINET FURNITURE
AT THE LOWEST
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

We have constantly on hand, and make to order in the latest styles, rosewood, black walnut, and black and gilt parlor suites, oak and walnut library and dining suites, rosewood, walnut and chestnut bedroom and chamber suites, and a general assortment of all articles in our line, to which we draw the attention of the public to see and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods warranted.

WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,
Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Norfolk and Essex sts. The Belt Railroad passes within two blocks of the store.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

The great popularity of this safe and efficacious preparation is alone attributable to its intrinsic worth. In the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and all consumptive symptoms, it has no superior, if equal. Let no one neglect the early symptoms of disease, when an agent is thus at hand which will alleviate all complaints of the Chest, Lungs, or Throat.

Sold by ALEXANDER B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 166 Court-st., Boston, and by D. BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

NOT A FEW OF THE WORST DISORDERS that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"RARELY HAVE WE SEEN AN ABLER work than this, or one which more vigorously interests us in the principal characters of its most fascinating story."—*London Times.*

NOW READY.
The new and powerful English Novel.
GEORGE GEITH,
OF
FEN COURT.
BY F. G. TRAFFORD,
Author of "Too Much Alone," &c.
1 vol., 12mo., cloth, 555 pp., price $2.

"This fine story, so rich in pathos, is not poor in humor. Its sadness does not tend to monotone, but is diversified by sketches of 'fine city ladies' and notable of city sociabilities, which are keenly witty and genuinely entertaining. It is a rare pleasure to read such a novel as 'George Geith, of Fen Court'—a pleasure for whose recurrence it is vain to look except toward its author. Beryl Moloyane, the witty, laughing girl of sense, who can mimic, and act, and jeer, and govern a family, and smash pretence, and love devotedly...... We do not know when we have been so charmed as with that strange figure, so composite, yet so real, or when we have read anything more touching than her relation to her husband, whom Mr. Trafford, true to his theory of life, makes in his hour of victory a sick bankrupt."

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PETROLEUM.

DE KALB

PETROLEUM COMPANY.

CAPITAL..........$350,000

35,000 SHARES, AT $10 EACH, PAID IN FULL.

SECOND GREAT WELL
Just struck on Pithole Creek.

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS PER DAY.

This new well now indisputably proves Pithole Creek to be second to none as a great oil producing region.

The DE KALB COMPANY OWN 120 ACRES IN FEE, almost adjoining this new great well, and applications are now being considered for leasing out a tract of three acres on very advantageous terms, and the company has now one engine at Funkville, on Oil Creek, which will be sent to Pithole Creek, and a new well sunk with great dispatch. Three more wells going down as rapidly as the weather will allow.

OFFICERS:
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TREASURER,
HENRY DE ZAVALA.
SECRETARY,
SAMUEL W. BOOCOCK.
COUNSEL,
JOHN H. BIRD, No. 137 Broadway.
BANKERS.
CARR, TAYLOR & CO., No. 30 Broad-st.
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J. KENNEDY SMYTH, No. 74 Broadway.
MAHLON S. FROST, No. 2 Cedar-st., and Titusville
EDWARD G. LUDLOW, M. D., No. 49 East 23d-st.
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J. VAN RENSSALAER, Jr., No. 44 Exchange-place.
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SCHEDULE.

No. 1.—On Oil Creek—One acre on Sennchoff Farm, with TWO WELLS, one yielding forty barrels per day; the other, ready to tube, flowed ten barrels per day, on striking oil.

No. 2.—Frost Refinery, Buildings, Office, &c., &c.

No. 3.—ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES IN FEE on Pithole Creek.

No. 4.—1,300 acres in fee on the Little Kanawha.

Subscription Books will remain open until the 10th day of March at the office of the company's bankers.

CARR, TAYLOR & CO.
NO. 30 BROAD-ST., ROOM NO. 15.

ORDERS FROM OUT OF TOWN IMMEDIATELY ATTENDED TO.

PETROLEUM.

THE NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL

PETROLEUM COMPANY,

ORGANIZED UNDER THE MINING AND MANUFACTURING LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS,
IN
ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND SHARES,
AT
$10 PER SHARE, NOT LIABLE TO ASSESSMENT.

GOVERNMENT BONDS AND SECURITIES TAKEN IN PAYMENT FOR STOCK.

OFFICES:
NO. 24 EMPIRE BUILDING,
NO. 71 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Post-office address, Box No. 5,368, NEW-YORK.

OFFICERS:
Hon. DANIEL S. DICKINSON, President.
WM. T. PHIPPS, Vice-President.
ROBERT BASSETT, Secretary.
H. J. BURTIS, Mining Superintendent, Titusville, Pa.
ATLANTIC BANK, 142 Broadway, N. Y., Treasury.

THE WELLS OF THE COMPANY ARE NOW PRODUCING OIL.

Payment for stock may be made in drafts, registered notes, or Government bonds and securities, which bonds and securities will be taken at their market value.

Remittances may be addressed to the Company, Post-office Box No. 5,368, New-York City, or to "Atlantic Bank, Treasury of the New-York and Liverpool Petroleum Company, No. 142 Broadway, New-York City."

Prospectus sent to any address on application, containing a full and clear account of the operations of this MOST SUCCESSFUL PETROLEUM COMPANY.

THE OLD DOMINION

PETROLEUM COMPANY,

Organized under the Laws of the State of New-York.

CAPITAL..........$500,000

DIVIDED INTO 50,000 SHARES.

PAR VALUE, $10.

$20,000 RESERVED AS A CASH WORKING CAPITAL.

The lands of this company comprise 200 acres in fee, selected with care from the very best oil lands in Pleasant County, West Virginia, and lie within about 150 rods of the "famous wells" of Horse Neck and Rawson's Run, and about 3½ miles from the Ohio River. Many fine wells have recently been opened in close proximity to this property, producing from 50 to 100 barrels per day. A telegram just received reports another flowing well of 100 barrels near by. One well commenced by the superintendent lies in a direct line between two good wells just opened, not far distant.

Within a radius of three-fourths of a mile there are 20 producing wells, and more than that number in progress.

Not a failure has yet been met with in this locality, every well being a success.

This land has a large amount of boring territory—enough for several hundred wells.

The company are now prepared to issue stock, at their office, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 59, at the subscription price of $3 per share.

Prospectus, with map, can be had at the office of the company.

A competent superintendent is on the ground, and will push forward the work with the least possible delay.

PRESIDENT,
SAMUEL T. McDOUGALL.
VICE-PRESIDENT,
JOHN KEATING.
SECRETARY AND TREASURER,
WM. WALLACE PERKINS.
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SAM'L T. McDOUGALL, New-York.
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PETROLEUM.

PACIFIC COAST PETROLEUM COMPANY, OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL STOCK, $5,400,000.
SHARES $100 EACH.
WORKING CAPITAL $800,000 IN STOCK, AND $100,000 IN CASH.

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THOMAS A. SCOTT, Vice-President Pennsylvania Central Railroad Co., Philadelphia, Penn.
R. S. S. ANDROS, of Andros & Cole, Boston, Mass.
Hon. LEVI PARSONS, of San Francisco, California.
BANKERS:
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The property of this company consists of a perpetual lease of 75,000 acres of oil territory in San Luis Obispo County, California, with a frontage of ten miles on the Pacific Coast, and from the reports of Prof. Silliman, Col. Williamson, and others, it contains the richest oil springs, wells, and territory yet discovered.

A Prospectus, Reports, and a limited amount of Stock at $20 per share, can be had by applying personally or by letter to

JAMES WADSWORTH & CO., No. 61 Cedar-st.
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PETROLEUM.

ORIGINAL INVESTMENT.

The owners of 15 different properties, well selected in Venango and Clarion Counties, Penn., in whose immediate vicinities numerous wells have been bored and are now boring, offer their lands to any company of gentlemen who will subscribe before 1st of April, 1865, sufficient working capital to sink 15 wells, viz.: one on each farm. They are willing to take all their interest in the stock of any company formed. Any one desirous of taking a chance in Petroleum may be assured of doing so on the original foundation, and will be guaranteed by a satisfactory and prominent banker. Full maps of the property, with plans and every information, may be had at the office of THOS. J. McKEE, Esq., No. 67 Wall-st., New-York City.

CANADA OIL LANDS.

Valuable oil lands in the Township of Enniskillen and vicinity, Canada West, for sale by

LEE & ELY,
No. 54 William-st.

PETROLEUM.

PROSPECTUS OF THE UNITED REPUBLIC PETROLEUM COMPANY, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC PETROLEUM COMPANY is a corporation, organized under the laws of the State of New-York, with a capital of $2,500,000, divided into 250,000 shares, of the par value of $10 each, the shareholders of which are exempt from all personal liability.

FIVE HUNDRED THOUSNND DOLLARS WORKING CAPITAL.

The books are now opened for a limited number of subscriptions, at the following offices:

Messrs. Lowber, Ostrom & Co., No. 105 Front-st.; Messrs. T. Ketcham & Co., No. 68 Wall-street; Messrs. Fancher & McChesney, corner Moore and Water-st.; Wm. M. Parks, No. 19 Broad-st.; Messrs. Wellington & Cox, No. 74 Broad-st.; Wm. A. Fowler, No. 74 Broadway, N. Y.; D. K. Ducker, No. 38 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; D. B. Powell, No. 77 Myrtle-ave.; George J. Hardy, No. 13 Court-st., Brooklyn, and at the office of the company, No. 74 Broadway, N. Y.

TRUSTEES:
E. J. LOWBER, firm Lowber, Ostrom & Co, No. 105 Front-st.
J. C. DAYTON, firm J. C. Dayton & Co., No. 107 Front-st.
WM. A. FOWLER, No. 74 Broadway.
I. B. WELLINGTON, firm Wellington & Cox, No. 74 Broad-st.
SMITH FANCHER, firm Fancher & McChesney, No. 5 Water-st.
JOHN CHADWICK, No. 181 Pearl-st.
FREDERICK LACEY, firm Mead, Lacey & Co., No. 47 Water-st.
W. M. PARKS, No. 19 Broad-st.
EDWARD DODGE, No. 51 Wall-st.

OFFICERS:
President—E. J. LOWBER.
Vice-President—J. C. DAYTON.
Treasurer—WM. A. FOWLER.
Secretary—JAMES H. KIDDER.

The property of this company has been selected by practical judges of oil interests, and includes territory which is considered the very best in the whole oil region, embracing selections on Cherry Run, Pit-hole and Oil Creeks, and Allegany River.

The producing interests are now yielding over one hundred and eighty barrels per day, principally from new wells, and this alone is sufficient to pay two per cent. per month on the entire capital, and with the developments to be made with the unusually large working capital, promises increased dividends at an early day.

FEE SIMPLE INTERESTS.

1.
150 acres D. Gaines Farm, on Horse Creek, laying nearly a mile on either side of the creek—an excellent piece of oil territory.

2.
20 acres Stuart's Run, all boring land on each side of the run, within a mile of the great U. S. Well, on Pit-hole Creek, McKinley Farm.

3.
85 acres Graham Farm, on Pit-hole Creek, one mile from the U. S. Co's well—over 50 acres fine boring land, one of the finest farms on the Creek, and not to be excelled for oil purposes.

4.
110 acres Shirk Farm, on Sugar Creek, two miles above Cooperstown, where heavy oil is found—a fine location, and a very long distance on the Creek.

5.
38 acres Fry farm, on Cherry Tree Run—all boring land, and full of streams—a splendid piece of oil territory, one mile from Cherry Tree.

6.
5 acres McClure Farm, on Cherry Run, lying one half mile above Plumer, which is very promising for oil purposes.

7.
250 acres Tidioute Creek, running one mile on the creek—100 acres fine boring land.

8.
30 acres Haworth Farm, on Pit-hole Creek—a beautiful site, all boring land, two miles above the great Well, and the property is believed to be fully as valuable as the Smith Farm on Cherry Run.

LEASEHOLD INTERESTS.

9.
¾ working interest in Lease No. 18, McClamont Farm, Cherry Run, on which there is a well now going down.

10.
¾ working interest in Lease No. 4, Lamb Farm, Cherry Run—a well now drilling, night and day—A fine location, just above the Humboldt Works.

11.
¾ working interest in lease No. 16, Lamb Farm, Cherry Run—a well going down, and a good situation, below the Humboldt Works.

12.
¾ working interest in Lease No. 8, Lamb Farm—an excellent lease, with a well now being put down.

13.
Lease No. 6, Henry Farm, at Henry's Bend, Alleghany River, for one half the oil, for fourteen (14) years—adjoining the great Heydrick Well, which has turned out over 54,000 bbls. of oil, and is still pumping over 60 bbls. per day. Well to be put down and completed at once on this lease.

14.
Lease No. 8, Henry Farm, at Henry's Bend, Alleghany River, for one half the oil, for fourteen years.

15.
Lease No. 9, Henry Farm, at Henry's Bend, Alleghany River, for one half the oil, for fourteen years.

16.
Lease of 15 acres Haworth Farm for twenty-five (25) years, for one half the oil, on Pit-hole Creek, lying on both sides of the Creek, and a selection of his Farm of over (400) acres. Seven (7) wells to be put down on this property at once, free of all expense to this Company.

17.
Lease of 10 acres, being a selection from 76 acres of the Heydrick Farm, on Muskrat Run, near Pit-hole, for one-half the oil. This is a valuable piece of oil territory.

18.
Lease No. 2, Heydrick Farm, Pit-hole Run, for one-half the oil, only a few rods from the great United States Well. Well to be put down free of expense.

19.
Lease No. 4, Heydrick Farm, Pit-hole Run, for one-half the oil, same as above. Well to be put down by the company.

20.
Lease No. 5, Heydrick Farm, Pit-hole Run, for one-half the oil. Well to be put down by the company.

21.
Lease No. 1, Prather Farm, ⅝ working interest, on which there is a well going down.

PRODUCING INTERESTS.

22
¾ working interest Grocery well and lease, Smith Farm Cherry Run. This is a flowing well and now producing 200 barrels per day. Our interest in this well is..........90 bbls.

23
⅛ working interest Coquette Well, Egbert Farm, Oil Creek, now flowing 650 barrels per day. Our interest in this well over..........80 bbls.

24
⅛ free interest, Lady Washington Well, and lease, Blood Farm, Oil Creek, now pumping 80 barrels per day. Our interest in this well..........10 bbls.

Total producing interest per day..........180 bbls.

PETROLEUM

WAGSTAFF & GOETCHIUS,
No. 71 BROADWAY, Room No. 29.

OIL STOCKS
bought and sold on commission, at private sale, and at the regular Petroleum Stock Board.

McKINLEY,
EXCELSIOR,
FOUNTAIN,
UNITED STATES,
DEVON,
DUTCHMAN RUN,
RYND FARM,
OCEANIC,
CLIFTON,
BERGEN COAL AND OIL,
LOOMIS,
NORTHERN LIGHT,
and others.

LIST OF PRICES published daily, and information cheerfully furnished of all Dividend Companies.

THE BUCKEYE STATE PETROLEUM COMPANY.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.
OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,
NO. 61 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.
CAPITAL, 300,000 SHARES.
PAR VALUE, TWO DOLLARS.

One hundred thousand shares reserved by the Company for the development of the property.

President,
THOMAS W. SATTERTHWAITE.
Vice-President,
GEORGE B. CORNISH.
Secretary and Treasurer,
N. W. STUYVESANT CATLIN.
Counsel,
HENRY J. SCUDDER,
No. 66 Wall-st., New-York.
Trustees.
THOMAS W. SATTERTHWAITE, No. 61 William-st., New-York.
S. C. HILLS, No. 12 Platt-st., New-York.
GEORGE B. CORNISH, of New-York.
J. H. PULESTON, No. 69 Broadway, New-York.
N. W. STUYVESANT CATLIN, No. 61 William-st., New-York.
RICHARDS KINGSLAND, No. 38 Pine-st., New-York.
JOHN F. PICKRELL, of Baltimore, Md.

The property of the Company consists of about twelve hundred acres of selected oil territory in Washington County, Ohio, distributed into fifteen tracts, all within a radius of ten miles of the City of Marietta. Three tracts, of two hundred and three acres, are located on Long Run; four tracts, of four hundred acres, on the Little Muskingum; and the other tracts are distributed upon Eight Mile Creek, Fifteen Mile Creek, Morse Run, and the west fork of Morse River, on Paw-Paw Creek, and on Whipple Run.

This property is represented by experts to be of the most promising character, oil indications abounding, especially on Long Run, where wells of other companies are now producing large supplies of heavy lubricating oil. Twelve wells are in process of boring, and machinery, tools, engines and everything necessary for the rapid development of the property are being procured.

The entire purchase-money having been paid, the company is now in full possession of the property.

A limited number only of the 100,000 reserved shares may be obtained at the subscription price of $1, being full paid stock without further assessment, at the office of

SATTERTHWAITE BROTHERS,
No. 61 William-st.
S. C. HILLS, No. 12 Platt-st., and
RICHARDS KINGSLAND,
No. 38 Pine-st.

PETROLEUM.

PETROLEUM

BOOKS CLOSING.

The subscription books will close on March 1, after which no stock will be sold at the present subscription price of $1 per share. A limited number of shares will be sold for a few days at $3 per share.

NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE CONSOLIDATED PETROLEUM AND MINING COMPANY
Organized under the laws of New-York.

SHAREHOLDERS EXEMPT FROM ALL PERSONAL LIABILITY.

A new 200 barrel well on Cherry Run.

A new 180 barrel well of Fine Lubricating Oil on Sugar Creek.

A new 200 barrel well has been struck on Cherry Run above the Reed Well, close to the property of this company, on the McTate Farm, on which one of the company's wells is almost completed, with splendid prospects of oil.

Another well on the Hogg farm, close to this, is also nearly down, with equally great prospects.

A new 150 barrel well of fine Lubricating Oil has been struck on Sugar Creek, (the first well bored,) adjoining the Saunders farm, the property of this company, on which a well is nearly completed, with splendid show of Oil.

One acre (of the seven acres Homestead Reserve) on the Saunders farm, which farm belongs to this company, was sold a few days ago for $15,000 cash.

This company has five different properties on Sugar Creek, and they alone are worth to-day over one million dollars, and the entire properties of the company are worth to-day over five million of dollars.

CAPITAL, $1,500,000, DIVIDED INTO 300,000 SHARES.
PAR VALUE, $5.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE FOR A LIMITED NUMBER OF SHARES REMAINING, $3 PER SHARE.
NO FURTHER ASSESSMENT OR CALL ON THE SUBSCRIBERS, AS 50,000 SHARES ARE RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

President, J. S. CLARK, of New-York.
Vice-President, R. H. WISHART, New-York.
Treasurer, H. F. DEVOE, New-York.
Secretary, J. CONKLIN, New-York.
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O. KING, Baltimore, Md.
J. H. GOULD, Philadelphia, Penn.
W. WOODRUFF, Baltimore, Md.
R. H. WISHART, New York.
Dr. T. S. KING, New-York.
A. CLARK, Tarr Farm, Penn.
H. B. CLARK, Oil City, Penn.
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENTS:
J. S. CLARK, New-York.
A. CLARK, Tarr Farm, Penn.
H. B. CLARK, Oil City, Penn.
OFFICES:
No. 71 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Nos. 612 and 614 CHESTNUT-ST., PHILADELPHIA.
No. 1 CARROLL HALL, BALTIMORE-ST.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

The property, embracing upward of 635 acres in different locations, has been selected with great care during the last three years by those of the directors who have been constantly operating on Oil Creek, and throughout the entire oil region of Pennsylvania, as well as Western Virginia, and was not selected to sell, but for the purpose of development and producing oil, having now some ten wells under contract, and being bored with vigor, beside those already completed and producing, making in all thirteen wells already on the property.

Every acre of the company's property is bottom and the best of boring land, much of it on Oil Creek, Cherry Run, Cherry Tree Run, Alleghany River, opposite Horse Creek, Sugar Creek, Elk Creek, and other streams where the lands are being rapidly developed with the most encouraging prospects.

The trustees feel confident they will be able to declare and continue handsome dividends shortly after the books close.

Prospectus, maps, and every information can be obtained at

WISHART & CO.'S PETROLEUM EXCHANGE,
No. 71 Broadway, New-York,
And at the office of H. F. DEVOE & SONS, Bankers, No. 211 Greenwich-st., New-York.

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE MOHICAN PETROLEUM COMPANY.
ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL..........$500,000
50,000 SHARES, PAR VALUE $10 EACH.

OFFICERS.
President, OLIVER H. GORDON.
Treasurer, H. L. GORDON.
TRUSTEES.
O. H. GORDON, of O. H. Gordon & Co., No. 155 Maiden-lane.
WM. B. LEONARD, of Farrington, Leonard & Co., No. 115 Broadway.
JAMES S. WHITE, of White & Douglas, No. 76 Broad-st.
H. L. GORDON, of O. Gordon & Co., No. 155 Maiden-lane.
WM. F. MOTT, Jr., No. 43 Wall-st.
WM. LECONEY, Office of the Pacific Mutual Insurance Co., No. 111 Broadway.
HENRY LAWRENCE, No. 12 West 14th-st.
COUNSELLORS.
WEEKS, DE FOREST & FORSTER, No. 58 Wall-st.
SUPERINTENDENT.
FRANK W. ALLIN, Oil City.

This company is organized under the laws of the State of New-York, with a capital of $500,000, divided into 50,000 shares, par value and subscription price $10 each.

DESCRIPTION.

The property of this company has been selected with great care, and is located in the most productive oil districts of Pennsylvania. It is designed to make this company a safe and sure paying investment, and an ample fund has been reserved for developing the land.

Shareholders are exempt from all personal liability.

The present receipts are sufficient to pay regular monthly dividends, and with the wells in progress, and those to be put down, promise large results at an early day.

PROPERTIES OF THE COMPANY.

LOT 1.
Fee simple of 106 acres, known as the Gordon Farm on Big Hickory Creek, lying on both sides of the creek, with nearly 40 acres of flat boring bottom. This is one of the finest locations on the whole creek, some three miles above the mouth, and near many wells in progress. The company will develop this land as soon as Spring opens.

LOT 2.
Lease of 20 years of one-half the oil on the tract known as the Wood's Saw-mill Flat, on Pit Hole Creek, embracing 27 leases, which are all flat bottom boring; land has been sold here at $10,000 per acre, and two wells are now partly down, just over the line, with flattering prospects. The company will develop this as soon as Spring may open.

LOT 3.
Lease of 20 years of one-half the oil of 45 leases on the Blanck Farm, on Pit Hole Creek, just above the great United States Well, now flowing 240 barrels per day. Wells will be put down at once by this company.

LOT 4.
Lease of 12 acres of the Barrett Farm, on Pit Hole Creek, all flat boring land, situated above the new well just struck by the United States Company. No better selection can be found on the whole creek for oil purposes.

LOT 5.
Lease of 14 years of one-half the oil of lease No. 34, Heydrick Farm, Henry Bend, Alleghany River, near the great Heydrick Well, which has turned out over 54,000 barrels; now pumping over 60 barrels daily.

LOT 6.
Lease of 14 years of one-half the oil in lease No. 40, same farm, on which a well is in progress, to be delivered in complete working order, with new engine, without expense to this company.

LOT 7.
Lease of 14 year of one-half the oil in lease No. 11, Henry Farm, on Pit Hole Run, a short distance from the Heydrick Well. A well is now in progress, to be delivered in complete order to this company free of expense.

LOT 8.
Lease of 14 years of one-half the oil in lease No. 20, same farm as above.

LOT 9.
One-sixteenth interest in the "Coquette" Well, on Oil Creek, now flowing by measurement lately taken 840 barrels per day, producing to this company 26 barrels daily.

Books of subscription for a limited number of shares are now open at

NO. 27 WALL-ST., ROOM NO. 4,
also at the offices of the trustees.

INEXHAUSTIBLE PETROLEUM COMPANY.

MARCUS C. RIGGS, President.
CLOSING OF BOOKS.

The stock of this company is nearly all subscribed. Parties desiring to obtain an interest in its valuable properties should apply at once. Full particulars can be had from SHREVE & KENDRICK, No. 35 Wall-st., JOHN VAN ORDEN, East River Bank, No. 680 Broadway.

XCELSIOR PETROLEUM COMPANY.

FIFTH DIVIDEND.

The trustees of this company have this day declared a regular monthly dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of Government tax, from the receipts of the last month, payable on the 15th day of March, at the office of the company, No. 74 Broadway. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inclusive.

ARTHUR T. HURD, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 28, 1865.

TO OIL COMPANIES AND CAPITALISTS.

ONE FIFTY BARREL FLOWING WELL and a few tracts of splendid oil-bearing territory, in the heart of the oil region in Pennsylvania, for sale on reasonable terms. Also fine oil lands in Western New-York and Western Virginia. If desired, the lands will be sold in small lots. Apply at once to Rooms Nos. 6 and 7, No. 5 Beekman-st., first floor, New-York.

NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE CONSOLIDATED PETROLEUM AND MINING COMPANY.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above company will take place at the office, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 60, New-York, on MONDAY, March 6, 1865, and a meeting of the trustees will be held at the same office on TUESDAY, March 7, 1865.

J. S. CLARK, President.

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500 ACRES ON TIONESTA CREEK, Warren County, Penn., in fee; also, oil wells, property and leases, in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Canada and Virginia.

JAMES T. HAYDEN,
At Wed W. Clarke & Co.'s, No. 10 Pine-st.

LEE & ELY, NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST.—Petroleum lands in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia for sale. Stocks of all descriptions bought and sold on commission.

OIL PROPERTIES IN FEE.—3,000 ACRES in Western Virginia; 320 acres in Mecca Township, Ohio; also real estate for oil stocks. JNO. H. POILLON, No. 182 Broadway.

PETROLEUM.

BOOKS WILL POSITIVELY CLOSE ON WEDNESDAY, THE 22D INST.

THE IRONSIDES PETROLEUM COMPANY.

Organized under the laws of the State of New-York.

CAPITAL..........$350,000.
Divided into 35,000 shares.
Par value..........$10 per share.

OFFICERS:
President, WILLIAM HEGEMAN.
Secretary and Treasurer, WM. H. CLARK.
Counsel,
WILLIAM C. DE WITT.

TRUSTEES:
WM. HEGEMAN, of Hegeman & Co., Druggists, No. 203 Broadway, New-York.
J. PRIOR RORKE, Secretary Corn Exchange Insurance Company, corner William and Beaver streets, New-York.
WM. F. FOWLE, of W. F. & J. F. Fowle, Boston.
A. A. FOSTER, of Foster & Tower, No. 79 Beekman-st New-York.
F. R. BACKUS, of Lehigh Crane Iron Company, Philadelphia.
L. B. VAN KLEECK, No. 169 Broadway, New-York.
ALEX'R McCUE, Counselor at Law, Brooklyn.
EDWARD F. PATCHEN, of T. Ketcham & Co., No. 68 Wall-st., New-York.
WM. H. CLARK, No. 71 Broadway, New-York.
Bankers,
FOURTH NATIONAL BANK.
Superintendent at Oil City,
FRED. B. BACKUS.
OFFICE, NO. 71 BROADWAY, N. Y.,
Room No. 65.

The lands and possessions of this company are situated in the heart of the oil region of Venango County, Pennsylvania, and are, in brief, as follows:

FEE SIMPLE.

100 acres on both sides Tionesta Creek.

20 acres on both sides Stuart's Run.

Interests in a well on Smith Farm, PUMPING FORTY BARRELS PER DAY; in the new Balliete Well, FLOWING FORTY BARRELS PER DAY, AND INCREASING; in the famous Auburn Well, FLOWING SEVENTY BARRELS PER DAY; in the new Faunce Well, PUMPING FORTY BARRELS PER DAY; and in the celebrated New-Jersey Well, now FLOWING 250 PER DAY. Also, interests in FOUR WELLS NOW GOING DOWN, and the Company have commenced to sink WELLS ON THEIR OWN PROPERTY.

The incorporators design making this a permanent company, whose stock shall become an excellent investment rather than a mere means of speculation. Those among them having the largest financial interest in its affairs, will devote themselves personally to its management.

Its lands and wells will be constantly and thoroughly developed. Oil, and not stock, will be made the source of its revenue.

The subscription books for a limited number of shares of the stock of this company are now open at the office of the company, and at the office of either of the above-named trustees.

FINANCIAL.

7-30 POPULAR LOAN.
U. S. GOVERNMENT

LOAN AGENTS.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO

NO. 52 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK,

Take great pleasure in announcing to their numerous customers and the public, that they have been appointed

GOVERMENT AGENTS
FOR THE SALE OF THE

National 7-30 Loan

THESE BONDS ARE ISSUED IN SUMS OF $50, $100, $500, $1,000 AND $5,000, EACH DATED AUG. 15, 1864, AND ARE CONVERTIBLE, AT THE OPTION OF THE HOLDER, IN THREE (3) YEARS FROM THAT DATE INTO THE POPULAR 5-20 GOLD-BEARING INTEREST BONDS.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO SUPPLY THEM FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY TO PRIVATE PARTIES AND OTHERS IN SUCH AMOUNTS AS MAY BE REQUIRED.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT ALLOWED TO ALL BANKS, BANKERS AND BROKERS.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
STOCK AUCTIONEERS, BROKERS,
AND
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 52 William-st., New-York.

WILMERDING, CORNWELL & HECKSCHER,

NO. 5 NEW-STREET, NEW-YORK,
GOVERNMENT AGENTS
FOR THE SALE OF THE
NATIONAL 7.30 LOAN.

Dealers also in all classes of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Railway Bonds and Stocks, Gold, &c., bought and sold on commission.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

TEN YEARS' LOAN.

500,000.

KINGS COUNTY (BROOKLYN) SEVEN PER CENT. COUPON BONDS.

KINGS COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE,
No. 13 COURT-STREET, BROOKLYN, Feb. 11, 1865.

The County Treasurer hereby invites subscriptions in sums of one thousand dollars and upward, to a loan of $500,000, authorized by Chapter 8, of the Laws of 1864, and by resolution of the Board of Supervisors adopted Dec. 20, 1864, for the purpose of filling the quota of the County under the President's last call for more troops.

Subscribers will receive "Certificates of Indebtedness," bearing interest from the date of subscription, until the bonds are ready for delivery.

The Bonds will bear interest at the rate of SEVEN PER CENT PER ANNUM, payable semi-annually, to wit: On the 1st days of May and November; the principal will be due and payable on the 1st day of May, 1875.

The subscription book is now open at the Treasurer's office.

THOMAS A. GARDINER.
County Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE COLUMBIAN (MARINE) INSURANCE CO.,

Corner of Wall and Nassau sts.
CASH CAPITAL $3,500,000.

From statement for the Seventh Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31, 1864.

Total amount of assets Jan. 1, 1865..........	$7,438,572 78
Total amount of premiums..........	6,213,114 68
Excess of earned premiums over losses, &c.	2,064,754 62
Reserve for estimate claims unadjusted and other contingencies..........	651,212 97
Guaranteed cash dividend to dealers (holding certificates of same) on paid premiums earned during the year, whether loss has accrued or not..........	760,354 89
Interest of scrip issues of 1862 and 1863..........	6 per cent.
Scrip dividend to dealers on earned premiums..........	12 per cent.
Dividend for the year to stockholders..........	31 per cent.

Dealers with this company will be allowed the option, to be signified at the time of application for insurance, of receiving in lieu of scrip, at the end of each year, returns in cash, guaranteed by certificate, of premiums paid and earned during the year, whether loss accrues or not, upon all new risks under the New-York form of policy, as follows:

1. Upon all voyage risks upon cargo, a return of twenty-five per cent.
2. Upon voyage risks upon freight, a return of twenty per cent.
3. Upon time risks upon freight, and upon voyage and time risks upon hulls, a return of ten per cent.

Such privilege, however, being confined to persons and firms, the aggregate of whose premiums upon such policies earned and paid during the year, shall amount to the sum of one hundred dollars.

Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to the above returns in gold.

DIRECTORS:
Edward Rowe,
Daniel W. Lord,
George Miln,
John Atkinson,
Thos. A. C. Cochrane,
Wm. H. Halsey,
Thos. Barron,
Roland G. Mitchell,
Albert G. Lee,
George P. Deshon,
O. L. Nims,
M. F. Merick,
Wm. B. Ogden,
John Armstrong,
B. C. Morris,
Andrew J. Rich,
Daniel W. Teller,
John D. Bates,
Charles Hickox,
Robert Bowne,
Lawrence Myers,
S. N. Derrick,
Moses Merick,
David J. Ely,
Joseph Morrison,
Wm. H. Popham,
B. C. Morris, Jr.,
Ezra Nye,
Henry J. Cammann,
Thomas Lord,
Preston H. Hodges,
J. B. Griffin.

B. C. MORRIS, President.
THOMAS LORD, Vice-President.
WM. M. WHITNEY, Second Vice-President and Sec'y.

PETROLEUM.

WEST VIRGINIA OIL AND COAL COMPANY.

The remaining 5,000 shares of the Treasury stock for a working capital of the West Virginia Oil and Coal Company, for sale by EDWARD HAIGHT, at the Bank of the Commonwealth, at $5 per share—par value being $10.

EVERETT PETROLEUM COMPANY.
FIRST DIVIDEND.

The trustees of this company have this day declared a dividend of ONE (1) per cent., free of Government tax, out of the earnings of the company, payable on the 10th of March, at the office of the company, No. 74 Beaver-st. The books will be closed from the 5th to 10th inclusive.

JOHN D. WING, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 28, 1865.

OIL LANDS FOR SALE.

Two farms of 50 acres each, one do. 60 acres, one do. 160 acres, one do. 14 acres, besides several smaller parcels in Venango County, Penn. The above territory embraces some of the very best oil lands of the State. Immediate application should be made to

JOHN C. CONNOR, No. 110 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,
AND

U. S. 7-30 LOAN AGENTS,

No. 38 Wall-st.,

have all denominations of
THE 7-30 NOTES
constantly on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
All Classes of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
bought and sold at market rates.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-STREET, N. Y.,

GOVERNMENT AGENTS

FOR THE SALE OF THE
NATIONAL 7-30 LOAN.

These bonds are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, dated Aug. 15, 1864, and convertible in three (3) years from that time into the Popular 5-20 Loan Gold-bearing Interest.

Also, buy and sell at market rates all classes of Government securities. Maturing certificates of indebtedness collected or purchased.

Railway stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

MAY AND JULY

COUPONS

Cashed in Gold,

ON LIBERAL TERMS,
BY
HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 44 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury notes ready for immediate delivery, in sums to suit, AND ONE QUARTER OF ONE PER CENT. COMMISSION ALLOWED TO ALL PARTIES PURCHASING FOR ACCOUNT OF OTHERS.

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENCY

FOR THE SALE OF THE
7-30 NATIONAL LOAN.
ALL DENOMINATIONS ON HAND AND READY FOR DELIVERY AT ONCE.
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.
BANKERS,
NO. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
United States Securities of all kinds bought and sold.

STEPTOE SILVER MINING COMPANY, OF NEVADA.

CAPITAL STOCK..........$2,000,000
20,000 SHARES OF $100 EACH.

OFFICERS.
President—F. PRENTICE.
Vice-President—WED. W. CLARKE.
Treasurer—GEO. H. BISSELL.
Secretary—J. P. HOGARTH.

The property of this company consists of 11,680 feet on nine of the richest silver-bearing lodes in the State of Nevada, with a width of silver ore which varies from two to 6 feet.

Also seventy-seven and one-half acres of land and water rights in Egan or Gold Canon.

Also six hundred and forty acres of timbered land lying on the north side of White's Canon, distant about seven miles north from Steptoe.

The company will dispose of sufficient stock only, at $25 per share, to raise $100,000 cash for a working capital.

The subscription books for the sale of stock are now open at the offices of

JAMES WADSWORTH & CO., No. 61 Cedar-st.
WED. W. CLARKE & CO., No. 10 Pine-st.

Reports of the property of the company may be had at either of the above offices.

WALDEN & McILVAINE,

NO. 13 BROAD-ST.,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
AND PETROLEUM STOCKS.

WARD & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 54 Wall-st.,
Agents for the sale of the Popular U. S. 7-30 Loan.
All denominations on hand for immediate delivery.
U. S. 6 per cent. Certificates bought and sold.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission at the New-York Stock Exchange.

H. J. MESSENGER.

BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.

We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 6s, OF 1881,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS,
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81,
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.
Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.
ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

OFFICE OF THE FISK GOLD MINING COMPANY,
No. 195 Fulton-st., March 4, 1865.

The annual meeting of the stockholders for the election of trustees for the ensuing year will be held on TUESDAY, the 14th March, at the office of the company, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to continue open until 1 o'clock. The transfer books will be closed five days previously to the election.

JAMES STRINGER, Secretary.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,

NO. 74 BROADWAY.
SEVEN AND THREE-TENTH NOTES, of all sizes, constantly on hand, for immediate delivery.
NOAH L. WILSON, President.
ALFRED A. POST, Cashier.

NOTICE.
THE HOLMAN GOLD MINING COMPANY, OF COLORADO,
has removed its office to No. 23 William-st., Rooms Nos. 13 and 14.
H. P. CROZIER, President.
JOHN O'NEILL, Treasurer.

AMERICAN EXPRESS STOCK AND FRACTIONS.
United States Telegraph stock,
American Telegraph stocks,
City Railroad stocks,
Gas Light Co. stocks,
Insurance stocks,
For sale by D. M. SEAMAN, No. 14 Pine-st.

PETROLEUM STOCKS.

Persons who are dissatisfied with their present investments can realize through us, and we will be happy to indicate others in which they can reinvest more advantageously.

ORVIS & CO., Brokers,
No. 60 Liberty-st.

SEVEN-THIRTY UNITED STATES LOAN.

A very convenient place to purchase this loan on the best terms, is at ORVIS & CO.'S, No. 60 Liberty-st., between Broadway and Nassau. Information cheerfully furnished, and the notes on hand for immediate delivery. Revenue Stamps also for sale.

A MEMBER OF THE NEW-YORK STOCK Exchange, of 15 years' experience, would like to make arrangements with some house already established, or one about to be established, to represent them at the Stock Exchange, and to assume partial or entire charge of that branch of their business. To any party not represented at the Stock Exchange, an arrangement of this kind would be of great advantage. All communications strictly confidential and returned if desired. Address "STOCK EXCHANGE," Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

NOTICE.—AN ELECTION FOR A BOARD OF Directors (for the ensuing year) of the FORTY-SECOND-ST. AND GRAND-ST. FERRY RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, corner 42d-st. and 12th-av., on the 14th inst. Poll open between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M. By order.

JOHN KERR, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, March 3, 1865.

REMOVAL.—THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY have removed their office to the new building, Nos. 156 and 158 Broadway, between Liberty-st. and Maiden-lane. C. Y. WEMPLE, Secretary.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION CO. Six Per Cent. Bonds of 1875 for sale by WARD & CO., No. 54 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

WM. S. CHARNLEY. W. T. HA

CHARNLEY & HATCH,

NO. 34 WALL-ST.,

BANKERS,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.
AGENTS FOR
7 3-10 NATIONAL LOAN

Notes ready for immediate delivery in any amount. The largest discount allowed to Banks, Bankers and Brokers.

LAWRENCE, BALDWIN & CO.,

NO. 70 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
BANKS, BANKERS AND DEALERS
SUPPLIED WITH THE
NEW 7-30 LOAN,
ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
PETROLEUM
AND ALL OTHER
STOCKS, BONDS, &C.
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION ONLY,
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS
accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Individuals.

DEWITT C. LAWRENCE, Member New-York Stock Exchange.
SIMEON BALDWIN, Jr., Member New-York Petroleum Stock Board, and the New-York Mining Exchange.
CYRUS J. LAWRENCE, Late Cyrus J. Lawrence & H. Falls.
WILLIAM A. HALSTED.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

COAL FROM $7 50 TO $8 PER TON.

PEOPLE'S MUTUAL COAL COMPANY.

OFFICE NO. 157 BROADWAY, FIRST FLOOR.

PERPETUAL SUPPLY AND SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDENDS TO STOCKHOLDERS.

NO PERSONAL LIABILITIES.

NO FUTURE CALLS OR ASSESSMENTS.

Capital Stock..........	$400,00
Working Capital (out of above) in cash..........	100,00
Number of Shares..........	40,00
Number of tons of coal to Shareholders annually.	40,00
Par Value of each Share (full paid)..........	10

A company is now organizing to be called the

PEOPLE'S MUTUAL COAL COMPANY,

for the purpose of supplying shareholders with the best quality of

WHITE ASH COAL,

of the various sizes in use, at the actual cost of mining, transportation and delivery.

TRUSTEES:
ISAAC B. WELLINGTON, of firm of Wellington & Cox, No. 74 Broad-st.
SAMUEL STREIT, of firm of Samuel Streit & Co., No. 52 Water-st.
WILLIAM BROWN, of firm of J. S. & W. Brown, No. 52 Water-st.
DAVID CARR, of firm of Carr & Blanchard, No. 141 Front-st.
JOHN McKILLOP, of firm of McKillop & Sprague, No. 37 Park-row.
JAMES H. KIDDER, formerly of Samuel G. Reed & Co., New-York.
JOHN L. STREIT, No. 27 Dey-st., New-York.
T. W. LORD, No. 90 Barclay-st., New-York.
JOHN JOHNSON, corner of Jay and Front sts., Brooklyn.
Dr. WILLIAM G. LORD, Newark, N. J.
WILLIAM H. SACKETT, Albany, N. Y.
ISAAC N. HAIGHT, Troy, N. Y.

The object of the trustees is to render the company a great public benefit, by dividing its advantages among a very large number of individuals.

They have bought and paid for a celebrated colliery in Schuylkill County, Penn., with the engines, machinery, breakers, shops, miners' houses, tools, cars, rail tracks, saw-mills and other personal property, and have denominated it the

PEOPLE'S MUTUAL COLLIERY.

Shareholders in the company will be entitled to *one ton of coal annually at actual cost, for each share of stock held by them.*

The surplus coal produced from the mines, after supplying the stockholders, will be sold at market rates, and the profits divided among them in *semi-annual cash dividends.*

Shareholders who do not desire to receive the coal they may be entitled to, can, upon application to the company, have such coal sold for their particular benefit, and the profits thereon paid to them in addition to the regular semi-annual cash dividends.

The coal will be delivered in the cities of New York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, Albany, Troy and other places on the lines of rivers and railroads, at the actual cost of mining, transportation and delivery.

LARGE CONSUMERS SUPPLIED BY THE CARGO.

Coal, at the present price, is one of the most expensive of necessaries, and the mutual system offers the only protection against the several profits charged between the mine and the consumer.

Let consumers unite and own their own Colliery.

To carry this idea into practical operation, the PEOPLE'S MUTUAL COAL COMPANY invites your subscriptions.

The Subscription Books are now open at the following places, viz.: At the Company's Office (new Marble Building,) No. 157 Broadway, first floor; WELLINGTON & COX, No. 74 Broad-st.; J. S. & W. BROWN, No. 52 Water-st.; CARR & BLANCHARD, No. 141 Front-st.; McKILLOP & SPRAGUE, No. 35 Park Row and No. 135 Nassau-st.; W. H. SACKETT, No. 49 State-st., Albany; Messrs. PYLE & BRO., corner Fulton and Pierrepont-st; also, corner Carroll and Hicks-sts., Brooklyn; JOS. F. SIMMONS and ISAAC N. HAIGHT, Troy.

NOTICE TO STOCK AND BOND HOLDERS.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
CHICAGO, March 1, 1865.

Notice is hereby given to the stock and bond holders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company that the annual meeting of said company for the election of Directors, and transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the company, in Chicago, Ills., on MONDAY, the 3d day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M. The transfer books will be closed at the close of business hours, March 23d, and reopen April 4th next.

W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

ISLE ROYAL MINING COMPANY.

The annual meeting of Stockholders, for the choice of Directors, and other business, will be held at the Company's office, No. 44 Exchange place, in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, March 8, 1865, at 2 o'clock.

F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, Aug. 29, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, PURSUANT to chapter 236 Laws of 1859, that the circulating notes issued to the Seventh Ward Bank, late an incorporated bank located in the City of New-York, will be redeemed by the Superintendent of the Banking Department at par, at the Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank of Albany, for six years from the date hereof, and not thereafter.

The outstanding notes of said bank must be presented, as aforesaid, for redemption within six years from the date hereof; and all notes which shall not be presented for redemption and payment within the time thus specified, will cease to be a charge upon the fund in the hands of the Superintendent for that purpose.

H. H. VAN DYCK, Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY CO.,
OFFICE OF SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, Penn., Feb. 14, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stock and Bondholders of this company for election of Directors and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the THIRD WEDNESDAY (15th) of MARCH, A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Stock and Bond Transfer Books of the company, at their office, in the City of Pittsburgh, and at the office, the transfer Agency, in the City of New-York, will be closed on the 1st day of March, at 2 P. M., and remain closed until the 17th day of March thereafter.

W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

THE TORCH LAKE MINING COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given, that the first meeting of the Torch Lake Mining Company will be held at the office of David S. Ogden, No. 9 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of March, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of transacting such business as shall properly come before the meeting.

DAVID S. OGDEN.
WM. B. GREENE.
two of the persons named in the articles of association.
NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

FOR SALE—STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS five per cent. coupon bonds, due in 1894; interest and principal payable in gold. Apply to BLAKE BROS. & Co., No. 11 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

GEBHARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital and Surplus, $240,000.

OFFICE NO. 1 PINE-STREET.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE RECENT ACTION of the Board of Fire Insurance Companies of the City of New-York, *this Company is prepared to issue Policies of Insurance at such rebate from the present schedule of rates as shall accord with security to insurer and insured.*

W. D. WADDINGTON, President.
JOHN. R. SMITH, Secretary.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO & CO., NO. 84 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1864.

TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO CALIFORNIA AND OREGON made, and Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO,
LONDON,
DUBLIN and
PARIS.
For sale by
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE office of the Agent of the State of Indiana has been removed to the banking office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., No. 52 Wall-st., where I am prepared to pay all interest due on Indiana stocks. Private office, Room No. 5.
GEORGE A. BUSKIRK.
NEW-YORK, March 4, 1865.

OIL STOCK FOR SALE.—A FEW SHARES of the New-York and Liverpool Petroleum Company Stock for sale at less than company's price. Inquire at No. 1 Park-place, Room No. 18.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

OFFICE MARIETTA AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD COMPANY AS REORGANIZED,
CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, 22d February, 1865.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company held on the 22d instant, a Dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. was declared for the six months ending the 31st December, 1864, on the 1st and 2d preference shares of the company, payable in kind, on the 10th of March next.

The Dividends due on the Stock registered on the New-York books will be paid at the Farmers Loan and Trust Company in New-York City.

Those due on the stock registered at Chillicothe, Ohio, will be paid at this office.
WM. E. WATSON, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.
FIRST NATIONAL PETROLEUM COMPANY.
FIRST DIVIDEND.

The trustees of the First National Petroleum Company have this day declared a dividend for the month of February of two per cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after March 20, at the office of the company, No. 100 Broadway. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 13th to the 20th of March, inclusive.

Certificates of stock now ready for delivery.
No. 100 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Feb. 28, 1865.
JOHN O. HOYT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE STOUT COAL CO.,
ROOM NO. 44 TRINITY BUILDING,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 28, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a dividend of Six (6) per Cent. out of the earnings for the three months ending 31st January ult., payable at the office of the company on and after March 15; to stockholders of record on 11th March.
THOS. H. STOUT, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NO. 3.—THE TITUS OIL COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of 3 per cent. on the capital stock, payable at their office, No. 17 Wall-st., on the 15th inst. The transfer books will be closed on the 6th inst., and opened on the 16th.
S. CHURCHILL, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, March 3, 1865.

SHIPPING.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Line of Side-Wheel Steamers to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Will sail as follows:

GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, March 18
MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, March 25
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, April 1.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, April 15
MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, April 22.
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, April 29.
DAY STAR	(Building.)	

At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

PASSAGE—Chief cabin staterooms, $75 to $100, according to location of stateroom. Second cabin, $50.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,412	
ENGLAND—building	3,430	
SCOTLAND—building	3,430	
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Grogan.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Asplitt.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
PENNSYLNANIA.......SATURDAY, March 11
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $125 in currency; Steerage, $45 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 8.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 15.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 22.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 29.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, April 5.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 12.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUROPE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
FRANCE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	(Afloat)	1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the
WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;
as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.		
WASHINGTON	WEDNESDAY	March 29.
LAFAYETTE	WEDNESDAY	April 26.
WASHINGTON	WEDNESDAY	May 24.
First Cabin, (including table wine)		$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine)		$70 or $80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS.
THROUGH BILLS LADING TO ST. LOUIS AND ALL POINTS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, VIA NEW-ORLEANS.
THE ATLANTIC AND MISSISSIPPI STEAMSHIP COMPANY, OF ST. LOUIS,
JOHN J. ROE, President,
is now ready to contract, and give THROUGH BILLS OF LADING for shipment as above.

This Company now owns some twenty first-class steamers running between New-Orleans, St. Louis, and Louisville, and are now arranging connections between New-York, Boston, Philadelphia and New-Orleans.

One of their steamers will leave New-Orleans daily, and by judicious arrangements they are enabled to offer inducements to shippers in lower rates and quick dispatch. Average time of transit, eighteen days.
J. EAGER, Agent,
No. 41 Broad-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new and first-class United States Mail steamship
FUNG SHUEY,
J. B. HILDRETH, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, March 11, at 3 P. M.

For passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, or freight, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., 86 West-st.

The GEORGE CROMWELL will succeed.

SHIPPING.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE,
FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.
GREAT REDUCTION IN STEERAGE RATES.

The following first-class side-wheel steamships will be dispatched at noon, precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River:

March 13..........COSTA RICA..........TINKLEPAUGH.
(Connecting at Panama with ST. LOUIS.)
March 23..........OCEAN QUEEN..........WEIR.
(Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN CITY.)
April 3..........NORTH STAR..........SLOCUM.
(Connecting at Panama with CONSTITUTION.)

For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA.
The new and splendid side-wheel steamship
MORRO CASTLE,
R. ADAMS, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 4, N. R., on WEDNESDAY, March 8, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Havana direct.

For freight or passage, apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

The new and splendid steamship EAGLE will succeed the MORRO CASTLE, and leave on WEDNESDAY, March 15.

N. B.—All passengers must procure passports before securing passage.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam-packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on SATURDAY, March 25, and SATURDAY, April 22.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	$50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No 4 Bowling Green.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails, are intended to sail as follows:

EDINBURGH	SATURDAY	March 11
CITY OF BALTIMORE	SATURDAY	March 18
CITY OF WASHINTON	SATURDAY	March 25

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New York.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CHINA FOR LIVERPOOL.—The CHINA, JAMES ANDERSON, Commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY next, 8th inst. A steamboat will ply between the company's wharf at Jersey City and the CHINA, from 12:30 to 1 P. M., to convey passengers and baggage on board. The CUBA will sail 22d March.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA via Nicaragua.—Short route, low prices.—The Central American Transit Company will dispatch, on the 20th of every month, from Pier No. 29 North River, at noon, the fine steamship GOLDEN RULE, D. S. BABCOCK, Master, at greatly reduced rates of passage. For particulars apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

FOR NORFOLK, VA.—REGULAR LINE.—The steamship SAXON, LAVENDER, Master, will sail as above on THURSDAY, March 9, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 21 North River. For freight or passage, apply to WHITNEY & HATHEWAY, No. 52 South-st.

RAILROADS.

PERTH AMBOY AND WOODBRIDGE RAILROAD.
From foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York.

Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.

Leave Perth Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.

Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10 and 6:20 P. M.

JERSEY CITY, Jan. 21, 1865.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD Trains for Albany, Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Tickets may be procured at the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn. Baggage checked from the residence to all points on this road and its connections.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M. Mail Train for Greenport, Sag Harbor, &c.; and on Saturdays, at 3 P. M., Express Train for Greenport, stopping at stations east of Hicksville. For Farmingdale, Deer Park, Islip, Lakeland, Waverley and Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. For Syosset at 10.30 A. M. and 4 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Winfield, Jamaica, Hempstead, &c., at 9, 10.30 A. M., 3, 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M., for Yaphank, stopping at all stations, (except Hempstead and Syosset.) Excursion tickets sold for this train.
A. REASONER, Superindent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—ON AND after MONDAY, Jan. 23, 1865, trains leave 30th-st. station for Albany and Troy, and places North and West, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:40, 6, and 10:30 P. M. Sleeping cars attached to the 6 and 10:30 P. M. trains from 30th-st. Small cars will be run between Chambers and 30th-st. stations. Sunday train 6 P. M.
J. M. TOUCEY, Ass't Sup't.

CHANGE OF TIME
RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.
From foot Murray-st., daily at 3¼ P. M., connecting with trains for Highlands, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Manchester, &c.

BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA.

Fare $2. Excursion tickets $3—good for three days. Steamer JESSE HOYT leaves Wall-st. Ferry, Brooklyn, daily, (excepting Sundays,) at 9 A. M., connecting at Port Monmouth with express trains for Philadelphia, Tuckerton, Barnegat, Tom's River, &c.

Returning leave Vine-st. Ferry, Philadelphia, at 11,15 A. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and West, connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York, via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETSER, General Superintendent.
J. C. CALHOUN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:05 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.
Nov. 1 1864.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE,
VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."
The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 5 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Trains north and east from New-Haven 11 P. M.

ANNIVERSARIES.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—The fifty-eighth Annual Commencement of this Institution will be held at Rev. Dr. Crosby's Church, 4th-av., corner of 22d-st., on THURSDAY, March 9, at 7½ o'clock P. M. Address to the Graduates by Rev. F. A. P. BARNARD, LL. D., President of Columbia College. Valedictory address by TIMOTHY BIGELOW, M. D., Member of the Graduating class.

The Profession and the public are invited to attend.
J. C. DALTON, M. D., Secretary.

MEETINGS.

OFFICE OF THE GREENWOOD CEMETERY,
No. 30 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Feb. 28, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF this Institution will be held at this office, agreeably to the provision of the charter, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of March next, at 1 o'clock P. M., to receive the annual report of the Board of Trustees.
J. A. PERRY, Secretary.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR old Newspapers, Pamphlets, Books and Waste Paper of every description. STOCKWELL & EMERSON, No. 25 Ann-st., one door west of Nassau-st.

DRY GOODS.

PRICES REDUCED.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway.

Gold,
Opaque,
White,
Green
and Blue
Holland,
Bray's
Patent
Fixtures,
and all
other
approved
Styles.

WINDOW SHADES.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway.

New Styles,
1865,
Swiss Lace,
Nottingham
Lace,
Leno Lace,
Muslin,
Brocatel,
Reps,
Terry Cloth,
Japanese Cloth
Damask,
Cornices,
and all other
Trimmings.

CURTAINS.

NEW SKIRT.

1865
THE GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE IN HOOP-SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY (late J. I. & J. O. West), SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS, No. 97 CHAMBERS and Nos. 79 and 81 Reade-st., New-York.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) ELLIPTIC Steel Springs, ingeniously BRAIDED, TIGHTLY and FIRMLY together, EDGE to EDGE, making the TOUGHEST, most FLEXIBLE, ELASTIC and DURABLE SPRING ever used. They seldom BEND or BREAK, like the single springs, and consequently preserve their PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL SHAPE TWICE as LONG as any other Skirt.

THE WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and PLEASURE to any LADY WEARING the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in all CROWDED ASSEMBLIES, OPERA, CARRIAGES, RAILROAD CARS, CHURCH PEWS, ARM-CHAIRS, for PROMENADE and HOUSE DRESS, as the SKIRT can be FOLDED when in use, to OCCUPY a small place as easily and conveniently as a SILK or MUSLIN DRESS.

A LADY having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SPRING SKIRT for a SINGLE DAY, will never afterward willingly dispense with the use of them. FOR CHILDREN, MISSES and YOUNG LADIES are superior to all others.

THEY are the best QUALITY in every part, and UNQUESTIONABLY the LIGHTEST, most DESIRABLE, COMFORTABLE and ECONOMICAL SKIRT ever made. FOR SALE in all FIRST-CLASS STORES in THIS CITY and throughout the UNITED STATES, HAVANA DE CUBA, MEXICO, SOUTH AMERICA and the WEST INDIES.

INQUIRE FOR THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT

BEADS! BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-York.

AT R. H. MACY'S,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND UNDERWEAR,
RIBBONS AND FRENCH FLOWERS,
YANKEE NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.
ALWAYS ON HAND A FULL STOCK BEST QUALITY FRENCH KID GLOVES, 50 CTS. a pair under the regular prices.
R. H. MACY,
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., near 14th-st.

CORSETS AND SKIRTS NOW OPENING —New styles in dress-trimmings, ribbons, laces, embroideries, ruffling, crochet and other trimmings, ladies' and misses' under-garments, small wares, hair nets, fancy goods, &c., &c. N. B.—Jouvin's celebrated kid gloves, in all the new shades, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 883 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

THE
QUOTA OF NEW-YORK.
15,000
VOLUNTEERS WANTED FOR NEW-YORK COUNTY.

INCREASED BOUNTIES AND HAND-MONEY.

At a meeting of the County Committee on Volunteering, held on Saturday, Feb. 11, 1865,
Present—ORISON BLUNT, Chairman,
Hon. M. T. BRENNAN, Esq., Comptroller,
Hon. ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
Hon. WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor,
Hon. WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor.

On motion of Supervisor William M. Tweed, it was unanimously

Resolved, That the county pay for a one-year recruit three hundred ($300) dollars bounty and fifty ($50) dollars hand-money.

For a two-year recruit four hundred ($400) dollars bounty and seventy-five ($75) dollars hand-money.

For a three-year recruit six hundred ($600) dollars bounty and one hundred ($100) dollars hand-money.

BOUNTIES.

FOR THREE-YEAR RECRUITS.	
County	$600
Government	300
Total	$900

FOR TWO-YEAR RECRUITS.	
County	$400
Government	200
Total	$600

FOR ONE-YEAR RECRUITS.	
County	$300
Government	100
Total	$400

The Bounty to be paid to the recruit in his own hand, as provided in section five (5) of the State Law relating to Bounties, (viz: Assembly bill No. 115 of 1865,) and the hand money to be paid to the person who may present the recruit.

By order of the committee,
CORNELIUS CORSON, Clerk.

UPWARD OF THIRTY THOUSAND certificates and recommendatory letters have been received, attesting the merits of HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent statesmen, clergymen, Governors, State Judges, &c.

DRAFT INSURANCE OFFICE, NO. 247 Broadway—Draft to commence on Monday. Exemptions from draft for $150.
Applications must be made THIS DAY.
N. B.—Substitutes secured for drafted parties.

$550.—I WILL FURNISH A SUBSTITUTE for one year for $550. No trouble to principals. Brokers and runners need not apply. Address CHAS. BARCLAY, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ORDERS FOR SUBSTITUTES PROMPTLY filled by reliable parties at No. 146 Bowery; office under the Westchester Hotel. Call or address W. S. & C. N. MILLER.

THE DRAFT.—EXEMPTION PAPERS ATTENDED to at No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor.

FURNITURE.

SALES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—The undersigned is prepared as heretofore to give personal attention to Sales of Household Furniture, at residences of owners. Parties contemplating making sales will consult their interests by registering their names at an early day, thereby securing choice of date.
A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer, No. 8 Pine-st.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR ARE regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE, warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster.

LECTURES.

ANNA E. DICKINSON
ON
"THE WORK AND WAGES OF WOMEN,"
at Cooper Institute, FRIDAY EVENING, March 10.

This will be a good opportunity for those who do not like Miss Dickinson's politics to hear her upon a theme having no partisan bearings. Of this lecture, after its recent delivery in Brooklyn, the *World* said: "It was a noble, earnest and eloquent plea in behalf of labor for women." The *Independent* said: "Having heard Miss Dickinson many times, we are free to say that we never knew her to be more impressive, sympathetic and all-conquering than on this occasion. Certainly the most accomplished of public speakers might have been abundantly content with the charm and spell wrought by this young enchantress upon the large audience which laughed and wept at her discourse in Brooklyn. Such a speech, from such a speaker, was a salutary sermon; and we envy not the temper of mind of any man or woman in that audience who was not touched, quickened and bettered by that womanly appeal in behalf of woman's work and pay."

Tickets for reserved seats, (reserved only till 8 o'clock,) 50 cents; for other seats, 25 cents. For sale (till 5 P. M. on Friday) at American News Company, No. 121 Nassau-st.; Fowler & Wells, No. 389 Broadway, James Miller's, No. 522 Broadway; Brentano's, No. 708 Broadway; Miller & Matthews, No. 757 Broadway; Macfarland's, corner Broadway and 23d-st.

Platform tickets 50 cents; for sale only at the Anti-Slavery Rooms, No. 48 Beekman-st.

Doors open at 7; lecture at 8.

GREAT NORTHWESTERN FAIR.
Mrs. Hoge and Mrs. Livermore, the distinguished leaders in all movements for the benefit of our soldiers in the Northwest, will address the ladies of New-York interested in this subject, at Cooper Union, Room No. 24, on WEDNESDAY, March 8, at 2 P. M. Ladies who have been interested in the great fairs throughout the country, will hear of the splendid preparations making to eclipse them all at Chicago in June next.
VALENTINE MOTT,
President of Women's Central Association of Relief.

GO AND HEAR S. M. HEWLETT, ESQ., TO-MORROW NIGHT, March 9, at 7½ P. M., at Cooper Institute. Subject—*Hits at the Times.* Admission 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.
REMEMBER
THE LAST NIGHTS
OF
HAMLET
are drawing near.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 8,
BOOTH'S HAMLET,
being its
EIGHTY-EIGHTH
CONSECUTIVE PERFORMANCE!
ONE OF THE NOBLEST PIECES OF DRAMATIC ART EVER SEEN IN ANY LAND OR IN ANY AGE. WE TRUST IT WILL NOT BE WITHDRAWN UNTIL EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD IN THE COMMUNITY HAS SEEN IT.—*New-York Herald.*
Doors open at 6¾; commence at 7½.
On SATURDAY, March 11,
THE FOURTH
of the series of
GRAND MATINEES
of
BOOTH'S HAMLET.
Seats may be now secured.
SATURDAY EVENING, March 11,
BENEFIT
of
Mrs. F. S. CHANFRAU,
on which occasion will be presented Boucicault's beautiful Irish Drama,
THE COLLEEN BAWN,
in which Mr. F. S. CHANFRAU will make his only appearance this season.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. BEGINS AT 7½
Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY
THIRD NIGHT OF THE ENGAGEMENT
of the distinguished artist,
DANIEL E. BANDMAN,
who will appear as
PHILIP AND VANDMONT.
THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, March 8, 1865,
in a new Romantic Play, in five acts, taken from the German of Mme. Birch-Pfeiffer, called
THE BEAUFORTS,
being a dramatization of Bulwer's popular novel, entitled,
NIGHT AND MORNING.
The piece will be produced, after months of preparation, with
SCENERY,
PROPERTIES,
APPOINTMENTS,
ALL NEW,
AND A POWERFUL CAST.
Seats secured six days in advance.

BROADWAY THEATRE. BEGINS AT 7½
TWENTY-EIGHTH WEEK OF JOHN E. OWENS,
and his
163D CONSECUTIVE APPEARANCE
LAST NIGHT OF
LAST NIGHT OF
TOODLES and FORTY WINKS.
TOODLES and FORTY WINKS.
The run of which has been extended thus far beyond the term originally assigned them in consequence of their
MARKED AND UNEQUIVOCAL SUCCESS.
Soon will be presented Boucicault's exquisite home drama,
DOT; OR, THE CRICKET ON THE HEARTH,
which will be produced with new scenery, music, &c.
Mr. JOHN E. OWENS..........as..........CALEB PLUMMER
sustained by an excellent cast, including the gifted artist,
Mr. George Jamison..........as..........John Peerybingle

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE,
AND GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION,
NOS. 539 AND 541 BROADWAY.
OPEN DAILY FROM 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE
LAST WEEK BUT ONE
LAST WEEK BUT ONE
OF THIS COLOSSAL MENAGERIE,
the most extensive and complete
EXPOSITION OF ANIMATED NATURE
in the world, comprising an infinite variety of
THE RAREST BEASTS AND BIRDS OF ALL COUNTRIES.
WILL POSITIVELY CLOSE
SATURDAY, MARCH 18.
YEARS MUST ELAPSE
before the public will have another opportunity of seeing so complete a zoological collection, as the Menagerie
WILL NOT RETURN
WILL NOT RETURN
to New-York for several years.
THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY,
at 11½ A. M., 3 and 8½ P. M., introducing all the
WONDERFULLY TRAINED ANIMALS!
ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS.

PROMENADE CONCERTS.
TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT N. G. S. N. Y.
The next concert of this series will take place at the armory, 14th-st., near 6th-av.,
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 11,
at 8 o'clock.
TICKETS 50 CENTS.
Can be obtained at Jones' bookstore, Beer & Schirmer's music-store, Tiffany & Co.'s, and of the members of the regiment. No tickets sold at the door.

WE WOULD RECOMMEND ALL LOVERS OF ART TO VISIT THE
MILTON GALLERY,
646 BROADWAY 646,
and see Rossiter's series of paintings, representing
MILTON'S PARADISE LOST;
also the
HOME OF WASHINGTON AFTER THE WAR.
All lovers of the beautiful should not fail to visit the Gallery.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 62 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and 162 Chambers-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions: address Box 2,359 N. Y. P. O.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st., N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, informs ladies that "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is for every lady, but more particularly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., and No. 1 Vesey-st.

THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read lots of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $3 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
P. T. BARNUM..........Manager. | J. E. HURD..........Assistant.
AFTERNOON AT 3.......EVENING AT 7½.
THE SPLENDID
ONE THOUSAND DOLLAR DRAMA,
written by Miss LAURA KEENE, entitled the
WORKMEN OF NEW-YORK,
which has proved to be the
GREATEST SUCCESS EVER ACHIEVED.
DANCING GIRAFFE, by TONY DENIER.
MORNING AT 11,
SPIRITUALISM EXPOSED BY DR. VON VLECK practically showing the BALLOT TEST, BLOOD-RED WRITING ON THE ARM, SPIRITUAL ROPE-TYING, ANSWERING SEALED LETTERS, and all the CHICANERY and HUMBUG of
SPIRITUAL IMPOSTORS.
Life-size figures of the JAPANESE.
PROF. HUTCHINGS, LIGHTNING CALCULATOR.
GIANTESS, GIANT BOY, FAT WOMAN.
WOODROFFE'S BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS.
TWO GLASS STEAM-ENGINES IN MOTION.
FIFTY LIFE-SIZE MOVING WAX FIGURES,
CIRCASSIAN GIRL, DWARF, ALBINO BOY, LIVING OTTERS, AQUARIA, A MILLION CURIOSITIES.
Admission 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
WEDNESDAY.
Sixth night of John Brougham's finest Comedy,
THE GAME OF LIFE,
produced with beautiful scenery, elegant costumes and appointments, and an unusually effective distribution.
THURSDAY—(Second time this season,) Sterling Coyne's Favorite Comedy, MIND YOUR OWN BUSINESS, and the LAUGHING HYENA.
FRIDAY.
BENEFIT OF MR. GEORGE HOLLAND.
(never acted here.) Morton's interesting Domestic Drama, ALL THAT GLITTERS IS NOT GOLD; or, THE FACTORY GIRL, and the INFANT PRODIGIES AT BEULAH SPA.
SATURDAY—(Fourth time here.) Tom Taylor's celebrated play, STILL WATERS RUN DEEP and HIGH LIFE BELOW STAIRS.
MONDAY—Tom Taylor's great Domestic Drama, THE TICKET OF LEAVE MAN, repeated in consequence of its immense success and attraction.
Due notice will be given of the next representations of MEN OF THE DAY, THE HUNCHBACK, OLD HEADS AND YOUNG HEARTS, AND MAN OF MANY FRIENDS, all of which plays attract crowded audiences.
Doors open at 7¼; overture at 7¾.

WALLACK'S.
BENEFIT
of
MR. GEORGE HOLLAND,
FRIDAY, MARCH 10.
Never acted here,
Norton's standard domestic drama,
ALL THAT GLITTERS IS NOT GOLD,
and the very laughable afterpiece,
THE INFANT PRODIGIES
AT
BEULAH SPA.
Box-book now open.

IRVING HALL.
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 11,
GRAND COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT,
TO
HARRY SANDERSON,
THE CELEBRATED PIANIST.
On which occasion the following artists will assist:

Mrs. JENNY VAN ZANDT	Soprano.
Mrs. J. H. BARCLAY	Contralto.
Mr. GEO. SIMPSON	Tenor.
Mr. FRANK A. CHASE	Basso.
Mr. G. W. MORGAN	Conductor.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.
For sale at the Music Stores, and at Irving Hall.

HELLER'S SALLE DIABOLIQUE.
No. 585 BROADWAY.
GYGES
A GLORIOUS TRIUMPH!
ART VICTORIOUS
IN THE DISSOLUTION OF NATURE.
HELLER'S SOLOS ON THE PIANO-FORTE
now include the brilliant, laughter-stirring burlesques,
A JOLLY FRIEND'S REMINISCENCE OF FAUST,
and
A YOUNG LADY'S MUSIC LESSON.
Previous to the Music and Gyges,
A NEW PROGRAMME OF MAGIC, and
THE FUNNY WOODEN MINSTRELS.
EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock.
Matinee WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 2 P. M.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
NIBLO'S SALOON.
THURSDAY, March 9, at 8 o'clock P. M.
EXTRA PERFORMANCE—BENEFIT OF M. CHOL,
assisted by Mme. Gravier Maillet.
FRELUCHETTE.
Operette—music by Montaubery.
ELLE EST FOLLE.
Drama in two acts, by Melisville.
Seats secured in advance. 678 Broadway, ground floor.
SATURDAY, March 11,
LE MARQUIS DE VILLEMER.
Comedy in 4 acts, by M. George Sand.

FLORENCE REYNOLDS, ELLA THOMPSON, EFFIE PARKHURST and the DAVIS family will sing at the Concert and Exhibition of the State-st. Congregational Sunday-School, at the Brooklyn Academy of Music TO-NIGHT, at 7½ o'clock. The allegorical "Black Cat," a dialogue, by seven young ladies, declamation, tableaux, &c. Tickets 25 and 50 cents.

Remarks from Chemical Analysis.

AFTER A CAREFUL EXAMINATION OF HELMBOLD'S PREPARATIONS, they enjoy our utmost confidence. We consider them safe and reliable.
NEEVERS & YATES.
PHILADELPHIA, June 12, 1860.

INSTRUCTION.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.
A Boarding-School for boys, 16 miles above New-York, on the Hudson. Circulars at W. H. Arthur & Co.'s, No. 39 Nassau-st., N. Y., or address
BENJAMIN MASON, Principal.

MRS. JOHN LORD (MISS TUCKER) RECEIVES into her family fifteen young ladies to educate, assisted by competent resident teachers, and by eminent professors from New-York.
STAMFORD, CONN.

REFERENCES.—Rt. Rev. John Williams, D. D., Bishop of Connecticut; Rev. Walter Mitchell, Stamford, Conn.; Capt. Wm. Skiddy, Stamford, Conn.; Francis Skiddy, Esq., New-York, &c., &c.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE AFFORDS the very best advantages for a classical, scientific, commercial and musical education. French conversation and Lewis' gymnastics for ladies, and military drill for gents daily, without extra charge. A new gymnasium, costing $6,000. Seventeen instructors. Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia Co., N. Y. Term opens April 17.

A GRADUATE OF MUCH EXPERIENCE in connection with boys' boarding-schools, desires to purchase or rent a house with a few acres of land, worth in all $9,000 or $10,000, near a first-class school, in which he might take charge of the classical department, and to which he could influence a most desirable patronage. Address confidentially, with real name, Box No. 3,508 New-York Post-office.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU GIVES health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity or epileptic fits ensue.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, Pittsfield, Mass., commences its next session March 23, 1865. Its superior facilities and character are well known, and its usual salubrity is confidently expected. For circulars, or further information, address REV. C. V. SPEAR, the Principal.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, N. Y. —The Spring and Summer term will commence March 1. Pupils prepared for college, business, West Point and the Naval School. For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. M. I. LOCKWOOD.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE—(Classical, Commercial and French,) No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st. and Washington-square.
GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

THE SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GT. BARRINGTON, MASS.—For twenty very select young boys. Those never from home before preferred. Send for circulars. JAMES SEDGWICK, M. A., Principal.

ROSE HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.—Spring term commences March 1. For circulars, apply to Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal, Danbury, Conn.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—WHITE Plains, New-York, one hour's ride from the city by Harlem Railroad. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 212 5th-av. GEO. C. ANTHON.

TEACHERS.

GERMAN LANGUAGE.—INSTRUCTIONS given in the German language in the most practical and easiest manner. The teacher will come to the house. Address T. S., Yorkville Post-office letter box.

LOST AND FOUND.

MISSING.—NINE UNITED STATES TREASURY Notes, commonly known as "Seven-Thirties," of the denomination of $1,000 each, numbered from 1,384 to 1392, inclusive; and two similar notes of the denomination of $500 each, numbered 12,038 and 12,039, all dated Oct. 1st, 1861, and belonging to the Landholders' Bank, Kingston, Rhode Island. Said $1,000 notes are payable to and indorsed by SOLON BUFFUM, and said $500 notes are payable to and indorsed by R. A. HOLDEN & Co. Any person who will give information to the Landholders' Bank, or the Hanover Bank, or the undersigned, whereby the said notes or any of them shall be restored to said owners, will be liberally rewarded by the undersigned.
T. L. TAYLOR & REED, Bankers,
No. 5 Broad-st.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 18, 1865.

LOST—ON SUNDAY, MARCH 5, ABOUT 1 o'clock, a dog with the four feet and nose white; he has a collar around his neck; his name in three letters, Bob! $10 reward, and no questions. Return at No. 188 William-st.

$250 REWARD—LOST IN THE FIFTH-AV. Hotel last evening, a DIAMOND PIN (solitaire.) The above reward will be paid to any one returning it to the office of the hotel.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS endeavoring to dispose of their own and other preparations, on the reputation attained by HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE OPERA SEASON.
Director..........MAX MARETZEK
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, March 8, at 8,
(Twentieth Subscription Night,)
LA FORZA DEL DESTINO,
pronounced by the press and public the greatest work of the illustrious composer.
CAROZZI-ZUCCHI,
MORENSI,
MASSIMILIANI,
BELLINI,
SUSINI,
LORINI,
DUBREUIL,
ERNESTINE and AURIOL.
Conductor..........Mr. CARL BERGMANN
Thursday—GRAND OPERA IN BROOKLYN—FAUST.
Friday—LAST NIGHT OF LA FORZA DEL DESTINO.
On Saturday next Grand Extra Gala Matinee.
NOTICE.—In compliance with numerous requests to give "Ernani" at a matinée, the director begs to announce that
A GRAND EXTRA GALA MATINEE
will be given on Saturday afternoon, March 11, when
SIGNORA CAROZZI-ZUCCHI
will appear in her great character of Elvira, in Verdi's celebrated opera of
ERNANI. ERNANI.
Seats may be secured for the evening performances at the Academy; at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; at Pond & Co.'s, No. 547 Broadway, and at Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine-sts.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. THURSDAY NEXT
FOR THIS EVENING ONLY.
GRAND COMBINATION CONCERT,
with artists from the
MARETZEK OPERA COMPANY
AND THE WHOLE MAX STRAKOSCH TROUPE
for the Benefit of Disabled Soldiers and Soldiers' Widows and Orphans, under the auspices of the Christian Alliance and the direction of a committee of
OUR MOST DISTINGUISHED CITIZENS,
including His Honor the Mayor, F. I. A. Boole, Mathew T. Brennan, Orison Blunt, Gen. Walbridge, A. Oakey Hall, Bernard Casserly, J. Devlin, Horace B. Claflin, S. P. Russell, Weeks Smith, D. Devlin, S. P. Gilbert, Capt. De Groot, C. S. Storm, C. F. Este, W. C. Conner, G. M. Platt, G. D. Cragin and J. McCool.
THE FOLLOWING ARTISTS WILL APPEAR:
Mlle. DE KATOW,
Mr. JAMES M. WEHLI,
Miss LAURA HARRIS,
Signor GARIBALDI,
Mlle. FRIDA DI GEBELE,
AND OTHER EMINENT VOCALISTS.
Musical Director..........Signor ROSA.
Tickets of Admission—Dollar and a half; Reserved Seats, half a dollar extra. They may be obtained at the principal hotels and music-stores.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
THURSDAY, March 9—FAUST.
Saturday, 11th—Benefit of MISS KELLOGG—LINDA.
Tuesday, 14th—LA FORZA DEL DESTINO.
The regular sale of seats for any of the above-named performances will commence this morning, March 8.

HIPPOTHEATRON. BEGINS AT 8.
NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
THIS AND EVERY EVENING. MATINEES ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, AT 2½.
Immense success of
THE NEW AND GORGEOUSLY BRILLIANT CHINESE SPECTACULAR FESTIVAL,
THE FEAST OF LANTERNS,
produced on a scale of unparalleled splendor, with new and superb costumes, processions, appointments.
BRILLIANT CORPS DE BALLET.
SPLENDID CHINESE ILLUMINATIONS.
The great Chinese spectacle
WILL COMMENCE THE PERFORMANCES
each evening and at the matinees.
CONTINUOUS TRIUMPH OF
THE GREAT COMIC PANTOMIME,
HARLEQUIN MOTHER GOOSE,
with its splendid mise en scene and
WONDROUS TRICKS AND TRANSFORMATIONS.
GRAND EQUESTRIAN DIVERTISSEMENTS,
and the unexampled antient
GAMES OF THE CURRICULUM,
will be presented at each performance, in which
THE GREAT STAR TROUPE
OF PEERLESS ARTISTS APPEAR.

DODWORTH'S HALL—806 BROADWAY.
FOURTH SOIREE OF CHAMBER MUSIC,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 8, AT 8 O'CLOCK,
BY Messrs. WM. MASON, THEO. THOMAS,
J. MOSENTHAL, G. MATZKA and F. BERGNER.
Quartette, string D, No. 10, Mozart.
Trio, piano, B, op. 97, Beethoven.
Quartette, string, A, op. 41, No. 3, Schumann.
Tickets, $1 50, to be had at Steinway & Sons', Beer & Schirmer's and Schuberth & Co.'s.

ALFRED BURNETT,
AT DODWORTH HALL,
EVERY EVENING (except Wednesday,) at 8 o'clock.
Triumphant success, and second week of the new entertainment,
QUEER FACES AND QUEER PEOPLE.
A NEW PROGRAMME.
Fresh Elements of the Ludicrous. Rapid changes of character.

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of urine, irritation, inflammation or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, disease of the prostate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick-dust deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings.
USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

J. N. PATTISON'S FIFTH SOIREE MUSICALE, THURSDAY EVENING, March 9, at Steinway's Concert Room, No. 71 East 14th-st., giving illustrations of the progress of pianoforte music from the sixteenth century, upon an instrument made over one hundred years ago, assisted by Mad. De Lussan, Soprano, Sig. Ernesto Mongiardini, Tenor.
Tickets, $1,50, to be had at Steinway's and at the door.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK's constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are Sole Agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

STEINWAY & SONS
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others is, that the firm is composed of five practical piano forte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
Is admitted the best Piano-forte made, because the maker, besides being a practical mechanic of long experience, is also a thorough musician, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, Robert Heller, Geo. F. Bristow, Wm. Mason, C. Jerome Hopkins, Charles Fradel, Max Maretzek, Carl Anschutz, John Zundle, Maurice Strakosch, Giovani Sconcia, Edward and Henry Mollenhauer, Louis Schreiber, Emil and Fred Brandeis, W. R. Bassford, Theo. Moelling, and every good musician in the United States. Warerooms, No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

ESTABLISHED IN 1829.
RAVEN & BACON, Piano Manufacturers, No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, New-York. Our pianos have been favorably known in this market for nearly forty years, and by the constant introduction of improvements they are kept up to the age in every respect. Purchasers will do well to examine our instruments and prices before making their selections. Descriptive circulars sent by mail. Storage for Pianos.

CUMMINGS & JENNYS,
manufacturers of Grand and Square Piano-fortes, No. 726 Broadway, New-York. These superior instruments are now offered to the public at greatly reduced prices. Each instrument warranted for five years. Four second-hand pianos for sale at bargains.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS. —THIRTY GOLD OR SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums, have been awarded to us within a few years for THE BEST instruments of this class. Over two hundred of the most distinguished musicians of New-York and other principal cities declare that the instruments of our make excel all others. See particulars in circulars. Salesrooms, No. 7 Mercer-st., New-York. In March, will remove to No. 596 Broadway.
MASON BROTHERS.

THE HORACE WATERS GRAND SQUARE and upright Pianos, Melodeon, Harmoniums and Æolian Organs, wholesale and retail; to let and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand Pianos at bargains from $60 to $225. Sheet Music, a little soiled, at 1½ cent per page. Pianist in attendance to try new music. Factory and warerooms, No. 481 Broadway. Cash paid for second-hand Pianos.

A LARGE HARMONIUM, BY CARHART, Needham & Co., to let or for sale at a bargain; it has ten stops and pedals, is in perfect order, and suitable for a church or parlor. J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway.

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings and enable you to sleep well.

MUSIC.—A YOUNG LADY, COMPETENT TO give instruction on the piano, desires a situation in or near the city; references given. Address E. MANLAT, Brooklyn Post-office.

L. IHLSENG OFFERS FOR SALE A splendid assortment of piano-fortes, at very low prices; warranted for five years. Also, pianos to let, at No. 130 East 21st-st. Factory No. 103 East 33d-st.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS—WITH PATENT improvements, the best in use; also melodeons and pianos at bargains.
G. G. SAXE, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

AN ORGANIST WISHES A SITUATION as organist and conductor of the music in a church in or near New-York City. Address Box No. 3,328 Post-office, New-York.

A YOUNG LADY OF FINE MUSICAL talent wishes to give instruction on the piano at her residence, No. 34 3d-st., near 2d-av. Terms moderate.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HANDSOME SECOND-hand piano. Apply to G. W. EARLE, 13 Bedford-st.

GOV. BROWN'S MESSAGE.

[Continued from the First Page.]

to take up arms to resist the enemy, thousands of young able-bodied men of this and other States, between eighteen and forty-five years of age, are protected by Confederate authority, on account of their wealth or other influence, from service in the field, and under pretext of some nominal employment for the Government, are allowed to remain out of the reach of danger, and devote most of their time to their speculations or other individual pursuits.

Our financial affairs have been so unfortunately administered that our currency is worth very little in the market; and our public faith has been so frequently and willfully violated that it will be with great difficulty that we can reinspire our people with confidence in the pledges of the Government. It is announced as the future policy of the financial department to issue no more Treasury notes, and to receive nothing else in payment of public dues till the quantity is reduced to healthy circulation. This would be beneficial to the holders of the notes. As the armies are to be supported, however, at a cost of hundreds of millions of dollars per annum, the announcement leaves no doubt that it is to be done in a great measure by seizing property and paying for it in certificates or bonds which will not pass as currency or payment of taxes. This would be little better than legalized robbery, and, if practiced long by any government, will drive the people to revolution as the only means left of throwing off intolerable burdens.

By its efforts to grasp absolute power, the Confederate administration has greatly weakened our arms, and results have shown its utter inability, with all the power placed in its hands, to recruit and fill them up to a number sufficient to meet the emergency.

So fatal have been the results of our wretched conscription policy, which, however, well adapted to control European serfs, or those raised to be slaves of power, is so repugnant to the feelings and spirit of a free people, that it has driven our men in despair to delinquency and desertion, till the President has informed the country, in his Macon speech, that two thirds of those who compose our armies are absent, most of them without leave. If this be true, it shows a lamentable want of patriotism and courage on the part of the people, or an unwise and injudicious policy on the part of the administration, which imperils the very existence of the Confederacy, and calls for prompt and energetic action on the part of the people to compel a change of policy, which, if longer persisted in, must result in utter ruin.

If a planter who has one hundred faithful, trustworthy hands upon his farm, should employ an overseer to manage it, and should visit it at a critical period of the crops and find that two-thirds of his hands are, and for a considerable time have been absent, and that the crop is being lost on that account; he would doubtless decide that the policy of the overseer was ruinous to his interest, and dismiss him without hesitation. The people of the Confederacy have employed an agent to conduct for them a war for the dearest rights of freemen, and have placed at his command, subject to the restraints thrown around him by the constitutional charter, and the great principles of personal liberty, which lie at the foundation of free government, hundreds of thousands of as gallant, self-sacrificing citizen-soldiers as ever took up arms in a righteous cause. He has adopted a policy which has ignored personal liberty and the right of citizen soldiers to go to the field in organizations and under officers of their own choice, who have their respect and confidence. The result has been, as our agent tells us, that two-thirds of these soldiers are absent, the larger portion without leave, at a time when their absence endangers our existence as a people. What, then, is the duty of the people of the States? The answer is plain. They should compel their agent to change his policy, which treats free citizen soldiers, fighting for liberty, as serfs, and to observe the great principles for which we took up arms, or they should resume the military powers with which they have clothed him, and place them in other hands, where they will be used as well for the protection of the right and liberties of the citizen as for the achievement of the independence of the Confederacy. Without this change of policy the armies cannot be recruited to the necessary number, and both liberty and independence are lost together.

This ruinous policy of the Administration finds no justification in the Constitution of the country. From the organization of the Government of the United States to the disruption of the Union, the uniform practice was to call upon the States, when more troops than the regular army were needed, to furnish them organized ready for service. This they could readily do, as all the machinery of the State government could be brought to bear to bring them out. Instead of enrolling officers of the central Government imported among them who they knew not and who were not in sympathy with them, all the militia officers and civil officers of the counties, who are their neighbors and friends, and whom they are accustomed to respect and obey, could be charged with the duty of aiding in the organization. Not only so, but they were permitted to go under officers of their own neighborhoods usually elected by them, and to go with their own neighbors and relatives as their associates and companions in arms. This was not only the practical and successful mode, but it was the Constitutional one. That instrument declares that Congress shall have power to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the Confederate States; reserving to the States respectively the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress.

Pending the consideration of this paragraph in the convention which formed the Constitution of the United States, Mr. MADISON moved to amend it by inserting after the words "reserving to the States respectively the appointment of the officers," the words "under the rank of General officers." This amendment, if adopted, would have left the States to appoint all officers under the rank of General, and the Federal Government to appoint the Generals. But so jealous were the States of the power and patronage which this would have given to the Federal Executive, that they rejected it by a vote of all the States except two; and reserved to the States the appointment of all the officers to command the militia when employed in the service of the United States. And lest there should be a question about who is meant by the militia to be commanded by officers appointed by the States, when employed in the service of the Confederate States, the Constitution has solved that doubt. It says:

"A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed." Hence it is plain that the word militia and the word people mean the same, apply to the same persons, and are used as synonymous terms. It is clear, therefore, that the States have carefully reserved the appointment of the officers to command their armsbearing people, when employed in the service of the Confederate States.

If the President had adhered to this mode of raising troops, as Mr. MADISON, who was a prominent member of the convention which framed the Constitution, did in the war of 1812, his patronage in the army would have been small. If, on the other hand, the constitutional mode were laid aside, and conscription adopted in lieu of it, giving him the appointment of all the officers, his patronage was immense.

It is said about 600 regiments, or enough of organized troops to make that number, have been received into Confederate service from all the States. Each regiment has ten companies, and each company four commissioned officers, or forty company officers to each regiment, making 24,000 company officers. Add to this 600 Colonels, and as many Lieutenant-Colonels, Majors, Adjutants, Quartermasters and Commissaries, (as the law then stood,) together with all Chaplains, Surgeons, Brigadier-Generals, Major-Generals, Lieutenant-Generals, with all the Post Quartermasters, Commissaries, Commandants, Adjutants, Marshals, &c., &c., and the Conscript Act made about 30,000 officers dependent upon the President's will for promotion. Thus, in violation of the Constitution, the President was substituted for the States, and, like the King of England, made the foundation of all honor.

To carry out this new policy of allowing the President to appoint the officers, it became necessary to refuse longer to receive troops in organized bodies with their officers, but each must be conscribed and sent into service under such officers as the President might appoint. This separated kindred, and friends and neighbors, while in service. It destroyed the individuality and patriotic ardor of our people, each of whom, prior to that time, felt that as a freeman he was part of the Government, and that it was his war. But so soon as this policy was adopted, he felt that it was the Government's war, and that he was no longer a freeman, but the slave of absolute power. This was not the freedom he set out to fight for, and thousands of men, rather than submit to it and remain in service, feeling that they wore the collar of power upon their necks, have left the army without leave. Hence the President's complaint, the cause of which has been the necessary result of his own policy. He has mistaken the genius and spirit of our people, and the material of which his armies are composed. The high-toned, spirited Southern man will revolt when you attempt to reduce him to an automaton of power.

Prior to the passage of this fatal act, men taxed their ingenuity to devise plans to induce the President to receive them into service. So soon, however, as the act was passed, which denied them the right in future to form their organizations, and enter service as willing freemen, with their neighbors and friends, and gave the President the power to seize them and appoint their officers, the whole feeling was changed, and men have resorted to every imaginable shift to keep out of the service.

The excuse that conscription was necessary to keep the twelve months men in service, or to fill their places, cannot avail.

The President knew, months before, when the term of these men would expire, and made no effort to organize troops to take their places. A bill was introduced into the Provisional Congress by a distinguished Georgian, but a short time before its expiration in February, 1862, authorizing the President to call forth the militia to any extent necessary, by requisition upon the States, and to call for them for three years at his discretion. This would have left the appointment of the officers with the State where the Constitution leaves it. The influence of the President was actively used to defeat this bill, on the ground that he did not need the law, as he had more troops tendered than he could accept and arm. Early in April following he called for the conscript act on the ground of necessity, to fill up the army, and the bill was passed giving him the patronage and power above mentioned. If conscription had been necessary to keep the twelve months men in service till their places could be filled, that afforded no reason why the act should have embraced the whole population of the Confederacy within military age. A special act applicable only to the twelve months men for a short period, till troops could have been furnished by the States to take their places, would have met that necessity. This, however, would not have given the President the appointment of the officers for all the troops to be organized. His neglect to call upon the States for troops to fill the places of twelve months men was made the occasion for vesting immense power and patronage in him, and fastening conscription with all its evils upon the country.

The President has been as unfortunate in his generalship, planning military campaigns, as he has in his policy of recruiting his armies. All remember his first appearance on the field as Commander-in-Chief at the close of the battle of first Manassas, when (if reports are reliable) he prevented our Generals from taking advantage of the complete demoralization of the Federal army, to march upon Washington city when it must have fallen into our hands with but little resistance. He visited the army in Middle Tennessee and divided it, sending part of it to Mississippi too late to accomplish any good result there, and left Gen. BRAGG so weak that he was forced to evacuate Tennessee, which together with Vicksburg fell into the hands of the enemy. He again appeared upon the field at Missionary Ridge and divided the army when a superior force was being massed in its front. Gen. LONGSTREET's corps was sent into East Tennessee. Gen. GRANT waited till he was out of reach, when fell upon the remnant of BRAGG's army and drove it back into Georgia, opening the way for the advance into this State, and then sent troops and drove LONGSTREET out of East Tennessee, and made himself master of that invaluable stronghold of the Confederacy.

The President's last appearance upon the field was with Gen. HOOD's army in this State, which was followed by the movement of that army into Tennessee. The country knows the result. HOOD has been driven out of Tennessee with great calamity; and Georgia, which was left completely uncovered, has been destroyed by SHERMAN at his leisure.

Instead of rapid concentration of our armies at vital points to strike the enemy stunning blows, our policy has been to divide and scatter our forces in the face of superior numbers, and receive blows which have well-nigh cost us our existence as a Confederacy.

Our people have endured this misrule with remarkable forbearance and patriotism. But the time has come when we are obliged to deal with stern realities, and to look facts full in the face. We can no longer profit by hugging delusions to our bosoms. Our Government is now a military despotism whenever the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus is suspended, an object to which the President's earnest efforts are constantly directed. The tendency to anarchy is rapid and fearful.

The Lincoln dynasty informs us distinctly that reconstruction and subjugation are the only alternatives to be presented to us. The present policy, if persisted in, must terminate in reconstruction either with or without subjugation. I accuse no supporter of the measures of the administration of any such design. But entertaining the opinions which I do of its results, if I favored reconstruction or subjugation, to both of which I am utterly opposed, I would give an earnest support to the President's policy, as the surest mode of diminishing our armies, exhausting our resources, breaking the spirits of our people, and driving them in despair to seek refuge from a worse tyranny, by placing themselves under the protection of a Government which they loath and detest, because it has wronged and tyranized over them, destroyed their property, and slaughtered their sons.

These are sad truths, which it is exceedingly unpleasant to announce. But true statesmanship requires that the ruler do the best that can be done for his people under all circumstances by which they are at the time surrounded. And the statesman who sees nothing but ruin in the pursuit of a line of policy, and does not warn his countrymen against it, is unworthy the high trust confided to his care.

But you may ask, do I despair of the justice of our cause or of our ability to succeed. I answer emphatically, No. Bad as our policy has been, and much as we have wasted of men and means, we still have enough of both, if properly used, to continue the struggle till we achieve our independence and reëstablish in these States constitutional liberty, which has been for the time so completely crushed.

To enable us to do this the conscription act must be repealed, and the policy abandoned, and we must return to the constitutional mode of raising troops by the States. The States cannot do this successfully while conscription is practiced, and they thwarted in their efforts by conflict and collision with Confederate officers. In a word, the two systems cannot work together.

Our armies, composed of the militia or arms-bearing people of the State, must be reorganized under officers appointed by the respective States as the Constitution directs. This would enable the States in the reorganization to put into the ranks all supernumary officers, including the large number of Confederate enrolling officers, who without commands are now supported and paid by the Government, and to displace such now in command of troops as are tyrannical and inefficient, and fill their places with those who have shown themselves competent, and who have the confidence of the troops to be commanded by them. The States in the reorganization of these troops could also put into service the large number of able-bodied young men within their limits, who at home hold appointments under the Confederacy which serve the purposes of protection without reciprocal benefit to the common cause. In the same manner great numbers of absentees, deficient in neither patriotism nor gallantry, who have been driven out of the armies by the petty tyranny of subaltern officers appointed at Richmond to command them, could be brought back by the States, under officers of their own choice, who would make excellent troops. Remove the shackles of bondage from the limbs of our troops, and let them feel that they are again freemen, fighting in freedom's cause, and that the Government stands by and maintains the great principles of constitutional liberty and State sovereignty, for which they took up arms, and they will reënter the field with renewed hopes, determined to conquer an honorable peace or fill a soldier's grave.

We must return to the observance of good faith with our troops—pay them when their wages is due, and discharge them when their terms expire.

We must pass no more acts of repudiation of our Government issues of currency. We must receive in payment of Confederate taxes all notes, bonds or certificates which persons are compelled by the Government to take, in payment for property taken from them, by its impressment officers.

We must abandon the policy of supporting the armies by impressment or forcible seizures of property, and must adopt the policy of purchasing what we need, except in extreme cases which justify impressment, and then we must pay, as the Constitution requires, just compensation for the property taken. This equalizes the burdens by dividing the whole among the entire number of tax payers, in proportion to the amount of property owned by each.

Representation without constituency must no longer be allowed; nor must laws be dictated to us by the votes of representatives without accountability to those who share in the burdens imposed by the legislation enacted by them.

Secret sessions of Congress, except in cases where legislation affecting the movements of our armies is pending, must be abandoned, and the people must know, as they have a right to know, how their representatives act and vote upon all measures affecting their vital interests, their rights and their honor.

Discipline must be restored and enforced in our armies. One of the reasons given by its advocates for the enactment of the conscript law was that better discipline would be maintained by giving the appointment of the officers to the President. Results have shown the reverse to be true. Prior to the adoption of that plan, the officers selected by the troops themselves and appointed by the States, kept the men in the field, and we triumphed gloriously in almost every engagement with the enemy. Since that time the officers appointed by the President have neither maintained discipline nor kept the men in the field. If the President's statement is reliable, they have only one-third of them there. And I fear the discipline of that third is loose compared with that exhibited by the Federal army in its march through the State.

The President having failed in his military administration and brought the country to the verge of ruin by his military policy, should be relieved of that part of his duties, by an amendment of the Constitution to provide for the appointment of a Commander-in-Chief of the armies of the Confederacy, by the President, by and with the consent of two-thirds of the Senate, who shall be entirely free from the contrast of the President and removable only by the same power by which he was appointed. This would place the best military talent of the country in command of our armies, not in name only, but in fact, and would save us in future from the heavy calamities which have befallen us by the capricious removal of a great commander, at a most critical juncture of an ably conducted defensive campaign.

The late act of Congress did not and could not take from the President his constitutional power as Commander-in-Chief. It provides for the appointment of a General-in-Chief. ROBERT E. LEE, as General-in-Chief, is as subject to the orders of the President as he was before the act of Congress, and his appointment under it, and the President may at any moment frustrate his plans by orders which he is obliged to obey. Congress cannot divest the President of this power over all the Generals in Confederate service, including the General-in-Chief. The power is conferred by the Constitution, and can only be taken away by an amendment of that instrument.

These changes may be made without the evils of revolution within revolution. The Constitution provides for its own amendment. The remedy is peaceful. It declares that: Upon the demand of any three States legally assembled in their conventions, the Congress shall summon a convention of all the States to take into consideration such amendments to the Constitution as the said States shall concur in suggesting, at the time when said demand is made.

It is perfectly legitimate and proper for three States to demand such convention, whenever, in the opinion of their people, public good or the common safety require it. In my opinion the best interests of the country require that such a convention meet with as little delay as possible, to propose such amendments to the Constitution as will reform abuses by settling disputed points, and effect a speedy and thorough change of policy in conducting the war and filling up and sustaining our armies. I am not afraid to trust the people in convention. I therefore recommend the call of a convention of the people of this State for the purpose of proposing such amendments to the Constitution as will relieve the President of his responsibility as Commander-in-Chief of the armies, and will provide for the appointment of a Commander-in-Chief in time of war, and to propose such other amendments and do such other acts as will correct the abuses and afford remedies for grievances herein before stated.

I also recommend that this General Assembly appoint commissioners to each of the other States of the Confederacy, requesting them to assemble in convention at an early day to demand of Congress the call of a convention of all the States, for the purpose above specified.

The speedy adoption of this policy is in my judgment, indispensable to the achievement of our independence, and the maintainance of the great principles of State Sovereignty and Constitutional liberty which underlie the foundations of our federative system of government—gave being to our present confederation of States—and are absolutely necessary to the future prosperity and happiness of our people. By the construction placed upon the Constitution as it now stands, by those who administer the Confederate Government, these great principles have been disregarded, and the sovereignty of the States, and rights of the people, lost sight of in the great struggle for independence.

The achievement of our independence seems to be the great end and only good aimed at by those who wield the power at Richmond. We have been told from the halls of Congress that courts must be closed, and State lines obliterated, if necessary to accomplish this object. Indeed, some persons in authority seem to have forgotten that we are fighting for anything but independence. If so, the whole struggle is in vain, for we had that in the old Government, which was our Government, consecrated by the blood of our ancestors and transmitted from sire to son. We were independent of all other Powers. But the people of the Northern States got control of that Government, and so administered it as to imperil not our independence, but our rights. We then separated from them and are fighting for our rights and our liberties; and as a means of maintaining and securing those rights and liberties we declared our independence. Independence with these is worth all the sacrifices which we have made or can make. Our rights and our liberties are not secondary to our independence, but our independence is only necessary to protect our rights and our liberties. Russia is independent of all the world, so is Turkey, while the government of each is a despotism; and the people have only the rights and liberties which the Sovereign chooses to permit them to exercise. If this is the sort of independence for which we are fighting, our great sacrifices have been made to but little purpose.

The recognition by foreign Powers of the independence of our rulers and of their right to govern us, without the recognition of our rights and liberties by our rulers, is not worth the blood of the humblest citizen. We must gain more than this in the struggle, or we have made a most unfortunate exchange. The further pursuit of our present policy not only endangers our rights and our liberties, but our independence also, by destroying the institutions and breaking the spirits of the people. Let us beware how we trifle with the rights, the liberties and the happiness of millions.

I am aware that the freedom and plainness which a sense of duty to my country has compelled me to exercise, in discussing the measures of the administration, and the policy of the Government, may subject my motives to misconstruction. I feel the proud consciousness, however, that I have been actuated only by a desire to promote the cause so dear to every patriot's heart, and thereby secure the independence of the Confederacy, with the civil and religious liberties and constituted rights of the people, without which, independence is an empty name, and the glory and grandeur of our republican system is departed forever. No one can be more virtually interested in the success of our cause. I have staked life, liberty and property, and the liberties of my posterity, upon the results. The enemy have burned my dwelling and other houses, destroyed my property, and shed in rich profusion the blood of nearest relatives. My destiny is linked with my country. If we succeed I am a free man. But if by the obstinacy, weakness or misguided judgment of our rulers we fail, the same common ruin awaits me which awaits my countrymen. It is no time to conceal ideas in courtly phrase. The night is dark, the tempest howls, the ship is lashed with turbulent waves, the helmsman is steering to the whirpool, our remonstrances are unheeded, and we must restrain him, or the crew must sink together, submerged in irretrievable ruin.

JOSEPH E. BROWN.

FROM CITY POINT.

Sherman's Movements—Desertion and Demoralization in the Rebel Army—Sayings and Doings among Them—Gen. Lee—Rebel Prisoners of Exchange.

From Our Own Correspondent.

CITY POINT, Va., Friday, March 3, 1865.

The absorbing interest now felt in SHERMAN's movements affects us all here no less than it does you in the North—with this one grand exception in our favor: that we daily have a peep at the Richmond papers one or two days sooner than you have an opportunity of doing, and consequently forestall you in our assurances that all is going right with our approaching armies. It must not be supposed by this that the Richmond editors are very liberal with their news respecting SHERMAN; on the contrary, they still persistently carry out their threat of telling us *nothing at all*; but as the most microscopic search among their columns fails to detect the remotest symptoms of crowing over anything that has hitherto transpired in the Carolinas, we conclude—with irresistible logic—that all SHERMAN's movements have been, thus far, entirely successful.

The *Whig*, of to-day, after telling us nothing at all, graciously informs its readers that: "Other intelligence, which could be communicated, is contraband, but of an *encouraging character*." Now, who can the *Whig* imagine silly enough to heed such nonsense, at a time like this, when the enemy are raising Heaven and earth to invent devices for rousing the drooping energies of their troops, and to check the hideous demoralization that has already overtaken them? They certainly cannot hope to delude those who know, as we do, the unheard-of means to which they are driven for inspiring hope among their ranks. In front of the Sixth Corps we learnt that they are actually issuing whisky rations to get their men into something like good humor, and the *order* is sometimes, on such occasions, given to cheer—an order that is obeyed along the whole line, although not a man knows what he is cheering for.

The rush of deserters still continues from the enemy's lines into ours, not by stealth, as of yore, but openly, with their arms, and not unfrequently with horses to sell to our Quartermasters; and this exodus is not confined to privates only, but includes no small amount of officers. I was talking to one yesterday, who told me that the very pickets planted to prevent deserters (being themselves determined to follow their comrades) either fire blank cartridges at those escaping, or so far overhead as to avoid all possibility of hitting them. I heard another in the newly-arrived crowd say: "We thought the game was up before we left, but we have seen more to convince us since we got in your lines and saw your recruits coming in." Another one related the fact of a deserter having to be shot, upon which his comrades declared that if he were executed their whole regiment would have to be executed too. The man is still at large.

One feeling I am bound to acknowledge, in justice to the rebel Gen. LEE, as being universal among the deserters who reach us, and that is, unbounded respect for him as a man and a soldier—a feeling which I find shared by every one in our own army, from the highest officers to the rank and file. It is certainly a splendid tribute to the man, and—on our side, at least—illustrates the noble and manly feelings which war cultivates, even toward an inveterate opponent, if brave and worthy. But very different is the sentiment, among all the Southern soldiers I have conversed with, toward those scheming politicians who brought on this "rich man's war and poor man's fight," to slaughter hundreds of thousands for their own despotic aims. "We all like BOB LEE," exclaimed one in a crowd of deserters at the wharf, yesterday, "but you may take such fellows as DAVIS and BENJAMIN, and hang 'em if you like," an expression of opinion to which all the comrades in his hearing grinningly consented. Several among these men persisted in the assertion that LEE has actually left Richmond to confront SHERMAN's forces, and that JOHNSTON has taken his place in command of the armies protecting Richmond and Petersburgh.

A number of rebel prisoners for exchange pulled up at the wharf yesterday, prior to ascending the river to the point of exchange at Aiken's Landing, and caused no small amount of comment upon their well-fed, healthy appearance. Not a few present were inevitably driven to compare the sleek, robust, impudent appearance of these men, just turned out of our Northern prisons, with the starved and broken-down specimens of humanity which the rebel jailors send us in return; and "retaliation" involuntarily came to the lips of two or three in my hearing, who were indignantly discussing the revolting contrast. But a very little reflection convinces all sober-minded men that such a retaliation is impossible, that we cannot deliberately compete for the honors of a fiendish brutality, unknown even to savages, and that the present system is the very best we can adopt to get our suffering men, as rapidly as possible, out of the hands of their devilish persecutors. Even though they gain an army by it, and we nothing but crowded hospitals, the civilized world will have to acknowledge that even these cowardly and brutal advantages availed them nothing against the noble magnanimity of the North toward its prisoners of war.

These terrible rains continue, and the roads are getting worse and worse. J. R. HAMILTON.

AN IMPORTANT BUT UNAUTHENTICATED RUMOR.

CITY POINT, Va., March 5, 1865.

An important rumor—and apparently authentic—is afloat in influential circles this morning, to the effect that SHERMAN had met BEAUREGARD and whipped him. No details of time or place—and no time to verify the statement before the mailboat leaves. There is every reason to believe that LEE, availing himself of the bad weather and—to us—impassable roads, is even now evacuating Richmond to press forward against SHERMAN. J. R. HAMILTON.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—FOR THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 245, 1411, 547, 1055, 1111, 1115, 1119, 1131, 1143, 1145, 1165, 1179, 1185, 1215, 1255, 1263, 1289, 1291, 1293, 1295. *Part II.*—Nos. 646, 864, 1044, 1064, 1078, 1100, 940, 876, 678, 754, 786, 774, 738, 838, 878, 900, 910, 924, 960, 942.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Demurrers.—Nos. 93, 97, 99, 100. Issues of law and fact—Nos. 70, 131, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 142, 143, 4161, 147, 148, 149, 150, 152.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 4983, 4905, 4977, 171, 2777, 2593, 4407, 4773, 4779, 980½, 361, 4019, 597, 4883, 4897. *Part II.*—Nos. 3128, 1150, 4960, 4444, 4190, 4972, 4978, 5004, 636, 4626, 212, 4936, 4942, 4534, 181½.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I.*—Nos. 839, 752, 673, 86, 422, 150, 824, 638, 860, 36, 531, 832, 821, 826, 827. *Part II.*—Nos. 631, 124, 19, 650, 805, 290, 295, 788, 220, 450, 776, 773, 1048, 439, 572.

Criminal Business.

Before Judge Russell.

At the opening of the court yesterday morning, the following named gentlemen were sworn to serve as Grand Jurors for the March Term: Thomas S. Young, Foreman; Jefferson T. Becksmith, Ulysses Baker, E. L. Boiles, Amor R. Eno, Frederick G. Foster, Samuel Frankenheimer, Michael Gray, Robert G. Hatfield, Edward J. Knapp, Abraham B. Knapp, John Reynolds, Albert Storer, David Terry, Amor H. Trowbridge, Evon T. Walker, Lewis J. White.

In charging them His Honor stated that there were no public questions to call their attention to, and confined himself to those topics which the law required him to touch upon.

Assistant District Attorney Gunning S. Bedford, Jr. appeared for the people, and called on the case of James Edwards, indicted for petit larceny from the person. A jury was sworn to try the prisoner, but his conviction seemed so certain that Edwards gave in and pleaded guilty to the indictment. The particular offence of which the man was convicted was of no great importance, but his conviction and probable sentence to the State's Prison, will relieve the community of a notorious and successful pickpocket. Edwards, who is known among the thieving fraternity as California Jim, has been arrested fifteen times for picking pockets, but has heretofore escaped punishment. He was remanded for sentence, and no cases being ready for trial, the court adjourned.

Important as to the Rule of Damages.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

[Before Judge Mullen and a Jury.

Anthony De Kuhn vs. *Ernst Gabler*.—This action was brought to recover damages for an alleged breach of contract in the sale of pianos, made in January, 1863. From the testimony given on both sides, it appeared that the instruments in question had greatly increased in value since the time of sale. The pianos were not delivered, and the plaintiff claimed the highest market value of the instruments at any time between the sale and trial. There was no dispute as to the contract, a portion of the payment having been made.

The court charged the jury that if they found that plaintiff's testimony was correct, and that he was entitled to recover, the rule of damages must be the highest market value, at any time during the pendency of the action. The question involved is regarded as highly important. Several cases have been taken to the Court of Appeals on the same point, but as yet no decision has been made public. The jury will render a sealed verdict this morning. For plaintiff, Mr. E. F. Brown and Mr. McCoy; for defendant, Mr. Chesney.

AN ACTION AGAINST THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SHIP CANAL COMPANY.

Before Justice Mullen.

Isaac C. Lea brought an action against the above-named company to recover the sum of $1,200 for services rendered the company. The case is still on trial.

Judgment of a Divorce.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Leonard.

Anna M. Bligh vs. *Thomas Bligh*.—The report of the referee in this case is confirmed and a judgment of divorce granted.

Order of Arrest.

SUPERIOR COURT CHAMBERS.

Before Judge Moncrief.

Woodruff vs. *Valentine*.—Motion to vacate an order of arrest. The defendant purchased of the plaintiff nineteen head of cattle, and the next day gave his check dated twenty days ahead for the price. The check being unpaid, the plaintiff brought suit for the check. The court held that it could not grant an order of arrest under such circumstances, though probably it might have been granted in an action repudiating the contract for fraud.

A DRAFT THREATENED!

Will the Citizens of New York aid in Arresting such a Calamity?—The Assistant Provost-Marshal-General Calls upon Them! The County Volunteer Committee Appeals to Them!—Ten Days Allowed to Increase Recruiting!—Over Thirteen Thousand Men yet to be Raised!

The County Committee on Volunteering call the attention of every citizen to the letter appended hereto, from Brig.-Gen. HINKS, A. A. P. M. General and Superintendent of Recruiting Service, relative to the number of recruits now being raised in this county, and the prospect of a draft.

The Committee have exhausted all means at their command for raising men. They have paid the largest bounties permitted by the laws of the State, or paid in any portion of the State. They have succeeded in recruiting over one hundred men (100) men per day; within the last seven (7) days they have averaged about one hundred and thirty (130) men per day, and within seventeen (17) days they have reduced the number of men to be raised nearly two thousand (2,000.)

But there are yet more than thirteen thousand (13,000) men to be raised to fill the quota of this county, and to raise this number within a reasonable time, requires not one hundred men but two hundred men per day at least.

While the committee and the Board of Supervisors, from which they derive their power, have individually and collectively given their whole time and attention to this work, it is to be regretted that the people of the county, who will suffer by the draft, have been lukewarm, and have rendered the committee no considerable assistance.

Even capitalists, who have most to fear from a draft, have been unwilling to aid to the extent of furnishing the necessary means to pay the men raised. The fund for paying volunteers is now nearly exhausted, and even one hundred men per day can no longer be paid unless moneyed men and institutions subscribe the necessary funds.

The committee, in justice to themselves and the public, now make this statement, and appeal to the people to so increase the number of recruits during the ten days' grace allowed us that it will be reduced to a certainty that the quota can be filled within a reasonable time.

To avoid a draft two things are necessary:

1st. That the bonds of the county for the purpose of paying volunteers be taken immediately; and

2d. That the people at once lend their aid to the work of raising volunteers.

Especially, let every citizen who has the means provide himself with a substitute. He will thus exempt himself from draft and help to fill the quota of the county. Substitutes can now be obtained at comparatively small cost, the State undertaking to reimburse all those who pay money for this purpose, to the extent of $600 for a three-years' substitute, $400 for a two-years' substitute, and $300 for a one-year substitute.

Those who subscribe to the Volunteer Loan Fund have not only the pledge of the faith and property of the county, but the additional security that the State will reimburse to the county the money thus expended.

It now remains with the people to avert the threatened calamity of a draft. Let them take the matter in hand. Let them assemble together in public council, and after determining the best means to be pursued, put those means into immediate execution. With the coöperation of the press, and the active aid of the people, the committee hope, within the prescribed ten days, to give satisfactory evidence that more men will be procured by volunteering than can possibly be obtained by draft.

NEW-YORK, March 6, 1865.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
WM. M. TWEED, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor.
County Committee on Volunteering.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

CORNELIUS CORSON, Clerk.

LETTER OF BRIG.-GEN. HINKS.

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 2d instant, in reply to a note of Capt. BRONSON, A. A. G., written by my direction, in relation to the progress of recruiting in this county, and have perused with interest the elaborate array of statistics which it contains, exhibiting the comparative progress of recruiting in the City and County of New-York, under the present and previous calls for troops; but its examination has not changed or modified my convictions that "the present rate of recruiting will not fill the quotas of the city districts within the time required."

It will be borne in mind that very great deficiencies, as compared with other districts in this city, exist in all the city districts, and that these deficiencies exist entirely for the reason that New-York has been less actively or less successfully engaged in actual recruiting than the suburban districts. The draft has already commenced in all districts surrounding the city, and to further postpone its operations here, unless there is a prospect of the quotas being immediately filled by voluntary enlistments, would be an obvious injustice to those districts in which the application of the provisions of the law is now being made.

Furthermore, it will be remembered that the previous quotas of the city districts have been filled, to a very great extent, with credits resulting from enlistments in the navy not made since the assignment of quotas under the Enrollment Law, and not contained in your exhibit of the progress of recruiting under those calls. Hence the comparison made in your communication has no application to the results in filling the quotas, which now must be done by actual enlistments.

It was hoped that the postponement of the draft in this city would produce, on the part of its citizens, some effort commensurate with the amount of labor to be done to secure the filling of the quotas by volunteer enlistments, thereby speedily reinforcing our active victorious armies with some sixteen thousand volunteers, and thus removing the necessity for a recourse to the operations of a draft on the part of the Government.

To secure this result every means of coöperation and assistance consistent with the interests of the service has, whenever suggested, been willingly adopted by the Provost-Marshal-General and by the office; but after trial it seems that these hopes are not well grounded, for while yourself and a few persons have labored faithfully and efficiently to produce the desired result, the expectation of a general interest being aroused, and an active effort being made on the part of the whole community, has not been realized; and instead of any indication being apparent that the quotas will be speedily filled, there is presented the conclusive evidence of your own figures that at the present rate of recruiting the quota will not be filled till the 1st of August next.

I know of no means by which the number of men raised can be increased, except the people, who have the greatest interest at issue, shall by their efforts give recruiting such an impetus as they only can create. Every consideration of patriotism and interest appeals to them to put their hands to the work. The beneficent and liberal provisions of the State law by which every person who secures a substitute before the draft will receive six hundred, four hundred or three hundred dollars' bounty, for three, two or one year's service of such substitute, respectively, while a drafted man may receive but two hundred and fifty dollars, either for himself or his substitute, ought of itself to make every able bodied person who is liable to draft an active recruiting agent, while the large bounty paid by the State, in addition to the Government bounty, ought to induce all those who are not liable to the draft to enter or reënter the service and assist in the grand concluding campaigns of the war.

In reply, however, to your concluding remarks, I would suggest that means be adopted to give the greatest possible publicity to the necessity of immediately raising men more rapidly, and to the liberal provisions of the State Government made for volunteers and substitutes, and that the people of the city be appealed to through the public press, and, if practicable, through public meetings, to devote one week to their country and their own personal interests in labor to secure the filling the quotas of their districts, and thereby relieve themselves from the evils of a draft. To this end every facility will be extended from this department. Mustering officers and surgeons shall be provided in abundance; and that a fair test may be made, I think I may promise that no draft shall take place during the next ten days. I am, Sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

EDWARD W. HINKS, Brigadier-General,
A. A. Provost-Marshal-General,
Superintendent Volunteer Recruiting Service.

[*Advertisement.*]

Evening Exchange.

$65,000	Am. Gold....	197⅝	100	Ch. & N. W. Pr....	63
10,000	do..........s3	197½	500	Hudson R. R......	114
10,000	do..........b3	197⅝	500	do..........	114⅜
100	N. Y. Cen. R......	108⅛	100	do..........s3	114⅜
100	do..........	108⅜	300	do..........s10	114
500	do..........s3	108⅜	100	do..........b3	114¼
100	do..........b3	108⅜	100	Chic. & R. I.......	94⅝
200	M. S. & N. I......	65	100	do..........	94¾
100	do..........s3	65¼	100	P., Ft. W. & C..b3	92⅜
100	do..........	65⅜	1300	Cum. Coal.......	72
100	Erie Railway.....	67⅜	200	do..........b10	72¼
200	do..........s30	67	100	do..........	71⅞
100	do..........b10	67⅜	500	do..........	71⅝
700	do..........s3	67⅜	300	Mar. Min. Co....s3	16⅜
100	do..........s3	67¼	500	do..........	16⅝
60	Ill. Cen. R.......	117⅝	100	do..........	16⅜

Stocks were not very active. Gold was steady, and sold after the call at 197⅜, at which it closed.

[Advertisement.]

WHY INJURE THE COMPLEXION BY POWDERS AND WASHES, which choke or fill up the pores of the skin, and in a short time leave it harsh and dry? It is in the blood, and if you want smooth and soft skin, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It gives a brilliancy to the complexion.

[Advertisement.]

TO PURIFY, ENRICH THE BLOOD, AND BEAUTIFY THE complexion, use HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. One bottle equals in strength one gallon of the Syrup or Decoction.

[Advertisement.]

CONSUMPTION—CONSUMPTION.—We say to persons having consumption, in whatever stage of the disease, use Dr. WISHART's Pine Tree Tar Cordial, which is readily taken up by the blood and carried to lungs, and the healing principles of the tar act upon the inflamed sores of the lungs and stop their decay at once, and the patient's life is saved. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial has great power to dissolve the thick mucous that stops up the wind-passages of the lungs and expels it from the system. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial purifies the blood and cleanses it of all scrofulous matter that is constantly breeding sores, internal and external. Salt rheum, blotches on the face, and all skin diseases, are especially cured by Dr. WISHART's Pine Tree Tar Cordial. Office No. 10 North Second-street, Philadelphia. Sold at HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

CHEROKEE MEDICINES FOR THE UNFORTUNATE.—32-page pamphlet, will full particulars, free. Address Dr. W. R. MERWIN & Co., No. 63 Liberty-st., New-York.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Costa Rica, from Aspinwall—Mrs. P. B. Clark and daughter, Miss Annette Ince, Mrs. Fuller and child, E. P. and A. H. Washburn, A. Finder, S. B. Dinkelspill, C. E. Tasker, J. Cohen, E. J. Heyer, Miss A. B. Jackson, Mrs. F. A. Don, Mrs. A. A. Harvey, W. A. Field and wife, J. J. Beame, H. A. Thomas, Mrs. M. Chapman, Thos. W. Smith, Mrs. W. A. Lewis and child, F. Deiger and wife, Mrs. G. W. Osborn and child, Miss F. Almy, Mrs. F. Reed and 2 children, Mrs. H. Rankin and 2 children, B. Gonzales and wife, Miss Vivire, Mrs. D. J. Hogan, J. M. Beckley, Mrs. J. B. Badger and 3 children, G. Levy, J. Skar, Mrs. Heald and 2 children, J. W. Gershwiller, Miss M. E. Higgins, E. T. Danforth and wife, Mrs. E. Oliver, W. T. Ensign, Geo. W. Tuthill, Mrs. C. Wheatley, Mrs. A. Clark, Mrs. T. Wade and 2 children, B. Dean, D. McLeeman, G. C. Hewans, F. E. French, A. Vanderhoff, Mrs. E. A. Jackson, Mrs. S. B. Bell and 4 children, J. F. Carter, Mrs. O. Squires and 2 children, T. H. Menefer, wife and child, P. Meagher, R. H. Lansdale, wife and child, J. Kaskal, Mrs. and Miss Livermore, J. E. Barron, wife and 4 children, H. W. Nesbitt, A. J. Coolidge, J. C. Carey, L. C. Sawyer, F. D. Ville and wife, Mrs. E. Street and 5 children, H. D. P. Allen, J. C. Fall, C. H. Gray and wife, Mrs. H. McCool, J. M. Kempton, Miss Kempton, J. Rogers, E. True, J. H. Wilson, Geo. Platt, J. F. Johnson, Mrs. A. S. Lunn and child, M. Kane, M. Evans, wife and child, C. Smith, Mrs. M. Mellinn, J. Headley, wife and child, Samuel White, A. P. Russ, B. S. Dafour and wife, W. H. V. Cronese, Dr. D'Courcillon and wife, Mrs. E. McMains, W. P. Blake, D. Gridley, S. Cohn, Mrs. A. B. LaGay, Mrs. A. E. Roberts and 3 children, Daniel Rothentirisch, T. Van Schaick, Dr. W. Gray, B. B. Patten, Chas. A. Wilson, J. Falkenan, S. Goldstone, G. Coppin, J. Cathcart, J. A. Stevens, M. M. Spaulding, wife and 2 children, D. Wand, G. N. Ferguson, Miss M. Duff, O. B. Holmes, S. E. Olmstead, Capt. J. Moss, M. J. Noyes, C. E. Tilton, E. Koppisch, J. C. Hammond, Mrs. A. C. Linthicum, M. R. Robertson, J. Clark, W. C. S. Smith, C. H. Diamond, W. H. Thorndike, Chas. Lond, H. B. Parker, J. Swain and wife, J. L. Huntoon, wife and child, W. C. Prescott, Mrs. B. F. Tracey, Miss A. Thorndike, Dr. C. C. Furley, Lieut. Mullan, U. S. N.; Paymaster Garnet, U. S. N.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 24 | Sun sets..... 5 59 | Moon sets.. 4 03

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 4 43 | Gov. Island.. 5 31 | Hell Gate.. 6 53

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, March 7.

Cleared.

Steamships Northern Light, Fevre, Fortress Monroe, ——; John Gibson, Geoghegan, Philadelphia, W. J. Taylor & Co.; Kingfisher, Rector, Baltimore, E. Bynner; Havana, Green, Havana, T. Ascencio & Co.

Ship City of New-York, Navin, Liverpool, Samuel Thompson's Nephew.

Barks Savannah, Stinson, Portland, Nesmith & Sons; Stella, (Brem.,) Rienjis, Bremen, H. Koop; Burns, Sherman, Beaufort, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brigs John Barnard, (Br.,) Jamison, Trinidad, Cuba, Metcalf & Duncan; Emma Ives, (Br.,) Lermay, Cumberland Harbor, C. C. Duncan; Nellie Abbott, Jordan, Buenos Ayres, J. C. Jewett & Co.; Florence, (Br.,) Roberts, Manzanillo, G. F. Penniston; Zephyr, (Br.,) McCulloch, Trinidad, Cuba, J. F. Whitney; Volant, (Br.,) Gage, Ponce, P. R., Brett, Son & Co.

Schooners Reaper, Ferress, New-Haven, M. Briggs & Co.; F. Merwin, Mathews, Fortress Monroe, Van Brunt & Slaght; J. M. Hine, Mansen, Georgetown, Baker & Dayton; William Smith, (Br.,) Allerton, Matamoras, G. Wheelwright; Navigator, Marston, San Juan del Norte, Thompson & Hunter; J. H. Burnett, Petrella, Beaufort, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Vigilant, (Br.,) Wicks, Antigua, W. I., J. Knox; Joseph Hay, Hathaway, Port Royal, Bentley, Smith & Co.

Sloops Ida Evart, Vail, New-Haven, E. H. Kreamer; Thomas Hull, Hull, Providence, L. Kenny; [illegible] Brown, Carr, Bristol, L. Kenny; Deep River, Burley, New-Haven, H. S. Rackett & Son.

Arrived.

U. S. steam transport Ceres, Donovan, Port Royal via Hampton Roads 24 hours, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. steamer Kensington, Acting Master John E. Rockwell, Commanding, Port Royal 3d inst.

Steamship Costa Rica, Tinklepaugh, Aspinwall Feb. 28, with passengers, the mails and treasure to D. B. Allen. The steamer North Star was at Aspinwall with her shaft broken.

Steamship Savannah, Comstock, Hilton Head 3d inst. at 5 P. M., to Leary Bros. Has had heavy weather.

Ship Ella Norton, (of Boston,) Norton, Liverpool via Queenstown 28 ds., with mdse. to master. Has had some heavy weather.

Ship Star of the West, (of Liverpool,) Perry, Liverpool Feb. 6, with mdse. and 183 passengers to Samuel Thompson's Nephew.

Ship Laurens, (of Kennebunk,) Thompson, Fortress Monroe 3 ds., in ballast to master.

Ship Henry, (Meck.,) Ohlerich, Rotterdam 39 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Bark Ocean Eagle, (of Nassau, N. P.,) Packard, Cardenas 15 ds., with sugar to Metcalf & Duncan. Been 10 ds. N. of Hatteras with heavy easterly winds; lost foretopgallantmast.

Bark Colonist, (of St. John, N. B.,) Doherty, Matanzas 9 ds., with molasses to Wm. Ingalls.

Bark Princeton, (of Demerara,) McCormick, Demerara 19 ds., with sugar, etc., to Harvey Barnes.

Bark Harriet Lievesley, (of Pictou, N. S.,) Waters, Matanzas 9 ds., with sugar and molasses to McColl & Frith.

Bark Auxiliar, (of Shields,) Frankland, Taganrog Sept. 26, and Gibraltar Jan. 8, with wool to H. & F. W. Myer.

Bark Abbie Craig, (of Ayr,) Shank, Matanzas 9 ds., with sugar to Geo. F. Bulley.

Bark Rosedale, (of Barbados,) Griffin, Ciudad Bolivar 28 ds., and from the Bar 14 ds., with hides, tobacco, cotton, etc., to Harbecks & Halsey.

Brig Wilhelmine, (Brem.,) Brickenstein, Cardenas 10 ds., with sugar to H. Barnstorff & Co.

Brig Coquette, (of Turks Island,) Percival, Sierra Leone 49 ds., with hides, palm oil, etc., to master. Left no Am. vessels. Feb. 20, lat. 26 30, lon. 63 20, spoke brig Peerless, from Newburyport for Santa Cruz, 15 ds., who supplied us with provisions. The bark Petrel, for New-Bedford, via Cape de Verds, sld. Jan. 8.

Brig Daniel Trowbridge, (of New-Haven,) Lyons, Demerara 28 ds., with molasses to Daniel Trowbridge, of New-Haven. Left no Am. vessels.

Brig Neponset, (of Boston,) Tracy, Minatitlan, Mex., 28 ds., with mahogany, hides, etc., to Miller & Houghton. Off Havana, spoke brig Forest State, for Sagua. Left no Am. vessels.

Brig Irene, (of Prince Edward's Island,) Gow, Ponce, P. R., 11 ds., with sugar and cotton to D. R. De Wolf.

Brig Dr. Ericksen, (Dan.,) Jensen, St. Thomas 12 ds., with cotton, etc., to Galway & Casado.

Brig Orosimbo, Tracy, Philadelphia, for Portsmouth, N. H., 4 ds., with coal.

Schr. Zebra, (of Sulenberg, N. S.,) Adams, Arroyo, P. R., 14 ds., with sugar and molasses to B. F. Small & Co.

Schr. Abbie Bradford, (of Boston,) Freeman, Jacmel Feb. 4, with logwood, etc., to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. R. Peterson, Hinckley, Philadelphia 12 ds., with coal.

Schr. S. P. Hawes, Mason, Nanticoke River, with corn to Merrill & Parker.

Schr. Mott Bedell, Bedell, Baltimore 6 ds., with coal to Mott Bedell.

Schr. C. A. Stetson, Stevens, Providence, for Baltimore.

Schr. Owen Bearse, Parker, Baltimore 7 ds., with coal and iron to master.

Schr. D. A. Danenhower, Barrett, Greenwich, N. J., with corn.

Schr. G. B. Wheaton, Wheaton, Philadelphia 7 ds., with coal.

Schr. Emily, Hutchingson, City Point 4 ds., in ballast to Murray & Nephew.

Schr. J. S. Shindler, Neal, Philadelphia 4 ds., with coal.

Schr. D. S. Williams, Lent, Fortress Monroe 8 ds., with corn to master.

Schr. William G. Bartlett, Philadelphia, 6 ds., with coal.

Schr. S. B. Wheeler, Jones, Cape Henlopen 5 ds., with 371 bales cotton, the cargo of the schr. P. Roice, stranded at Cape Henlopen.

Schr. L. P. Pharo, Collins, Philadelphia, with coal to Caldwell, Sawyer & Co.

Schr. Waldron Holmes, Cobb, Provincetown, for Tangier.

Schr. Andrew Peters, Lord, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. J. C. Curtis, Atwood, Fortress Monroe, for Boston.

Schr. J. G. Collyer, Higgins, Pocomoke, for Boston.

Schr. Anna Myrick, Newcomb, Virginia, for Boston.

Schr. Boston, Parker, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Schr. Chas. Moore, Whitmore, New-Haven.

Schr. M. H. Mahney, Coffin, Baltimore 12 ds., with coal.

Schr. N. Berry, Plummer, Baltimore 12 ds., with coal.

Schr. Golden Eagle, Kelly, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. D. B. Newcomb, Hinckman, Salem, for Tangier.

Schr. J. S. Higgins, Kemp, Wellfleet, for Tangier.

Schr. Ocean Queen, Jenkins, Wellfleet, for Tangier.

Schr. Lalla Rookh, Freeman, Wellfleet, in ballast.

SAILED—Steamship Havana, for Havana.

WIND—At sunset, S., and fresh.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, March 7.—Arr. barks Myrtle, from Cadiz; R. B. Walker, from West Indies; brigs Baron de Castine, from Surinam; Ella Maria, from Baltimore; schrs. Samuel Gilman and Bay State, from New-York.

Miscellaneous.

The schr. E. H. Furber, of Boston, was up to Sandy Hook night of 6th, and stood to the eastward, probably for an eastern port.

The steamers Fung Shuey and Ceres, reported as having sailed on Saturday, was an error.

The torpedo-boat Chimo went down the Bay this afternoon in tow of a gunboat.

Spoken, &c.

Blue Wave—brig, from Philadelphia for Matanzas, March 2, lat. 30 30, lon. 74 30.

Helios—Russ. brig, bound E., Feb. 14, lat. 34, lon. 36.

Foreign Ports.

At Arroyo, P. R., Feb. 21, schr. Martha Nicols, for New-York in 5 days.

At Demerara, Feb. 16, bark H. Trowbridge, for New-York in 3 days; brig Robert Mowe, wtg.

At Ciudad Bolivar, Feb. 7, Br. bark St. James, Morse, hence, dischg.; brig Angostura, do.

At Jacmel, Feb. 4, brig Jane Bell, just arr.

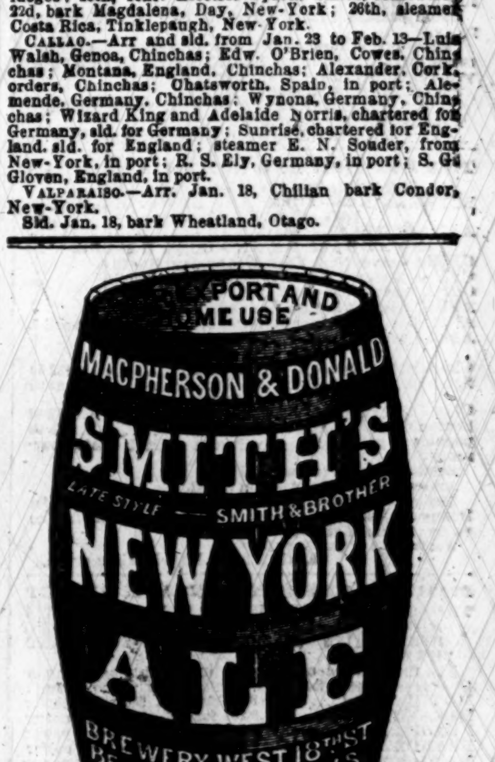
ASPINWALL.—Arr. Feb. 6, brig Dirigo, Rumball, New-York; 10th, bark Magdalena, Day, New-York; 13th, steamer North Star, Slocum, New-York; 10th, schr. Electric Spark, Smith, from the Coast; 19th, brig Fannie Lincoln, Lord, Boston; 22d, steamer Costa Rica, Tinklepaugh, New-York; 23d, brig Costa Rica, Peel, New-York; 25th, brig Caroline, Searle, New-York.

Cld. Feb. 7, brig Ponvert, Allen, Cienfuegos; 10th, brig Bogota, Lindsley, New-York; 13th, bark Idaho, Chapman, New-York; 15th, brig Dirigo, Rumball, Cienfuegos; 18th, schr. Electric Spark, Smith, coastwise; 22d, bark Magdalena, Day, New-York; 26th, steamer Costa Rica, Tinklepaugh, New-York.

CALLAO.—Arr and sld. from Jan. 23 to Feb. 13—Luis Walsh, Genoa, Chinchas; Edw. O'Brien, Cowes, Chinchas; Montana, England, Chinchas; Alexander, Cork, orders, Chinchas; Chatsworth, Spain, in port; Alemende, Germany, Chinchas; Wynona, Germany, Chinchas; Wizard King and Adelaide Norris, chartered for Germany, sld. for Germany; Sunrise, chartered for England, sld. for England; steamer E. N. Souder, from New-York, in port; R. S. Ely, Germany, in port; S. G. Gloven, England, in port.

VALPARAISO.—Arr. Jan. 18, Chilian bark Condor, New-York.

Sld. Jan. 18, bark Wheatland, Otago.



OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 211, March 7, 1865.
20, 7, 67, 46, 3, 16, 55, 68, 37, 13, 1, 58.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 212, March 7, 1865.
35, 78, 14, 37, 10, 2, 23, 20, 7, 9, 11, 48, 45.
SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 111, March 7, 1865.
26, 21, 56, 5, 32, 62, 75, 11, 6, 67, 60, 66.
SHELBY—CLASS No. 112, March 7, 1865.
33, 34, 43, 73, 9, 64, 29, 1, 71, 78, 58, 74, 8.
LIBRARY—EXTRA CLASS No. 583, March 7, 1865.
26, 7, 65, 4, 53, 70, 77, 15, 63, 40, 28, 60.
LIBRARY—CLASS No. 584, March 7, 1865.
46, 76, 3, 17, 54, 2, 59, 28, 36, 38, 67, 73, 31.

Circulars sent free by addressing
JOSEPH BATES, No. 11 Wall-st., New-York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—PRIZES paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

PRIZES CASHED IN ALL LEGALIZED Lotteries, and information given. Drawings sent.
J. CLUTE, Broker's office, No. 176 Broadway.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

PERMANENT BOARD—AND ONE OR TWO furnished or unfurnished rooms wanted for a gentleman, wife and child. Address N. O., Box No. 104 Times Office, stating location, rooms, price and references.

FRUITS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.—JUST received a fine lot of Matanzas Pine Apples, for sale by J. M. TAYLOR, No. 693 Broadway.